

DOW JONES | News Corp \* \* \* \* \*

**DJIA** 34112.27 **v** 40.33 0.12% **NASDAQ** 13650.41 ▲ 0.1% **STOXX 600** 444.07 **▲** 0.3%

**10-YR. TREAS. 1**2/32, yield 4.522% **OIL** \$75.33 **v** \$2.04

**GOLD** \$1,951.50 **v** \$15.30

**EURO** \$1.0712 YEN 150.98

## What's News

## Business & Finance

 Striking Hollywood actors reached a tentative agreement with major studios and streamers Wednesday that could clear the way for the entertainment industry to restart its content factory after nearly six months of labor strife. A1

Nearly a year after returning to Walt Disney as chief executive, Bob Iger laid out his vision of the company's future, putting streaming and live entertainment at the center, fed by a studio business that he plans to personally help reinvent. B1

Amazon revealed plans to offer its millions of Prime subscribers a lowcost annual membership to One Medical, the primarycare business the tech giant purchased for \$3.9 billion earlier this year. B1

 U.S. stocks ended mixed, with the S&P 500 and Nasdaq both advancing 0.1% and the Dow losing 0.1%. B11

• A company run by former NYSE President Tom Farley is among three suitors vying to buy the remnants of FTX, as the auction for the collapsed cryptocurrency exchange reaches its final stages. B1

Airbus posted higher revenue and earnings for the third guarter and stuck to projections to deliver 720 commercial planes this year. B2

GM's Cruise self-driving vehicle unit issued a voluntary software recall after California regulators suspended its license to operate in the state after an accident that left a woman severely injured. B3

## World-Wide

• The war in Gaza is providing the U.S.'s main geopolitical rivals China and Russia with an opportunity to garner support around the world, enabling the two repressive autocracies to harness a wave of sympathy for the Palestinians and to position themselves as champions of humanitarian

values and peace. A1 The U.S. outlined it pectations for postwar rule in Gaza, including Palestinian sovereignty over the territory, days after Israel said it intended to play a security role there after it overthrows Hamas. A8



LAW AND DAUGHTER: Ivanka Trump arrived at court in Manhattan on Wednesday where she testified that she didn't recall specifics of her involvement in securing loans at issue in the fraud case against her father, former President Donald Trump. A6

## **Hollywood Actors Reach Pact** To End Monthslong Walkout

## By JOE FLINT AND SARAH KROUSE

Striking Hollywood actors reached a tentative agreement with major studios and streamers Wednesday that could clear the way for the entertainment industry to restart its content factory after nearly six months of labor strife.

The Screen Actors Guild-American Federation of Television and Radio Artists said its TV and theatrical committee approved a tentative agreement with the Alliance of Motion Picture and Television Producers in a unanimous vote Wednesday afternoon. The strike was set to end at 12:01 a.m. Thursday.

The end of the 118-day standoff means work can restart on new TV shows and films, restocking the pipeline of new fare headed to streaming platforms and the big screen. Actors can return to promoting their coming projects online and on the red carpet, bringing Hollywood glitz back to premieres.

agreement follows The weeks of tense negotiations between the union and the coalition representing studios and streamers such as Netflix, Disney, Warner Bros. Discovery and Amazon.com.

The tentative deal "represents a new paradigm," the coalition of studios and streamers said Wednesday. It includes the largest increase in minimum wages in 40 years, a new residual for streaming programs, and "extensive consent and compensation protections" from the use of artificial intelligence, the AMPTP said.

Terms of the actors' agreement weren't immediately available, although the union said the contract is valued at more than \$1 billion and includes the creation of a "streaming participation bonus" as well as other wins such as "outsize compensation increases for background performers.

SAG's national board is scheduled to review the tenta-Please turn to page A6

Disney's Iger vows to . B1 'reinvent' studio.

## Ivanka Trump Takes Stand in Father's Fraud Trial **Elections** Lay Bare **GOP's** Abortion Liability

Several results point to the continued potency of the issue heading into 2024

### By AARON ZITNER AND LAURA KUSISTO

They were disparate elections in different states-for governor, state Senate, a state court seat and on a constitutional amendment. But the results of off-year races on Tuesday pointed in one direction: Voters will come to the polls to defend abortion rights.

In the Republican strongholds of Ohio and Kentucky, as well as politically purple Virginia and Pennsylvania, abortion-rights supporters spent millions of dollars to tell voters that GOP lawmakers couldn't be trusted to set state abortion policy after the U.S. Supreme Court last year eliminated a right to the procedure under the Constitution.

Those efforts worked, giving Democrats hopes that they can harness the issue again in 2024 to offset voter disenchantment with the economy and President Biden, who is running for re-election with weak job-approval ratings.

"Abortion is an issue that motivates and turns out Democrats, and that advantage for them is not going to fade," said Tucker Martin, a longtime Republican political strategist in Virginia, where Democrats retained control of the state Please turn to page A4

Haley takes fire from rivals in presidential debate...... A4



coverage for the less expen-

## **INSIDE**

**PERSONAL JOURNAL** 

Companies hungry for

new recruits line up to

hire military

veterans. A11

**SPORTS** 

Iowa's Caitlin Clark is

reshaping the



### The results of off-vear

elections across the U.S. point to the conclusion that voters will go to the polls to defend abortion rights, confirming the potency of the issue ahead of the 2024 election. A1 Nikki Haley, the former governor of South Carolina who has shown momentum in recent weeks, came under sustained attack in the GOP presidential primary debate as she competes with Florida Gov. Ron DeSantis as the leading alternative to former President Donald Trump. A4

+ House Republicans subpoenaed Hunter and James Biden, demanding their testimony as lawmakers seek to tie President Biden to his family's business dealings. A4

The FDA approved expanding the use of Eli Lilly's diabetes drug Mounjaro to include the treatment of obesity. A2

Census Bureau projections show the U.S. population will likely stop growing by 2080 and shrink slightly by 2100. A3

## JOURNAL REPORT Artificial Intelligence: How AI has changed the way I work. R1-8

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Opinion A15-17
Personal Journal A11-12
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Technology B4
U.S. News A2-4,6
World News A7-9



AND JARED S. HOPKINS

The way medicines are paid for in the U.S. has become so convoluted that some drugmakers are setting two prices for the same drug—and many health plans are choosing to cover the more expensive version.

The decisions mean some patients are paying hundreds of dollars more in out-of-pocket charges to fill a prescription for an identical medicine made by the same company.

Take the widely used insulin Humalog. Eli Lilly sells the drug for \$274 a vial, as well as an identical but unbranded version for \$25. Half as many Americans have insurance

> This City Is **Proud** That It SUX \* \* Sioux City, Iowa, is leaning into its

odd airport code

### By JOHN MCCORMICK

SIOUX CITY, Iowa-This community, long known for unpleasant smells wafting from its now-closed stockvards and still lacking some of the niceties enjoyed by other midsize cities, has always felt a bit looked down upon. Its airport code hasn't helped.

Sioux Gateway Airport, or SUX as it appears on tickets and bag tags, has been the butt of jokes in Iowa and beyond for decades.After complaints and failed efforts to change the code, Sioux City decided to lean into its unfortunate designation and, more Please turn to page A10

sive product as for the higher priced brand, which accounts for 61% of prescriptions.

Kevin Favro, who has Type 1 diabetes, sometimes rationed supplies of Humalog or used expired vials because the drug cost him so much under his health insurance plan. Earlier this year, he paid \$630 out of pocket for a 100-day supply to meet his plan's deductible.

'I think it's disgusting how much we have to pay for it," said Favro, a 33-year-old lawver in Irvine. Calif. After recently discovering he could pay less if he just bought the Please turn to page A2

Amazon to offer healthcare via Prime...... B1

Children in Crisis Fill Hospital E.R.s

Long waits for mental-health treatment leave families desperate for help

## AND MELANIE EVANS

Dr. Christopher Lucas shuttled from room to room, checking on the children with mental-health troubles who had streamed into his emergency department over the past 12 hours because they had nowhere else to go.

There were eight of them that September day at Upstate University Hospital in Syracuse, N.Y. In one room, staff tended to a 17-year-old girl with chronic depression who had attempted suicide by overdosing on ibuprofen-her fourth trip to the E.R. for mental-health reasons in two years. Nearby was a 14-yearold girl who had started cut-

ting herself after being bullied over social media. The youngest new patient

was a 5-year-old boy with behavioral disorders. His mother had tried to get him into outpatient therapy, but there was a long wait list. A physician assistant at a different emergency department had prescribed him five medications in the meantime, said Lucas, the hospital's vice chair of psychiatry. After the boy tried to stab his mom and said he wanted to kill himself, she'd brought him to the E.R. at Upstate.

While anxiety, depression and other mental-health conditions started to climb among children before Covid, Please turn to page A10

## **Over Gaza Deaths**

## BY YAROSLAV TROFIMOV

DUBAI—The bloody war in Gaza is providing the U.S.'s main geopolitical rivals China and Russia with a valuable opportunity to garner support around the world, enabling the two repressive autocracies to harness a wave of sympathy for the Palestinians and to position themselves as champions of humanitarian values and peace.

While Moscow and Beijing maintained close relations with Israel for decades—Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu

even used billboards of himself with President Vladimir Putin of Russia during last year's election-the two powers have pointedly declined to criticize Hamas for the Oct. 7 attack on southern Israel that triggered the war.

Russia and China have focused on framing the war as part of a global power struggle against the U.S., with Israel re-Please turn to page A9

- ♦ Northern Gaza exodus surges amid siege ..... A8
- Blinken warns against
  - occupation after war..... A8



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## economics of women's basketball. A14

## By DAN FROSCH

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A2 | Thursday, November 9, 2023

## **U.S. NEWS**

## **Rocket Launch Pierces the Night Sky Over Florida**



HEAVENLY SIGHT: A SpaceX Falcon 9 rocket on the Starlink 6-27 mission blasted off from Cape Canaveral Space Force Station early Wednesday, as seen from Merritt Island, Fla.

## FDA Approves Mounjaro for Weight Loss

Drug first cleared for diabetes will be sold to treat obesity under the name Zepbound

### BY PETER LOFTUS

U.S. drug regulators have approved expanding the use of Eli Lilly's diabetes drug Mouniaro to include the treatment of obesity.

The Food and Drug Administration's decision Wednesday furthers the rapid rise of Mounjaro—and similar-acting therapies Ozempic and Wegovy from **Novo Nordisk**—that have in a matter of months reshaped the treatment of obesity and doctors' understanding of its roots.

Lilly will sell the drug under the name Zepbound for chronic weight management.

Mounjaro has become popular off-label for weight loss since it was approved as a Type 2 diabetes treatment in May 2022, contributing to periodic supply shortages. Under the FDA decision, Lilly can now promote the drug to help people lose weight and keep it off. Zepbound was approved for adults with a body-mass index of 30 and above, or those with a BMI of 27 and above who also have weight-related complications like hypertension.

The FDA's green light will probably increase the already strong demand for the drug. It will also add to pressure on commercial health plans to cover the weight-loss use, despite the costs. Plans had been holding out, noting the FDA hadn't granted approval, though some covered its use in people with diabetes.

Lilly said it expects Zep-

bound to become available by the end of the year at a list price of \$1,060 a month, or about 20% lower than the list price for Wegovy.

The FDA approval should juice Lilly's already brisk sales of the drug. Annual global sales in both diabetes and obesity are expected to reach \$11.8 billion in 2025, versus an expected \$4.5 billion this year, according to analysts polled by FactSet. Wall Street's expectations for Zepbound's obesity sales have helped turn Lilly into the world's biggest pharmaceutical company by market capitalization, worth more than \$560 billion.

We're prepared for a big, bold launch here for the end of the year, and we'll work hard to continue to expand our supply capacity in order to meet the needs of people with obesity," Lilly Chief Executive Da-

vid Ricks said.

Lilly's stock rose 3.2% Wednesday to close at \$619.13 a share.

About 70% of Americans are obese or overweight, the FDA said. The conditions are associated with a range of serious health conditions, including heart disease and stroke as well as Type 2 diabetes.

By helping patients lose significant weight, drugs like Mounjaro also promise to help them improve overall health.

one Lilly-sponsored In study, people who took Zepbound for more than 16 months and reached the highest dose lost an average of 22.5% of their body weight. Lilly said 1 in 3 patients taking the highest dose lose more than 58 pounds.

The drug does come with side effects, the most common being nausea, vomiting and

other gut woes. Doctors say most are mild to moderate and occur when the dose is being increased.

The FDA-approved prescribing label for the drug warns that people with a personal or family history of a type of thyroid cancer shouldn't take it.

For years, researchers and drugmakers failed to find a drug that could help people cut pounds. After studies in recent months showed they worked, Mounjaro, Ozempic and Wegovy have emerged as widely used weight-loss treatments.

The drugs, originally developed to treat diabetes, work by mimicking a gut hormone known as GLP-1 to control blood sugar and suppress appetite. Mounjaro also mimics a second gut hormone, dubbed GIP, which is believed to enhance the effect.

Mounjaro and Zepbound

share the same main ingredient, tirzepatide.

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

Ozempic is approved as a diabetes treatment, while Wegovy, which shares the same main ingredient, was cleared in 2021 for anti-obesity use.

The FDA decides to approve a use of a drug after reviewing evidence from clinical trials on its safety and effectiveness. But doctors can prescribe a drug that received approval for a different use, even if the FDA hasn't signed off yet.

People have been getting such off-label prescriptions for Mouniaro and Ozempic, while pressuring their employers and health plans to pay for prescriptions.

NOTICE TO READERS The 'Capital Account' column

will return next week.

in black and white, resulting

in a key that made the map's

colors indistinguishable. A

color version of the map is

available at WSJ.com/Correc-

Arlington, Texas, fire offi-

cials estimated 400,000 to

700,000 fans attended Fri-

day's parade and celebration after the Texas Rangers won

the franchise's first World Se-

ries championship. A caption

with a U.S. News photo on

## One Drug, Two Prices, Higher Cost

Continued from Page One lower-priced duplicate himself through Amazon.com's online pharmacy, Favro is now paying \$105 for a 125-day supply of vials.

For years, doctors and patients have criticized drugmakers for their high prices. The companies have responded, in part, by listing at least 10 drugs at a lower price.

Yet some drugmakers are also keeping the higher price they had been charging. Others are introducing a new drug with two prices simultaneously—one high, one low. And many health plans are choosing the more-expensive version, according to data analysis conducted for The Wall Street Journal.

The reasons reflect how the drug-payment system doesn't work like most markets.

Health-insurance plans that pay for many medicines often use middlemen, called pharmacy-benefit managers, to negotiate how much the plans will pay. Usually, the PBMs ask for rebates from manufacturers in exchange for putting a drug on their list of covered medicines, called a formulary.

A higher-priced drug can result in a bigger rebate to the PBM. Drugmakers said they have to keep offering the costlier versions to gain a favorable spot on the formulary because the PBMs prefer the higher rebates and fees with costlier drugs. The manufacturers said their drugs' lower-priced twins do appeal to hospitals and health systems that pay for the medicines themselves.

PBMs said the rebates can substantially lower the plans' final costs for drugs. Some plans use the rebate money to help keep a lid on premiums for all their members.

For patients like Favro, whose health plans require a deductible or coinsurance, the rebates offer little help because their plans often peg out-of-pocket charges to the drug's list price.

"Patients are overpaying," said Stacie Dusetzina, professor of health policy at Vanderbilt University School of Medicine. "If you have to pay about this." based on the list price, you're worried

She said patients should ask their doctors or pharmacists if a lower-priced option is available. There are also services, such as GoodRx, that people can use to find the best prices for drugs.

For a sample of the twopriced medicines, about 78% of prescriptions dispensed in September were for the more expensive versions, according to an analysis for The Journal done by prescription tracker Iqvia Holdings.

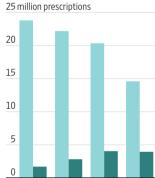
The analysis included certain insulins and copycat versions of AbbVie's arthritis, skin and gut disorder drug Humira.

Pharmacy-benefit managers said drug companies set their own prices, and plans sometimes choose to cover the higher list price version of a drug because manufacturers' rebates make them cheaper even than the versions with lower list prices.

"We make decisions on what is the lowest net cost to a plan sponsor," said Harold Carter, chief pharma trade relations officer at Cigna Group's Express Scripts. The



Lower-priced drug



\*Through Sept. 30 Source: Igvia Institute

'21

'22

23

2020

PBM also offers services aimed at capping out-ofpocket costs for individual patients.

Lilly had raised the list price of its Humalog insulin for many years through 2017, drawing criticism from patients and politicians. Yet Lilly said rising rebates paid to PBMs ate up the price increases, and its revenue from the product actually dropped.

In 2019, Lilly introduced the lower-priced, unbranded version, initially at a 50% discount to Humalog. Later Lilly cut the no-name product's price further-most recently to \$25 in May.

The company introduced the lower-priced unbranded version to help patients who face high out-of-pocket costs. Lillv has said insurance coverage for the cheaper, unbranded version is lower than for branded Humalog because middlemen still prefer the higher fees and rebates associated with the higher-listprice Humalog.

Express Scripts, one of the country's largest PBMs, added

the unbranded version to its list of preferred drugs only after Lilly cut the price all the way down to \$25 this spring. "It makes more sense to

have a lower-price version out there, but I think the complexities of the U.S. payer system are what makes this kind of funky," said Stephen Pagnotta, a commercial official at drugmaker Boehringer Ingelheim.

In July, the company rolled out its immune disease drug Cyltezo. In October, Boehringer added a lower-priced version. Now, a two-pack of Cyltezo lists for \$6,577 and \$1,350.

Cyltezo is among a handful of drugs that are copycats, or biosimilar versions, of Humira, a widely used brand-name therapy. Humira, from the company AbbVie, was among the world's top-selling drugs before losing patent protection earlier this year.

Humira is priced at \$6,922 for a two-pack, or about \$90,000 a year. It commanded about 99% of prescriptions compared with its biosimilar rivals through the end of September, according to Iqvia, even though versions of Cyltezo and some other copycats are priced lower.

All of Cvltezo's prescriptions are for the higher-priced version, Pagnotta said. Boehringer is talking with health plans about adding the less expensive twin to formularies.

Another of the Humira copycats, Amjevita from Amgen, lists for \$40,500 or \$85,494 a year. Amgen said it set two prices because some drug-benefit managers sought the rebates that come with higher list prices, while it also wanted to ensure patients could get the drug.

half More than of Amjevita's prescriptions filled were for the lower-priced option, Iqvia said.

## CORRECTIONS ビ AMPLIFICATIONS

tions.

The price return for the S&P 500 was 8.6% annualized, or about 3,200% cumulatively, from July 1981 through September 2023. A Nov. 1 Page One article about money-market funds and accompanying graphics incorrectly said the S&P 500's total return was nearly 11% per year and about 3,500% cumulatively.

Jason Yu is general manager at Kantar Worldpanel, a market-research firm, A Page One article on Monday about Western companies doing business in China incorrectly said Yu is general manager at CTR Media Convergence Institute, where he serves as vice executive president.

In some editions Tuesday, a U.S. News graphic showing states' status concerning abortion rights was printed

Readers can alert The Wall Street Journal to any errors in news articles by emailing wsjcontact@wsj.com or by calling 888-410-2667.

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Saturday said tens of thousands of fans lined the parade route, based on an earlier Associated Press estimate. Chinese property developer Country Garden defaulted on its debt last

month. A Markets article on Wednesday about China alluded to Country Garden and incorrectly said a default was likely.

## U.S. NEWS

## U.S. Population to Shrink by 2100, Census Says

Declining births and higher death rates boost immigration's role in the nation

### BY PAUL OVERBERG AND ROSIE ETTENHEIM

America's long streak of population growth is expected to come to an end as the century wanes.

Census Bureau projections released Thursday show that, under the most likely scenario, the U.S. will stop growing by 2080 and shrink slightly by 2100.

It is the first time that the bureau has projected a population decline as part of its main outlook for coming decades. The only time the U.S. has recorded a population decline was in 1918, when the flu pandemic and deployment abroad of more than a million troops produced a small drop in the estimated population.

Slowing growth would produce a peak U.S. population of almost 370 million before an ebb to 366 million in the final vears of the century, according to the bureau. The projections-the first issued since Population growth with past projections

2015

2018

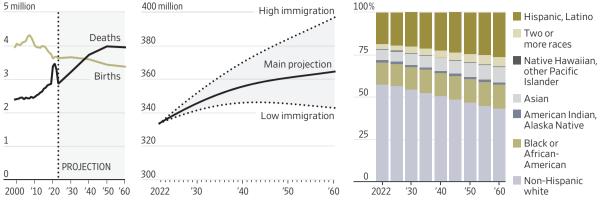
2023

Peak: 2080

Annual births and deaths 5 million

Population under immigration scenarios

Projected population by race and ethnicity



2000 '10 '20 '30 '40 '50 '60 '70 '80 '90 2100 Source: Census Bureau

PROJECTION

500 million

400

300

200

100

0

2018—reflect years of declining birthrates, higher death rates because of an aging population, and increased reliance on immigration for population growth.

The shift will weigh on the U.S. economy and its geopolitical standing. With fewer young workers to support the elderly, entitlement programs such as Social Security and Medicare would face greater strains. decline Population could broadly reorient a society that grew explosively well into the 20th century.

Annual growth rates have fallen from 1.2% in the 1990s to 0.5% today and would fall to 0.2% by 2040. The projected U.S. population in 2040 is 355 million, 25 million fewer than projected for that date in 2015.

In 2022, preliminary data showed the U.S. birthrate was about 19% lower than in 2007. Death rates remain about 9% higher than 2019. By 2038, deaths would exceed births under the most likely scenario.

The convergence of birth and death rates has boosted the role of immigration, and with it uncertainty about population growth. Immigration is affected by changing laws, wars, natural disasters and economic shifts.

After slowing during the pandemic, immigration has rebounded, according to government estimates. The Congressional Budget Office estimated in January that 1.3 million people, 500,000 of them lacking legal status, became U.S. immigrants or were here and became legal permanent residents last year. Over the five vears that preceded the pandemic, it estimated that immigration averaged 1.1 million people a year. By comparison, about 490,000 more Americans were born than died in the year that ended in June, according to the National Cen-

ter for Health Statistics.

The Census projections show that the share of the population born abroad will grow. Projections include all immigrants and were calculated from other countries' growth trends and recent net nigration rates with the U.S.

To account for the uncertainty, the bureau produced three alternate immigration scenarios. Only the one with high immigration the -50% higher than the rate most likely scenario-would keep the population rising until 2100 if birth and death rates continue as envisioned.

By 2060, the scenarios envision a population-now 335 million-that could range from 299 million to 397 million. Another measure of the uncertainty around such efforts: The United Nations projects that the U.S. will grow slowly through the century, reaching 394 million.

The census projections show that the racial makeup of the country would continue to diversify. By one measure of race and ethnicity, no group will form a majority by the late 2040s. By a more holistic measure, the transition won't occur until a decade later.

## **Delays on New Fleet Are Costing Amtrak**

## By TED MANN

The three-year wait for Amtrak's overdue new Acela train fleet has cost the railroad \$140 million and counting, documents show, a setback for a company that has vowed to improve its stewardship of taxpayer money.

As France-based trainmaker **Alstom** struggles with testing requirements and production defects on the \$2.3 billion program to replace the Acela trains, Amtrak has had to spend millions in maintenance costs to keep its aging, existing fleet in operation.

Amtrak is also losing even more revenue in anticipated ticket sales from the new. larger trains that were supposed to enter service in 2021. And the railroad is missing out on other revenue because some older Acela units have been pulled from service to be cannibalized for spare parts.

Amtrak's inspector general reported last month that the Acela replacement continues to be troubled by testing struggles and other mishaps. Those include Alstom's failure to complete computer modeling required by federal safety regulators before the trains can be subjected to full highspeed testing on the tracks of the Northeast Corridor. Financial details were redacted from the inspector general's report, but The Wall Street Journal



New Acela express trains parked in a Philadelphia rail yard.

reviewed an unredacted version of the report, along with other company correspondence. that shows the delays are proving costly.

The railroad has spent \$48 million on spare parts, braking overhauls and private contractors to keep the aging original Acela fleet in operation, the unredacted report shows. When Acela service resumed after being suspended during the height of the pandemic, four of the train sets remained parked at the railroad's maintenance center in Bear, Del., where they are being stripped for spare parts. Spares for the two-decade-old originals are no longer being manufactured. Amtrak has separately estimated a revenue shortfall of at least \$90 million through July 2024, stemming from the smaller existing Acela fleet

making fewer trips, and that the new fleet of larger trains would have allowed the railroad to sell more tickets over that period.

Amtrak hasn't given a precise date for the launch of the new Acela fleet, but executives told the inspector general's office they are aiming for October 2024, the unredacted report says. That is "an optimistic time frame, and additional delays are possible," the inspector general's report states. The projected schedule to complete the fleet's replacement has slipped

tion defects had been identified and resolved consistent with the normal course of development of a new train system, and disputed that its issues with the computer model were to blame for the blown deadline to get the new train sets into service.

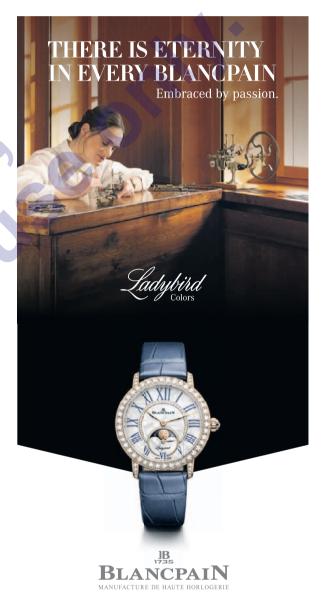
"We strongly dispute allegations that delays to this overall project are due to Alstom's actions," the company said.

In a response on its website Tuesday evening, the inspector general rejected the claims in Alstom's statement and reiterated its belief that the company's struggles with production and computer modeling were responsible.

"We maintain our position that the lack of a validated computer model has significantly contributed to program delays and continues to create additional schedule risk," the statement said.

Amtrak stopped payment on its contract in the spring, until the manufacturer can produce a computer model that passes muster with federal regulators. "We want our customers to

experience these new trains as



from June 2022 to July 2025.

Alstom slammed the report in a written response, calling it 'misleading and damaging to Alstom's reputation as the worldwide industry leader in the design of high-speed trains."

The company said produc-

soon as possible, but as noted in the report, Amtrak cannot operate them for passenger service until Alstom has completed testing and meets all safety requirements," said Laura Mason, Amtrak's executive vice president for capital delivery.

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## **U.S. NEWS**



Republican presidential candidates Chris Christie, Nikki Haley and Ron DeSantis at Wednesday's debate in Miami.

## Haley Attacked by Rivals **In Presidential Debate**

'You're just scum,' she After an opening question that tells Ramaswamy; others struggle for a breakout moment

### By ALEX LEARY AND JOHN MCCORMICK

MIAMI—Former South Carolina Gov. Nikki Haley, who has shown momentum in recent weeks, came under sustained attack in Wednesday's Republican presidential primary debate as she competes with Florida Gov. Ron DeSantis to be the leading alternative to former President Donald Trump.

Haley, a former ambassador to the United Nations, delivered several of her own shots at DeSantis, who tried to float above the fray but engaged with her on China, energy policy and a handful of other issues. A confrontation between the two had been brewing, amplified by a closely watched poll that recently showed them tied for second place in Iowa, where the first caucus will be held Jan. 15.

But second place may not be worth much, given Trump's commanding lead in the polls.

asked candidates to make a case against Trump, who skipped the event, the debate centered on testy exchanges between those on stage. "You're just scum," Haley

said at one point to biotech entrepreneur Vivek Ramaswamy, after he said her daughter had used TikTok, amid a discussion of banning the popular Chinese-owned app.

Haley was a top target throughout the evening as others tried to slow her momentum. She took heat over her foreign-policy positions, attempts to spur Chinese investment in her home state and earnings from Boeing and other corporate board memberships.

On China, Haley threw a punch at DeSantis as she called for an end to all formal trade relations "until they stop murdering Americans from fentanyl, something Ron has yet to say that he's going to do."

DeSantis responded by saying Haley had welcomed China into South Carolina, "gave them land near a military base" and "wrote the Chinese ambassador a love letter saying what a great friend they were." Haley noted a Florida

economic-development arm had sought to attract Chinese investment.

The candidates were largely aligned on support for Israel in its war with Hamas. But divisions emerged on continued funding for Ukraine.

"America can never be so arrogant to think we don't need friends," Haley said, continuing to advocate for Ukraine. Russia and China, she said, are "salivating" waning U.S. support. over

DeSantis questioned the level of aid being proposed and said European nations need to "step up" and give more. Ramaswamy went further, saying "Ukraine is not a paragon of democracy" and that he was "absolutely unpersuaded" by the call for more money.

Sen. Tim Scott of South Carolina, who has struggled to stand out in previous debates, was slightly more assertive, taking advantage of a smaller field. But he also declined at times to give direct answers and likely did little to help himself. Former New Jersev Gov. Chris Christie also didn't find a breakout moment.

Ramaswamy gained atten-

tion after the first debate, but has failed to build momentum. Asked about the front-runner, he instead attacked the media and Republican National Committee Chairwoman Ronna McDaniel. "We have become the party of losers," he said.

Ramaswamy took a shot at both Haley and DeSantis, asking: "Do you want a leader from a different generation who is going to put this country first or do you want Dick Cheney in 3-inch heels, in which case we've got two of them on stage now?'

Haley later corrected Ramaswamy: "They're 5-inch heels and I don't wear them unless you can run in them."

The debate played out against a backdrop of some big Democratic wins in elections a day earlier. Abortion played heavily in those elections.

I stand for a culture of life," DeSantis said, while adding he understood some states would differ in their policies.

Haley called herself "un-apologetically pro-life," but said she didn't fault people for having a different view. "Let's find consensus," she said. "We don't need to divide America over this issue any more."

## **GOP Lawmakers** Subpoena Biden's **Son and Brother**

Republicans

are pushing

to rekindle an

impeachment

inquiry.

### BY C. RYAN BARBER

House Republicans subpoenaed Hunter and James Biden on Wednesday, demanding their testimony as lawmakers seek to tie President Biden to his family's business dealings.

\* \* \* \* \*

The subpoenas to the president's son and brother came as Republicans pushed to rekindle an impeachment inquiry that faced delays during the jockeying to select a new House speaker, a race that exposed fissures within the GOP conference.

In the buildup to Wednesday's subpoenas, lawmakers focused a spot-

light on Hunter and James Biden as they alleged that the president's relatives traded on the family name as they made millions of dollars.

"The House Oversight Com-

mittee has followed the money and built a record of evidence revealing how Joe Biden knew, was involved, and benefited from his family's influencepeddling schemes. Now, the House Oversight Committee is going to bring in members of the Biden family and their associates to question them on this record of evidence," said Rep. James Comer (R., Ky.), chairman of the House Oversight Committee.

President Biden has repeatedly denied wrongdoing and insisted that he separated himself from his family's business dealings.

In a memo, a White House spokesman characterized the subpoenas as the latest attempt by Comer to "distract from House GOP failures" with political attacks on Biden and his family members.

"Despite spending millions of taxpayer dollars to conduct this probe, they have turned up no evidence to support their outlandish allegations of bribery and 'high crimes and misdemeanors,' which they claim are motivating their open-ended 'impeachment inquiry,' " wrote White House spokesman Ian Sams.

A lawyer for Hunter Biden, Abbe Lowell, called the subpoena "another political stunt Hunter Biden

aimed at distracting from the glaring failure of Rep. Comer and his MAGA allies to prove a single one of their wild and now discredited conspiracies about the Biden family.'

Comer has cited financial records obtained by his committee to allege that the president was involved in "shady business schemes." But the committee has turned up no concrete proof of wrongdoing or influence peddling by President Biden.

In recent weeks, the committee focused on two transactions involving James and Joe Biden in the years immediately

after Joe Biden's vice presidency. In one, James Biden wrote \$200,000 check to Joe Biden in 2018 for a "loan repayment." A earlier, vear Biden. Sara James Biden's wife, wrote a

\$40,000 check to Joe Biden with "loan repayment" similarly written in the memo field.

President Biden's allies have accused Republicans of misrepresenting the transactions. A lawyer for James Biden, Paul J. Fishman, said there was "no justification" for the subpoena.

"There is nothing more to those transactions, and there is nothing wrong with them,' Fishman said. "And Jim Biden has never involved his brother in his business dealings."



## Abortion Is A Liability For GOP

Continued from Page One Senate and gained control of the House.

The poor results were invoked during the Republican presidential debate Wednesday night in Miami. "I'm sick of Republicans losing," said Florida Gov. Ron DeSantis. Former United Nations Ambassador Nikki Haley said the GOP needed to do a better job trying to find consensus in the abortion debate, including with supporters of abortion rights.

The abortion-rights side did particularly well in suburban counties that will be crucial in 2024. And some Democrats were quick to point to Tuesday's results as evidence that the party shouldn't fret so much about Biden's personal unpopularity.

"What if—and just hear me out for a second-the Democratic brand *and* Joe Biden have policies people actually like? And the way people voted last night is a reflection of both those things?" asked Jim Messina, who managed Barack Obama's 2012 campaign, in a post on X.

The results also suggested that Republicans and antiabortion groups haven't found their footing on the issue, as Democrats have zeroed in on strict bans in some states to portrav the other side as extreme. Tuesday's elections underscore that whether conservatives seek to paint themselves as compromising, push for tougher restrictions or try to avoid talking about abortion altogether, they continue to struggle when the issue is an electoral focal point.



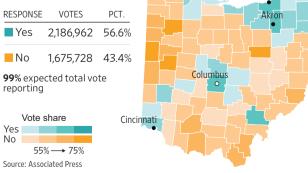
Abortion-rights backers cheered as they watched election returns in Columbus, Ohio, on Tuesday.

In campaigning for Republican legislative candidates, Virginia Gov. Glenn Youngkin, a Republican, had called for a ban on abortion after 15 weeks of pregnancy, rather than the state's current limit after 26 weeks—an idea that is off the table now that Democrats will control both legislative chambers. He and national antiabortion leaders had hoped Tuesday's contests would show that Youngkin's proposal, which they are promoting as a compromise, would appeal to moderate voters.

In Ohio, voters approved an amendment to the state constitution protecting access to the procedure until a fetus can live outside the womb, generally at about 23 weeks of pregnancy. The decision was a rebuke to legislative Republicans and Gov. Mike DeWine, a Republican who in 2019 signed a han on abortion after about six weeks of pregnancy that has been blocked in court.

In Pennsylvania, Democrat

## Abortion rights Ohio issue 1



Daniel McCaffery won a state Supreme Court seat after running ads promising to defend abortion rights and voting rights. His win over Republican Carolyn Carluccio fortifies the existing Democratic majority on a court that decided important cases about voting access before the 2020 election in the nation's biggest presidential swing state.

In Kentucky, a state that former President Donald Trump, a Republican, won twice by more than 25 percentage points, voters re-elected Gov. Andy Beshear, a Democrat, and rejected Attorney General Daniel Cameron, a Republican who supports the state's near-total ban on abortion. Beshear had run one of the sharpest abortion-related ads of the year, featuring a young woman who says she was raped by her stepfather at age 12.

Cleveland

"This is to you, Daniel Cameron," she says to the camera.

"To tell a 12-year-old girl she must have the baby of her stepfather who raped her is unthinkable."

Cameron had at times indicated support for adding exceptions for rape and incest to the state's abortion ban. Trey Grayson, a Republican former Kentucky secretary of state, said Cameron's policy shift showed that abortion had become a factor in the election, as did Beshear's highlighting of the issue. "In the past, Demo-crats didn't talk much about abortion," he said.

Since the U.S. Supreme Court overturned Roe v. Wade last June, abortion-rights groups have scored victories in states as wide-ranging as Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan and Wisconsin. The issue also helped bolster Democrats in last year's midterm elections in gubernatorial races in Arizona and Michigan as well as in congressional races.

The victory in Ohio is likely to create new momentum behind efforts to put abortion rights on the ballot in 2024 in states including Arizona, Florida, Nevada and Nebraska. That could help boost turnout by Democratic voters in places that could be key battlegrounds in the presidential election and other races.

The results from some states suggested that voters in upper-income suburbs outside big cities, who often lean Republican, are eager to support abortion rights. In Ohio, for example, close to 60% of voters in Delaware County, near Columbus, backed the constitutional amendment protecting abortion rights-substantially more than the 53% who backed then-President Donald Trump in 2020.

Mike Madrid, a Republican political consultant based in California, said that many of voters, these particularly women, were leaving the GOP.

"The tendency of college-educated, suburban Republican women to vote Democratic is now more likely than less likely," he said. "Not all of them, but significant numbers. There is a very critical part of the Republican coalition that appears to be leaving permanently on cultural issues."

Near Richmond, Va., a Republican state senator lost her seat to a Democrat after campaigning in favor of a 15-week abortion ban. Democrats also won a competitive Senate race in the suburbs of Washington, D.C., in which their candidate promised to prevent a rollback of abortion rights.

Polling also showed that support for abortion rights crossed party lines. In Ohio, a survey of election voters conducted for news organizations found that about 20% of those who voted for Trump in 2020 backed the constitutional amendment. By contrast, 8% of voters who had backed Biden in 2020 opposed the amendment.

The challenging terrain of abortion has prompted Trump to leave his intentions unclear. He often highlights the fact that his Supreme Court nominees helped overturn Roe v. Wade, but he hasn't endorsed a national law banning abortion at some point in pregnancy.

Tom Bonier of the Democratic voter data firm Target-Smart said the results showed that abortion could boost Biden's re-election effort, which has drawn muted enthusiasm from voters.

"What you're seeing in these limited results is that the issue of abortion has actually grown in saliency. People have had more than a year to live with the Dobbs decision," Bonier said, referring to the Supreme Court case that overturned Roe v. Wade, "and the lived reality is more stark and more impactful than anyone had anticipated."

# BREITLING 1884



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## **U.S. NEWS**

## **Ivanka Trump Testifies At Father's Fraud Trial**

### By JACOB GERSHMAN

Ivanka Trump said in sworn testimony on Wednesday that she had a foggy recollection of her role in negotiating hundreds of millions of dollars in loans at the center of the New York fraud case against her father and his business empire.

Former President Donald Trump's daughter, who worked closely with her father at the Trump Organization and while he was in the White House, became the fourth Trump family member to testify in the civil trial in Manhattan, following her father and her siblings Donald Trump Jr. and Eric Trump.

She was originally among those sued by Democratic New York Attorney General Letitia James, but was dismissed from the case this year after an appeals court ruled the state's legal claims against her were too old

She unsuccessfully sought to overturn a subpoena from James's office requiring her testimony.

Ivanka Trump served as an executive vice president at the Trump Organization until 2017 before becoming a presidential adviser in his administration. She has more recently distanced herself from her father's political and business interests and retained separate counsel from her brothers to represent her in the case.

On Wednesday, she was questioned about her work at the Trump business, where she was deeply involved in helping her father redevelop and secure financing for several signature Trump Organization properties, including the Trump National Doral Miami golf resort and the former Trump International Hotel at the Old Post Office building in Washington, D.C.

She and her husband, Jared Kushner, were the ones who also connected Donald Trump to a managing director at Deutsche Bank's privatewealth-management division from which Trump borrowed

more than \$300 million at low interest rates.

James's office alleges Donald Trump and others engaged in a decadelong scheme to artificially inflate the value of his assets for favorable loan terms and other benefits. The state is trying to claw back at least \$250 million from the defendants and impose restrictions that could prevent Trump from running businesses in New York.

The former president has denied misleading financial institutions, which profited from the transactions.

During Ivanka Trump's questioning, a lawyer for the state attorney general's office showed her emails she wrote to Trump senior executives in 2011 praising a Deutsche Bank loan proposal that required her father to attest to having a net worth of at least \$3 billion and \$50 million in unrestricted cash.

The email correspondence also showed her brushing back concerns raised by the Trump

**Car Fleeing Police** 

Eight people died Wednes-

The crash happened around

The driver and five pas-

-Associated Press

**TEXAS** 



\* \* \* \* \*

Ivanka Trump has distanced herself from former President Donald Trump's political and business interests.

Organization's chief legal officer about whether the bank's net-worth requirement would be a problem. Ivanka Trump was also shown a revised term sheet she sent back to Deutsche Bank asking to lower the threshold to \$2 billion.

Ivanka Trump said she didn't have a specific recollection of the various correspondence. Louis Solomon, the state lawyer examining her, asked her if she at least thought the bank had offered a good deal.

"We ended up doing the

## MARYLAND New FBI Building To Be in Greenbelt

The Federal Bureau of Investigation will move from its crumbling home in Washington to the Marvland suburbs.

The agency's new main offices are set to be built in Greenbelt, Md., about 15 miles from the hulking, brutalist J. Edgar Hoover Building that has been its iconic home for nearly 50 years.

The decision by the General Services Administration comes after more than a decade of delay and heated competition between elected officials representing Virginia and Maryland, as the two states sparred to secure the future site to house at least 7,500 bureau employees. Sadie Gurman deal with Deutsche Bank," she said. "I thought generally the deal terms with Deutsche Bank were positive, and we proceeded forward."

She said she wasn't involved in the creation of statements about her father's financial condition and couldn't say what those documents did and didn't take into account. lawsuit James's claims Trump's financial disclosures undervalued a penthouse apartment she rented at Trump Park Avenue.

## **ELECTION 2024**

## Meta Has Disclosure **Rule on Altered Ads**

Meta Platforms will require advertisers to disclose when they run political ads with media that has been digitally altered by artificial intelligence or other software ahead of the U.S. presidential election in 2024.

The Facebook parent company said Wednesday that the new policy will go into effect at the start of the new year. Political advertisers will have to disclose when an ad contains an image, video or audio that was digitally created or altered significantly. The company said adver-

tisers won't need to disclose digitally created or altered content that is immaterial. -Salvador Rodriguez

## Minnesota **Court Lets Trump Stay** On Ballot

## By MARIAH TIMMS

The Minnesota Supreme Court rejected a bid to keep Donald Trump off the state's Republican presidential primary ballot but said it was too early to decide whether the GOP front-runner is disqualified from the presidency because of his actions during the Jan. 6, 2021, attack on the Capitoĺ.

The court in a four-page order Wednesday ruled against a group of state voters who challenged Trump's eligibility under a little-tested provision of the 14th Amendment. Enacted after the Civil War, Section 3 of the amendment disqualifies from public office those who swore to defend the Constitution and then "engaged in insurrection or rebellion" against the U.S.

State Chief Justice Natalie Hudson, writing for the court, said the Republican Party was free to put Trump on the primary ballot because the primary process is an "internal party election to serve internal party purposes."

The case was among several legal challenges around the country that argue Trump should be deemed ineligible because his Jan. 6 comments and actions effectively encouraged insurrection.

Trump's legal team has argued the disqualification claims are an antidemocratic attempt to prevent voters from deciding the next occupant of the White House.

"The 14th Amendment ballot challenges are nothing more than strategic, unconstitutional attempts to interfere with the election by desperate Democrats who see the writing on the wall," Trump campaign spokesman Steven Cheung said after Wednesday's ruling.

## UNDE DISASTROUS CIRCUMSTANCES

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**U.S. WATCH** 



suspected of carrying smuggled migrants slammed into an SUV.

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Not a real disaster site.

The actors union had demanded more protections for the streaming era. A picket Wednesday.

Actors Set Pact to End Walkout

Continued from Page One tive deal on Friday, and the union said additional details will be released following that meeting.

"We have arrived at a contract that will enable SAG-AF-TRA members from every category to build sustainable careers," the union told members Wednesday evening.

Television and movie writers, who began picketing in May, ended their own strike against entertainment industry giants in September.

The dual strikes halted production of films and TV shows such as "Stranger Things" and "Abbott Elementary," disrupting fall TV schedules and postponing planned releases of major motion pictures from Warner Bros.' "Dune: Part Two" to the next installment of "Mission: Impossible" from Paramount.

The strikes meant months without work for many of the crews, costume designers, hair stylists and others involved in productions and took a toll on the Los Angeles economy. Other states such as Georgia and New Mexico that are home to major productions also felt the pinch.

The Hollywood labor disputes were the culmination of years of frustration among writers and actors about the direction of the entertainment business amid a frenetic transition to streaming. That shift created new opportunities for talent and offered plenty of artistic freedom, but for many didn't provide the same financial security as the traditional TV and movie businesses. Eventually, the workers decided Hollywood needed new labor rules to go with its new economics.

Among the actors' demands were higher pay, more financial upside from refill Hollywood's shows and films that are successful on streaming platforms and protections from the use of artifi-

cial intelligence in the creative process.

As the labor dispute dragged on, movie releases including Sony Pictures' "Kraven the Hunter" were pushed from a 2023 release to next year. Disney's much-anticipated new take on Snow White has been bumped to 2025 from next year.

In television, the broadcast networks have been relying on unscripted fare and acquisitions from overseas to fill the void left by the strike. CBS started to air old episodes of the Paramount Network hit "Yellowstone."

The end of the strikes ushers in a new era for studios and streamers that were already ordering fewer TV shows and films. Many streamers are struggling with profitability and industry executives expect consolidation of studios in the coming years as well as continued price increases for subscribers.

When the writers union resolved its strike. there was broad optimism in the industry that a deal between actors and studios would be close behind. Negotiations

Work could

begin soon to

pipeline of

content.

between the AMPTP and the actors resumed in late September but fell apart soon after. The union's demand for a share of streaming revenue for a bonus pool led to a stalemate

with studios and the alliance walked away.

Some high-profile SAG members, including George Clooney, Ben Affleck and Emma Stone, have pressured union leaders in recent weeks to come to an agreement with the alliance that would let the industry return to work. Both sides resumed talks later in October.

The producers alliance previously indicated that if an agreement wasn't reached by the end of October, there would be little chance of salvaging the 2023-24 TV season.

## WORLD NEWS

## **EU Advances Ukraine's Bid to Join Bloc**

Many European leaders share U.S. concerns over rule of law, corruption

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

### By LAURENCE NORMAN AND MATTHEW LUXMOORE

The European Union recommended that the bloc begin membership talks with Ukraine soon, boosting President Volodymyr Zelensky, who has made EU accession a central goal.

Even though membership talks would take years to complete, the positive EU recommendation on Wednesday offers Zelensky and Ukraine rare good news at a tense time.

The war with Russia has become bogged down, and tensions between Zelensky and his top military leaders have spilled into public display. International focus has largely shifted to the Middle East, and Congress has blocked new aid for Ukraine.

Against that background, the EU's executive body, the European Commission, said Ukraine had done most of the work needed to begin talks.

"Ukraine continues to face tremendous hardship and tragedy, provoked by Russia's war of aggression and yet, Ukrainians are deeply reforming their country," said Euro-pean Commission President Ursula von der Leyen.

The favorable opinion presents Europe's national leaders with a critical decision in December. Unanimous approval is needed from all 27 EU countries to open negotiations and set a date to begin talks. Diplomats say some EU leaders still need convincing.

At the heart of European concerns about Ukraineechoed by Washington-is whether the country can overhaul its governance and political culture to rein in the power of big tycoons and eradicate endemic corruption that has impeded economic growth and social cohesion. To clear the way for EU accession talks, the bloc set Ukraine seven overhaul tests.

In Wednesday's report, the commission said Kyiv had completed four of the seven tests and would need to complete the other three before membership negotiations begin. More than 90% of the work is done. von der Leyen said. If EU governments agree, preparations for the accession talks could



European Commission President Ursula von der Leyen, right, and Ukraine's President Volodymyr Zelensky spoke at the Kyiv railway station during a visit earlier this month.

start before year-end. Actual negotiations would only take place in March, when Brussels will report on Ukraine's progress on the remaining tasks.

The Biden administration also has warned Kyiv it must do more to ensure U.S. aid to the country is handled correctly and transparently amid fading U.S. public support for

financing Ukraine in the war. Leading Republican presidential candidates have cited Ukraine's corruption record as one reason to stop supporting Kyiv, although there has been no significant evidence of misappropriation of arms supplies.

The commission also recommended that accession talks begin with Moldova. To complete accession negotiations, governments must implement thousands of pages of EU legislation and rules, contained in 35 negotiating chapters, and overhaul their economies, courts and public administrations.

In the past, bilateral disputes between EU member states and the country seeking

to join have held up membership—a problem Ukraine could face with a somewhat hostile government in Hungary. Even Croatia, a country at peace in a far more benign international context, took a decade to become an EU member in 2013.

Thursday, November 9, 2023 | A7

"This is a strong and historic step that paves the way to a stronger EU with Ukraine as its member," Zelensky said Wednesday.

In Ukraine, activists say the war is expediting the fight against corruption and forcing politicians to be more accountable before a society that is paying a high price to defend its sovereignty.

Daria Kaleniuk, director of the Kyiv-based Anticorruption Action Center, a group campaigning to root out graft, said the urgency of combating corruption has grown because so many people have relatives injured or fighting on the front lines and there is an understanding that stolen funds could be used to save the lives of Ukrainian troops.

"War is creating a situation where we can't afford to not tackle corruption," she said. "I wish that leaders in the country would feel this urgency as well."

## **Russia Turns to Arms Customers to Restock Arsenal**

### BY THOMAS GROVE AND SUMMER SAID

Russia has sought to retrieve parts from defense systems it had exported to counincluding Pakistan, tries Egypt, Belarus and Brazil, as it tries to replenish the enormous stocks of weapons being expended for the war in Ukraine.

In April, a delegation of Russian officials visiting Cairo asked Egyptian President Abdel Fattah Al Sisi to give back more than 100 engines from Russian helicopters that Moscow needed for Ukraine, three people with knowledge of the incident said. Sisi agreed and deliveries of about 150 engines are likely to start in December, they said.

An Egyptian government spokesman declined to comment.

Those talks were part of a larger Russian push to seek help from its longtime arms customers, who for decades bought Russian aircraft, missiles and air-defense systems, making Moscow the world's second-largest arms exporter. Throughout the year, Russia

held talks with officials from Pakistan, Belarus and Brazil to try to acquire engines for the Russian attack and transport helicopters its forces lost to Ukrainian defenses early in the war, one of those people and another former Russian intelligence officer said.

"Russia spent decades building its arms trade," a person with knowledge of the buybacks said. "Now they're going back in secret to their customers trying to buy back what they sold them."

In other cases Russia has

arms-export business to the war effort, rerouting arms meant for India and Armenia to Russia's front line, the two said.

The push to fill its arsenal through export requisitions and buybacks coincides with Russia ramping up its own production of ammunition, spare parts and weapons systems to support a conflict that will soon enter its third year and that is burning through enormous quantities of materiel. Russia's war machine has likewise acquired more munisacrificed part of its prized tions from partners, including

ammunition from North Korea.

Much of Moscow's efforts to buy back Russian arms have come as the Kremlin pushed back against an offensive by Ukraine's forces in the east and south of the country. With that offensive now slowing, Russia is seeking to retake the initiative on the battlefield, although it is unclear whether the new supplies will give Moscow the resources it needs to step up its attacks.

"We don't know the extent to which they'll use the stocks to increase their tempo of attack or just keep up their cur-rent tempo," said Konrad Muzyka, director of Rochan Consulting, military analysts based in Poland.

Russia's need for weapons has also hit its exports, in some cases causing Moscow to fail to deliver on deals, particularly for arms systems for land forces. Russian arms exports likely reached only \$8 billion last year, nearly half the 2021 level of \$14.5 billion.

Neither the Kremlin nor Russia's state-owned military export firm JSC Rosoboronexport responded to questions.



around November trapping filthy air over the Indian capital, parents say their children eagerly await pollution holidays.

The city's residents are used to a blanket of smog that blots out the sky and heralds the arrival of the Hindu festival of Diwali. Delhi recorded worse average air-quality readings in November 2019 than it has seen this month. But residents and visitors to the city are reeling more than usual this year after experiencing less-intense air pollution during the pandemic era.

Cricket players in town from Bangladesh and Sri Lanka for the Cricket World Cup skipped practice. An industry body wrote to the prime minister saying the pollution is hurting business. Next week, private cars will only be allowed on the roads on limited days of the week, and the city on Wednesday ordered schools to shut for 10 days.

"Even before the schools were closed this year, my daughter started asking me, 'When will the pollution vacation begin?' " said Zain

at this time of year because cooler temperatures mean polluted air doesn't rise and disperse as it does in the summer. Air pollution and temperature are inversely related, said B.S. Murthy, a senior scientist at the Punebased Indian Institute of Tropical Meteorology.

Farmers to the west of the capital—who burn stubble left behind by machines harvesting their crops-and car exhaust from the citv's increasing number of vehicles add to the problem. Environmental experts say pollution is worse this year because of more stubble burning after temperatures cooled, along with a rebound in construction activity.

The latest good-quality air day India had was on Sept. 10—coincidentally the weekend when India hosted the G-20 summit, air-pollution expert Vimlendu Jha said. In November, all the days have been in the hazardous range, meaning the air is dangerous not only for the very old and young or those with health conditions but also for healthy people.

found India accounted for 60% of the increase in global air pollution in that period. An index that estimates the effect of air pollution on life expectancy found that Delhi's pollution could be reducing the lifespans of residents by more than a decade.

Delhi's pollution had improved after public transport switched to cleaner fuel, but about a decade ago began deteriorating sharply. The city has been unable to get relief, even though the country's top power brokers live there. The capital's locally elected government is often at loggerheads with the national government, while some of the pollution comes from neighboring states, beyond its control-leading to paralysis on the issue.

Jha, the air-pollution expert, said despite his limited exposure to bad air and using an air purifier, he has faced breathing problems for the first time.

"There has been coughing and burning in my throat,' Jha said. "It is unfortunate we have to live in such toxic conditions.'

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## WORLD NEWS

## Northern Gaza **Exodus Surges** As Siege Builds

Palestinians worry about displacement, and that they won't be allowed to return

GAZA-Thousands of Palestinians are fleeing the besieged northern Gaza Strip, some carrying white flags or pushing wheelchairs, seeking safety from the advancing Israeli military.

### By Jared Malsin, Dov Lieber and Anas Baba

The current exodus takes Israel one step closer to its aim of removing civilians from northern Gaza. Israel is urging all residents in the area, including Gaza City, to leave as it moves in to battle Hamas. Though hundreds of thousands have fled, many have been unable or unwilling to leave, and are living with limited access to food and water.

Israeli officials say they are evacuating Gazans for their own safety and because their presence in Gaza City is one of the most complicated tactical challenges to toppling Hamas.

Israeli military spokesman Rear Adm. Daniel Hagari said about 50,000 Gazans fled northern Gaza to the south Wednesday. He said Israeli ground forces were active Wednesday in the heart of Gaza City, accompanied by air and naval forces. "We will continue to pursue the Hamas leadership wherever it is

and kill it," he said. Hagari lowered the number of known hostages in Gaza to 239 from 240, based on the latest intelligence.

Those leaving with their few belongings braved ongoing Israeli bombing and passed through Israeli military checkpoints. Fleeing civilians said

that increasingly intense shelling and worsening conditions in the north drove them to leave.

"After last night, we thought, enough, that's it," said a woman at the southern entrance of Gaza with her husband and four children. She declined to give her name. "There were bodies," she said, describ-ing their walk along the road.

Behind her, a stream of people walked in the midday sun along the road from Gaza, some carrying a single bag.

"We lived through the hardest days imaginable," said another woman who also declined to be named. "We left our house for an Unrwa school, thinking it would be a safe place, but it wasn't safe. The school was hit, so we left for another school, and they hit the other school. So we went to a special center, and that got hit too."

Israel is asking Palestinians to gather in what it calls a "humanitarian zone" in al-Mawasi, a stretch of beach with little infrastructure in the southern Gaza Strip, where Israeli officials said civilians can get humanitarian aid brought over the border from Egypt.

"If you care about yourself and your loved ones, head south according to our instructions," Israeli military spokesman Avichay Adraee tweeted Wednesday in Arabic, posting a map pointing to al-Mawasi. U.N. aid officials say the area

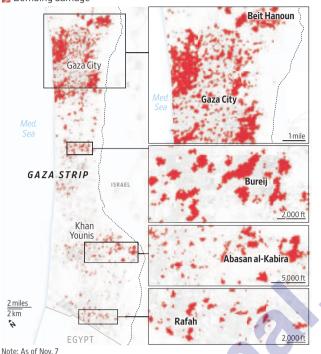
is too small and too barren to accommodate Israel's demand to set up camps for tens of thousands if not hundreds of thousands of people. Senior U.N. officials called the exodus from northern Gaza an act of forced displacement, and have said that civilians should be allowed to remain where they live.

'This is a tiny area in an area that's already amongst the most crowded on earth,"



Palestinians are fleeing from the north to the central and southern parts of the Gaza Strip as Israeli attacks intensify.

📕 Bombing damage



Source: Damage analysis of Copernicus Sentinel-1 satellite data by Corey Scher of CUNY Graduate Center and Jamon Van Den Hoek of Oregon State University

Emma Brown/THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

said Samuel Rose, director of out facilities, without infraplanning at Unrwa, the agency structure, with literally nowhere else to go but into the serving Palestinian refugees, referring to al-Mawasi. "The idea that people could be funsea is completely impractical." Israel launched its campaign neled into a smaller area within Gaza after the militant

group's attack that killed more than 1,400 people on Oct. 7.

Health authorities in Hamasrun Gaza say more than 10,000 people have been killed there. The figures don't distinguish between militants and civilians.

The accelerated evacuation of civilians from Gaza City shows that Hamas can no longer control people who face starvation and lack drinking water, in addition to enduring airstrikes, said Ghaith Al-Omari, a senior fellow at the Washington Institute for Near East Policy and a former Palestinian Authority official.

The evacuations aren't a sign that Hamas is losing support and will reinforce the view in the Arab world that Israel is fighting Palestinians in general and not just Hamas, Omari said. The displacement of civilians will carry echoes of the flight of Palestinians from their homeland in 1948, in the war that followed the creation of Israel, he said.

"Even those who say Hamas made a mistake by starting it blame Israel for the way it's

conducting the war," he said. Israel is intensifying pressure on those remaining in the north to leave, including thousands taking shelter in hospitals and schools. The remaining civilians have endured weeks without electricity and clean water, and have been cut off from humanitarian aid deliveries for about a week. Bakeries aren't producing bread because they lack supplies, the U.N. says.

Dr. Bashar Murad, emergency medical services director at the Palestine Red Crescent Society, who is working at al-Quds hospital in Gaza City, said 14,000 people sheltering at the facility were in deep crisis after an Israeli airstrike hit the entrance of the building Sunday, killing four people and destroying the hospital's central storage for supplies.

"We are facing the worst situation, the most catastrophic one in the PRCS' history," he said in a message shared with The Wall Street Journal by the aid group Medical Aid for Pal-estinians. "My family is now displaced in Khan Younis, and I stayed in Gaza as I cannot leave work in these circumstances.

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Buildings in Khan Younis in the southern Gaza Strip were destroyed during Israeli airstrikes.

## After the War, Blinken Warns **Against Occupation, Blockade**

### BY WILLIAM MAULDIN AND VIVIAN SALAMA

TOKYO—The U.S. on Wednesday outlined its expectations for the postwar rule in Gaza, including Palestinian sovereignty over the territory, days after Israel said it intended to play a security role there after its overthrow of Hamas.

Senior officials called for the Palestinian people to be at the center of governance in Gazaunified with the West Bank under the Palestinian Authority. Secretary of State Antony Blinken described a vision for rebuilding Gaza and a path toward Israelis and Palestinians living side by side "in space of their own with equal measures of security, freedom, opportunity and dignity."

"We believe that the Palestinians should be in charge of their future and they should be the determining voice and factor in their future," said John Kirby, White House National Security Council spokesman.

On the sidelines of a meeting of foreign ministers from the Group of Seven major economies, Blinken said the U.S. objects to "forcible displacement of Palestinians from Gaza."

"No reoccupation of Gaza after the conflict ends, no attempt to blockade or besiege Gaza," he said. "No reduction in the territory of Gaza."

The U.S. officials' comments-which came two days after Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu said Israel would retain security control of Gaza for an indefinite period after its war with Hamas ends-represent a move away from the wholehearted support President Biden and other administration officials voiced for Israel in the early days of the conflict, analysts said. While both the U.S. and Israel say they agree that Israel not reoccupy Gaza—from which it withdrew in 2005-the allies' views appear to be diverging on what that means. Blinken's remarks appear to draw lines on what a postwar Gaza would look like, even as Israel widens its operation there.

"This is the clearest statement we've heard about how the U.S. envisions postwar Gaza, but it's not clear that Israeli leadership is on the same page,' said Tuqa Nusairat, an analyst of U.S.-Middle East policy at the Atlantic Council think tank.

The U.S. retains strong influence in Israel, but even if the Biden administration's guidelines are heeded, it won't be easy to translate those words into an amicable resolution. Crucially, no authority other than Israel has volunteered to play a security role in Gaza during a transition to local rule by the Palestinian Authority or another Palestin-

ian leadership.

CIA Director William Burns discussed with Egyptian President Abdel Fattah Al Sisi and the head of Egyptian intelligence, Abbas Kamel, a proposal for the North African country to manage security in the Gaza Strip until the Palestinian Authority can take over after Hamas's defeat, according to senior Egyptian officials. Sisi rejected the proposal, saying Egypt won't play a role in eliminating Hamas because it needs the militant group to help maintain security at the border.

Blinken's blueprint comes after a month of quiet discussions he and other officials have had with Israel and regional partners, as well as leading global diplomats. The comments are a signal to the Arab world that the U.S. isn't only worried about Israel's security.

While Biden has said the reoccupation of Gaza by Israel would be a "big mistake," officials have hesitated to say publicly what should or shouldn't happen next. Some have hinted at an international force to help keep the peace and administer the territory while officials work on revitalizing the Palestinian Authority, widely seen as weak and undemocratic under the leadership of Mahmoud Abbas. The PA has refused to engage in official discussions.

## WORLD NEWS

## **Uruguay Pivots to China From the U.S.**

Montevideo boosts Beijing ties after failing to get a trade deal with Washington

### By SAMANTHA PEARSON

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay-Welcome to the People's Republic of China, the name of a gleaming new elementary school in the rough outskirts of Uruguay's capital, built as part of Beijing's charm offensive in South America as U.S. influence in the region wanes.

"It's transformed this neighborhood," said Laura Álvez, director of the school, a steel and glass structure where students take Mandarin classes and learn how to make Chinese pastries. The poorest kids have never been as far as the beach, which is 5 miles away, but they now dream of going to China, she said.

Uruguay is tiny, democratic, relatively affluent and sandwiched between Latin America's two biggest countries, Brazil and Argentina. It should be a natural ally for the U.S., former diplomats and foreignpolicy experts say, given its low levels of corruption, respect for the rule of law and pro-trade policies, making it an island of economic and political stability in a region where populist leaders averse to U.S. policies abound. But for years, Uruguay has tried and failed to get a freetrade deal with the U.S. Uruguay's center-right government is negotiating one with China, which has stepped up donations to the country's schools, hospitals and military.

There are similar stories across the region, government officials and former diplomats say. They say ineffective engagement by the Biden administration with Central and South American governments on a range of issues has driven countries closer to Beijing, even as China struggles with a challenging economic slowdown at home and lower longer-term growth trajectories.

"The U.S. is missing a huge opportunity with Uruguay,' said Eric Farnsworth, head of the Washington office of the Council of the Americas, an organization that promotes free trade, and a former State Department official.

'In the U.S., I don't think we've truly internalized the idea that there is serious and significant competition in the Western Hemisphere....We've

WORLD WATCH



President Luis Lacalle Pou, who met with President Biden in Washington this month, said U.S. protectionism is growing.

always been the only game in town," he said of Washington's attitude to South America.

While Secretary of State Antony Blinken traveled to the region last year in an effort to engage leaders, Washington's efforts often have paled in comparison to those of Beijing, which has sent business delegations across the region in recent years, leading to a string of deals and investments, foreign-policy analysts said.

A State Department spokesman said the U.S. has a "robust and dynamic agenda" in Uruguay, and that the Biden administration has been working to deepen the "already strong trade relationship" with Montevideo and promote private-sector investments in Uruguay.

A spokeswoman for the Office of the U.S. Trade Representative said it was working with the Uruguayan government to update the Trade and Investment Framework Agreement that focuses on issues such as trade facilitation and regulatory practices. But the moves are seen by some exporters as falling far short of a full trade deal.

With left-leaning politicians

**Migrant Caravan Blocks Highway** 

About 3,000 migrants

from Central America, Vene-

Wednesday blocked traffic on

one of Mexico's main south-

transit or exit visas to reach

The caravan of migrants

set out on foot from Tapa-

chula, near the Guatemalan

border, on Oct. 30, walking

zuela, Cuba and Haiti on

ern highways to demand

the U.S. border.

MEXICO

taking power in Latin America, U.S. influence has been tested as Iranian warships docked in Brazil, the production of cocaine rocketed in Colom-U.S.-bound migrants bia. streamed across various countries largely unimpeded, and anticorruption initiatives promoted by the Biden administration faltered in Central America. And sometimes, governments open to deepening ties with Washington were rebuffed.

Ecuador, like Uruguay, sought a trade deal with the U.S. but was rebuffed. Its government then signed a trade pact with Beijing.

Even staunch China critics, such as former President Jair Bolsonaro of Brazil, allowed China's Huawei to participate in its 5G auction in 2021 despite U.S. appeals that it ban the company. Washington offered nothing in exchange for a Huawei prohibition, said Fábio Faria, Bolsonaro's communications minister at the time. A spokesman for the State Department said it encouraged countries across the region to exclude "untrustworthy, highrisk vendors from their networks." The Chinese Embassy in Uruguay didn't respond to requests for comment.

Uruguay's center-right pres-

## PAKISTAN Some Afghans Will U.S. Airstrike Hits Avoid Deportation

Pakistan's prime minister on Wednesday sought to reassure thousands of Afghans waiting in Pakistan for resettlement in the U.S. that they won't be deported as part of his government's widely criticized crackdown on undocumented migrants in the country.

Islamabad has launched a crackdown on illegal migration, saying any unregistered foreign national and migrant lacking proper documentation would face arrest and deportation.

At least 25,000 Afghanswho had worked for the American military or government, international organizations and aid agencies, as well as media and humanrights groups—escaped the Taliban takeover of Afghanistan in 2021 to Pakistan and are waiting to be processed to relocate to the U.S.

-Associated Press

ident, Luis Lacalle Pou, said his wish was to sign a trade deal with the U.S., but he described what he saw as a paradox nowadays in U.S. foreign policy.

"The U.S., the land of the free and the free market, is seeing a rise in protectionism," he said in an interview. He described China, which he plans to visit in two weeks to advance negotiations over a potential trade deal, as more open. The State Department didn't respond to a request for comment on his statement.

As a country of fewer than 3.5 million people, which produces far more than it consumes, Uruguay can't be picky, he said. "We want trade deals with all countries.'

That doesn't mean he has given up on the U.S., he said. China accounts for nearly 25% of Uruguay's total exports and the U.S. only 6%. But the latter buys more of what Uruguay wants to sell, he said, services and value-added goods. specifically IT software.

"My optimism in the United States has grown over the past six months," Lacalle Pou said. "The Biden administration has shown more interest in parts of Latin America...because Latin America is at the heart of issues it is interested in."

## SYRIA Weapons Facility

The U.S. Defense Department said it launched an airstrike on a weapons facility used by an Iranian group in eastern Syria, the second such response in two weeks to a wave of drone and rocket attacks on U.S. troops based in Iraq and Syria. The Pentagon added that President Biden approved of the "precision self-defense strike" on the facility.

The Pentagon has so far declined to release images from either strike. It also said it could not identify the kind of munitions stored at Wednesday's strike site.

Earlier Wednesday, Iranian-backed Houthi rebels in Yemen shot down an unmanned U.S. military drone, an MQ-9 Reaper, U.S. defense officials said. The drone landed in the Red Sea, the officials said.

-Nancy A. Youssef

toward the U.S. The contingent later stopped walking at Huixtla, where they tried to get temporary travel documents to cross Mexico. On Wednesday, the migrants blocked highway inspection booths just outside Huixtla. Activist Irineo Mújica, one of the organizers of the march, said the blockade would continue, because migrants are afraid of criminals. smugglers and extortionists.

ALL AGLOW: An employee at the Wakehurst botanical garden checks the bulbs on Britain's tallest living Christmas tree, a redwood, before the Glow Wild lantern trail opens on Nov. 23.

## China, Russia Tap "They should really not treat China as a rival....They're hav-Gaza Anger

China and Globalization think tank in Beijing and a former government adviser. "They should really not treat

who is currently a professor at Qatar University. "Russia realizes that the events in Gaza are pushing the Global South away from the West, away from the United States and could make its attitudes more welcoming to Moscow.'

lims from its western Xinjiang region in internment camps, U.S. officials said. China described these camps as pro-

-Associated Press

those who wish to annihilate us. It's been indifferent to our suffering and it is exploiting it for its own geopolitical gains."

tion from Central Asia. An even more important factor, however, is Putin's drive to restore Soviet-era norms. 'It's all part of Russia's overall slide back to Soviet times,' said former Russian foreign minister Andrei Kozyrev, who now lives in the West. "This is in line with the overall neo-Soviet policy of confrontation with the West. And now, Israel's turn has come.'



Continued from Page One duced to little more than Washington's regional pawn.

Putin, whose forces have flattened several Ukrainian cities, said in an address last week that his "fists clench and eyes tear up" as he watches the Israeli bombing of Gaza. Russian soldiers in Ukraine are fighting the same American "root of evil," he said, and their battles "will decide the fate of Russia, and of the entire world, including the future of the Palestinian people."

China's rhetoric has been more subdued, with Xi Jinping avoiding public comments on the Middle East since the conflict erupted. Chinese state media, however, has been filled with commentary blasting U.S. "hypocrisy" and "warmongering" in the Middle East, and contrasting it with Beijing's demands for an immediate ceasefire and Palestinian statehood.

China has said its position on the Palestinian issue is the same as Russia's and the two nations voted together at the United Nations Security Council in October to veto a U.S.-sponsored resolution on the crisis.

"Countries should uphold the moral conscience, rather than clinging on to geopolitical calculations, let alone double standards," China's U.N. envoy, Zhang Jun, said in a veiled reference to the U.S. "China will continue to stand on the side of international fairness and justice. on the side of international law, and on the side of the legitimate aspirations of the Arab and Islamic world."

The predicament in the Middle East should lead Washington to abandon its longstanding hostile attitude to China, said Wang Huiyao, president of the Center for ing a challenge with the Russian war in Ukraine, now they will have another challenge with the Israeli-Palestinian

a challenge with China, too," he said "They should treat China as a partner."

Hamas has been appreciative of such signaling. Khaled Meshaal, one of the group's leaders,

main said Hamas seeks "cooperation with great powers China and Russia." He said that Russia has benefited from the Oct. 7 attack because it has diverted U.S. attention from Ukraine and that China might be inspired by Hamas's raid for its own plans to capture Taiwan. Unlike Russia and China, the U.S. and most other Western nations consider Hamas, whose members killed some 1.400 Israelis and took hundreds hostage on Oct. 7, a terrorist organization.

The diplomatic posturing is boosting Russia's and China's soft power across the developing world, where outrage over the thousands of civilian casualties caused by the Israeli bombing of Gaza has mounted.

'For China, to be supportive of the Palestinian cause will serve the purpose of China uniting with the developing world," said Chinese foreignpolicy expert Li Mingjiang at the Nanyang Technological University of Singapore.

Russia, subjected to global criticism for its invasion of Ukraine, is even more eager to change the narrative.

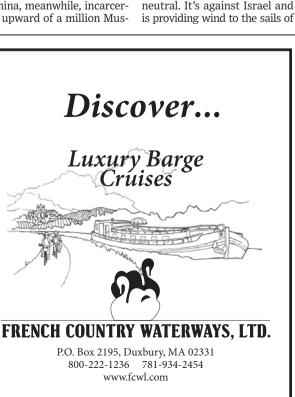
"Choosing a policy that brings Russia closer to the Arab world is understandable. The Global South nowadays is important for Moscow," said Nikolay Kozhanov, a former Russian diplomat in Tehran

Russia's record, in Ukraine conflict. They should not have and elsewhere, is littered with

atrocities. Putin began his presidency in 2000 Hamas has been flattening bv appreciative of Grozny, the capital of the thenthe signaling by rebellious Muslim republic of **Beijing and** Chechnya. In Moscow. Syria, a Russian bombing campaign reduced

to rubble much of the city of Aleppo in 2016. And in the Ukrainian city of Mariupol, which the Russian air force could bomb without fear of air defenses, at least 25,000 Ukrainian civilians were killed during the monthslong Russian siege last year, municipal officials said.

China, meanwhile, incarcerated upward of a million Mus-



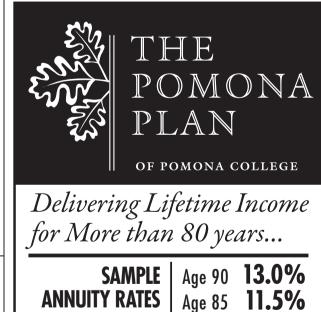
viding vocational opportunities and most major Muslim nations have refrained from criticizing its repressive policies in Xinjiang.

As the war in Ukraine damages Russia's global appeal, and as America is criticized for its support of Israel, there "is an opportunity for China to shape an image of being a responsible world power, and more so than its competitors," said Neysun Mahboubi, director of the Penn Project on the Future of U.S.-China Relations at the University of Pennsylvania.

The current crisis, and the support provided by the Biden administration, makes it evident that only a solid alliance with the U.S. can protect Israel, said Tuvia Gering, a China expert at the Institute for National Security Studies of Tel Aviv University.

"There is no alternative for Israel," he said. "China is not neutral. It's against Israel and





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## FROM PAGE ONE

## City Uses SUX Code As Brand

Continued from Page One recently, has expanded it well beyond the airport. Area businesses are increasingly embracing the branding and SUX is popping up all over. Poo SUX is a pooper

scooper service for pets. Rent-SUX is a leasing company. Cleaning SUX is a commercialcleaning firm. Radon SUX helps people mitigate radioactive gas from their homes. The Art SUX gallery is downtown.

"There has always been this chip on our shoulder because we are not Des Moines," said David Bernstein, a Sioux City native who helped the community pivot to acceptance of SUX while serving on the airport's board of directors. "So, we sort of own this." Still, not everyone finds SUX a becoming brand. Julie Peterson expressed displeasure on a recent afternoon as she waited for a flight to Chicago. "I don't like to say sucks, so I say S-U-X," said Peterson, a Sioux City native who works in international marketing and lives in Washington, D.C. Some other airports also

are saddled with awkward codes. There is FAT in Fresno, Calif., and PEE in Perm, Russia. Singapore's Changi Airport is SIN. And Japan's Fukuoka goes by the first three letters of that city's name.

FLY SUX has been the centerpiece of this city's airport marketing since 2007. Before that, the Federal Aviation Administration offered five alternatives-GWU, GYO, GYT, SGV and GAY—but airport trustees stuck with SUX, the Associated Press reported then.

The expanding use of SUX is on display as Republican presidential candidates campaign in the area ahead of the Iowa caucuses that start the GOP nominating process on Jan. 15. Former President Donald Trump, on his private jet, flew in and out of SUX late last month for a rally.

Mike Collett, an assistant city manager who serves as the airport's director, said SUX has become so common in the area that "everyone thinks of it as a positive statement." When the city lobbies airlines to keep or expand their service, representatives often hand out T-shirts, caps and other SUX tchotchkes.

Lou Ann Lindblade, who owns a gift store north of downtown, sells a wide variety of SUX stuff in her shop and wholesales more for sale at the airport.

During the peak of the pan-Lindblade added demic, "Covid-19 SUX" stickers to her offerings. She also sells "Win-ter SUX" stocking caps and "Work SUX" hats.

Some locals have yet to come around to SUX. John Stevens, co-owner of rentSux, said a chamber of commerce president once refused to say his company's name during an introduction at a dinner. "There is a faction of Sioux City that struggles with the SUX moniker," he said.

The airport, which has just two gates and offers daily flights only to Denver and Chicago, uses the branding throughout the terminal. At the baggage claim, travelers are reminded "it SUX to lose your luggage."

Located in northwest Iowa along the Missouri River, Sioux City and its 85,000 residents are nearby neighbors to Nebraska and South Dakota. On his recent visit, Trump confused it with Sioux Falls, a

city about 80 miles north. SUX became an important place in U.S. aviation history in 1989 when Captain Alfred Havnes and his crew managed to crash-land a McDonnell Douglas DC-10 there after United Airlines Flight 232 lost a rear engine and most controls on a flight from Denver to Chicago. More than half of the 296 people on the flight survived the fiery crash.

Larry Finley, executive di-rector of an aviation and transportation museum at the airport that features a Flight 232 exhibit, said the SUX code is memorable for visitors. "Sometimes you just have to make lemonade out of lem-

ons," he said.

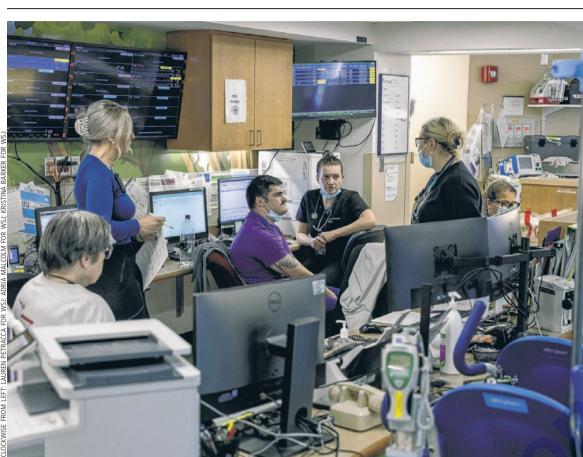
Alex Fuller, owner of Poo SUX, said the airport's desig-nation was "the first thing that came to mind" when he named his company in 2015. The decision hasn't been without complications.

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

When Fuller applied for a custom "POOSUX" license plate for a company vehicle, his initial application was rejected because state regulations prohibit sexual connotations, vulgarity, hostility, swear words or insults. His successful appeal noted his city's airport uses SUX.

Tony Courey, who has lived in Sioux City for five decades and owns Radon SUX with his son, Anthony, said his company's name gives him local credibility because it shows he's in on the joke.

So if you're reading this flying into LAX or JFK and don't get the joke, that SUX.



The pediatric emergency department at Upstate University Hospital in Syracuse, N.Y., above, has seen record numbers of children coming in for psychiatric issues. Top right, Iris Teague in her room in Santa Fe. Right, Mike Lipman and Katie Brown in their 17-year-old son's bedroom at the family's home in Salem, Ore.

## Children In Crisis Fill E.R.s

Continued from Page One they soared during the isolation and disruption of the pandemic. The increased demand for treatment exacerbated a shortage of available mentalhealth services. This has left

50% at those hospitals during the same period.

Broadly, children's demand for emergency mental-health services has eased from the pandemic's extreme highs, according to an analysis of records across more than 1,100 hospitals by the research arm of Epic Systems, a medical record software company. Still, the rates remain elevated.

E.R.s aren't accustomed to seeing large numbers of children in psychiatric crisis—and many are ill-equipped to handle them. Rooms must be stripped of anything that patients could use to hurt themselves. Potentially suicidal patients need constant oversight. Doctors have less experience with medications for children and adolescents who become violent. "An asthmatic that comes in, I know the medicines I'm going to order right away," said Taylor Louden, a physician and emergency department medical director for Cook Children's Medical Center in Fort Worth, Texas. "But an agitated 15vear-old that's autistic? Sometimes I don't know the best choice of medication to help that child interact with their environment better." Alyssa Bostwick, chief nurse at Golisano Children's Hospital of Southwest Florida, described a day this past spring when 12 of the 17 emergency department rooms were filled with children held under the state's Baker Act, which allows hospitals to keep patients involuntarily for a mental-health examination. The department has seen a surge in such patients. from 273 in 2020 to 1,012 in 2022. "Every one of those patients required one-to-one observation. Every one of those patients requires care from a nurse. And then what happens is that the waiting room of patients starts to back up," she said. "So it overwhelms resources and delays care." With more serious cases, emergency rooms try to get children into psychiatric facilities or units as soon as possible. They often run into the same shortages and backlogs that drove parents to bring their kids to the E.R. in the first place. As a result, highrisk children end up staying days or weeks in the emergency department—a practice known as boarding. A study led by a Brown University researcher, published in January, found that at a children's hospital emergency de-

partment in the northeast, the number of kids seeking psychiatric treatment who were being boarded had tripled from 2019 to 2021.

Another study in JAMA Psychiatry in July found the share of children needing mentalhealth care who were boarded for two or more nights in hospitals jumped 76% from March 2019 to February 2022.

"They essentially are in a holding pattern," said Dr. Ste-ven Berry, medical director for the CAMC Women and Children's Hospital in Charleston, W.Va. Kids admitted to the hospital's emergency department for mental-health crises have waited up to a month in rooms approximately 13-by-13 feet because staff can't

Brown keeps a "go bag" in her home office filled with warm clothes to ward off the cold chairs they've noticed in hospital waiting rooms.

Five years ago, I would be traumatized at the idea that my child is in a suicidal crisis stabilization situation in the emergency department," Lipman, himself an administrator at a different hospital system, said. "Now we've gotten to the point where it's ingrained in our day-to-day lives, which is abnormal."

For longer-term care, Lipman and Brown recently found a specialized residential program in Massachusetts for adolescents. The program doesn't accept insurance. Even with inget help for her teenage daughter Iris, who suffers from depression and an eating disorder. A high-school soccer player and track athlete, Iris Teague began obsessively exercising and dieting when her school shut down during the pandemic, her mother said. By May 2021, she'd dropped at least 25 pounds.

The lone therapist Teague knew of in Santa Fe specializing in adolescent eating disorders had a six-month wait list. An Albuquerque program was temporarily closed.

At Cook Children's, a team including pharmacists is drafting protocols for when and how to medicate young patients who are distressed and violent.

Other efforts aim to help prevent E.R. visits in the first place.

Cincinnati Children's is building up its network of psychologists and therapists in local primary care clinics to give parents more treatment options for their children before they reach a crisis.

Across the clinics where the health system embedded mental-health specialists, only about 3% of children who had an assessment ended up going to the E.R. as of mid-2023. For children who do visit the emergency department, Cincinnati Children's launched an effort to get young patients temporary, intensive clinic treatment and avoid hospitalization. The health system dubbed the program its 'bridge clinic. Lena Patton's daughter first went to a Cincinnati-area emergency department for suicidal thoughts in the spring of 2021. Doctors sent her daughter, then 9 years old, home with a plan for her safety and a list of outpatient treatment options, Patton said. One nearby facility had closed during the pandemic. Other places had no room. "The waits were ridiculous," Patton said. Four months later, her daughter returned to the emergency department and was referred into Cincinnati Children's bridge clinic. Patton praised the program, saying her daughter got consistent. specialized treatment. Once her daughter left the temporary program, however, Patton once again struggled to find comprehensive care options. The girl has since returned to an emergency department four more times, her mother said. In early 2022, Patton's daughter waited in the E.R. for three days before a bed opened at the local children's psychiatric hospital. After her condition deteriorated again last March. Patton's daughter, now 11, spent another night in the emergency department before returning home the next day. She is now doing better in specialized treatment after getting a referral from a psychiatrist Patton first approached two years ago.

desperate families pouring into emergency departments that legally can turn no one away.

"We're the place of last resort to mop up after the system has failed," said Lucas.

### Long waits

The influx of young mentalhealth patients is overcrowding emergency departments and delaying treatment across the country at both specialized children's hospitals and general hospitals.

Major pediatric and emergency medicine organizations issued a public warning to hospitals and doctors in August, stating that the lack of space and available staff is forcing children who need psychiatric care to wait too long in E.R.s.

"It's not like you're taking him there and you think he's going to come out any better.' said Katie Brown, whose 17year-old son has gone to emergency rooms more than 15 times over the past  $3\frac{1}{2}$  years. seeking help for depression and suicidal thoughts. "It's literally just to kind of maintain the status quo of safety until the storm passes or there's somewhere he can go."

In 2016, roughly 660 kids came to Upstate's pediatric emergency department with psychiatric issues. Last year. the department saw nearly 3,000, an all-time high. This year, it's on pace for more.

Texas Children's Hospital's three emergency departments across the Houston area now typically treat 400 to 500 kids a month for mental-health issues, compared with 40 to 50 in 2019.

According to data gathered from 38 children's hospitals by the Children's Hospital Association, trips to emergency departments for mental-health treatment were 20% higher in 2022 compared with 2019. Children seeking help in E.R.s for suicide or self-harm soared

find a facility that can take them. The rooms have no windows to the outside world. "It disturbs me on a level I really can't describe," he said. This fall, Re-

becca Marshall,

a psychiatrist at Doernbecher Children's Hospital in Portland, Ore., has found herself dealing with an overwhelming number of patients in need of mentalhealth care in the emergency room. Extra staff must keep watch over children to keep them from harming themselves or trying to walk out of the hospital.

"Some kids are trying to leave because they want to die," Marshall said. "We're doing everything we can, but we're not a psychiatric hospital."

One patient who recently visited Doernbecher's E.R., after threatening suicide, was Katie Brown's son. It was his sixth trip there.

This time, he stayed 13 days until hospital staff were able to get him into an inpatient mentalhealth facility.

and Brown her husband, Mike Lipman, have struggled to find residential facilities near their home in Salem, Ore., that accept children and have the proper resources. Their E.R. visits have become so that common

surance. Lipman and Brown said they have spent over \$20,000 a out of year pocket on their son's mentalhealth care.

Part of what is driving the increase in emergency room visits are

longer waits for treatment outside of hospitals. Children's conditions often intensify in the meantime.

At Best Point Education & Behavioral Health, which provides outpatient pediatric mental-health services in the Cincinnati area, the number of children who spent time on the waiting list soared to 6,275 in the fiscal year that ended in June, up from 1,128 during fiscal 2020. It took an average of 109 days to get services, compared with 56 in fiscal 2020.

For the past few years, Andrea Teague, an oncologist in Santa Fe, N.M., has struggled to



Dr. Christopher Lucas meets with a family at Syracuse, N.Y.'s Upstate University Hospital.

Teague eventually found residential facilities for Iris in San Diego and Wisconsin but it took weeks to get her in. She and her husband spent tens of thousands of dollars on housing and travel to visit their daughter. Teague's husband, a software engineer, had to reduce his job to part-time.

Weeks after being discharged from the Wisconsin facility, Iris tried to kill herself this past January by swerving her car off the interstate and crashing it. She ended up in the emergency department with minor injuries. After a mentalhealth evaluation, Iris, who had just turned 18, was transferred to an adult psychiatric unit at an Albuquerque hospital, where she was discharged after five days with a treatment plan that would have required her to wait months for a psychiatrist.

Iris graduated from high school last spring but can't attend college until her condition stabilizes. Teague used her medical connections to cobble together a treatment plan, which includes a local therapist and a dietitian from Colorado who helps her daughter remotely.

"She was in a crisis that required relatively urgent intervention, where waiting meant putting her life in danger," Teague said. "I'm a cancer physician. You don't want to tell a patient with a new cancer diagnosis, 'Oh yeah, it can wait a few months until we can get you in.' "

## Seeking solutions

Hospitals have tried to respond with a combination of makeshift fixes and long-term plans while wait lists for treatment remain lengthy. Texas Children's Hospital is repurposing more E.R. rooms and building new ones that can specifically be used for mental-health cases.

failed.'

'We're the place

of last resort to

mop up after

the system has

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THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

## Thursday, November 9, 2023 | A11



isten up, maggots. What this company needs is more effort and less whining, and I know just the person to set the tone: a drill sergeant or somebody who survived one.

So goes the thinking at the companies that are lining up to hire the roughly 200,000 people who leave the military each year. The last jobs report before Veterans Day showed the unemployment rate for former service members is 2.9%, a full point lower than the overall U.S. rate.

Businesses' interest in a Pentagon program that connects service members to companies grew so intense over the summer that the Department of Defense temporarily stopped taking applications from companies to join the ranks of private-sector partners. The Skillbridge program, as it's known, had 150 participating employers in 2019. Today there are more than 3,800including Bank of America, Lowe's and Deloitte—and applications recently reopened, following a review of how to handle the staggering demand.

## Missing Qualities at Work

Veterans and companies that recruit from the armed forces say vets' appeal is rooted in hard work, humility and attention to detail. Many a manager has complained to me that such qualities are hard to find in the age of wint guitting and apfice backing

quiet quitting and coffee badging. The learning curve for former service members in the private sector can be steep, companies say, but they come with little sense of entitlement and can handle—or even crave—constructive criticism.

Jenna Ashby MacFarland, a former Army drill sergeant who serves in the Georgia National Guard, joined Wayfair as a recruiter in 2021, a radically different workplace and work persona for her.

"You put on your uniform, and ti does feel a little bit like having an alter ego, a Clark Kent moment of taking off the glasses," she says. Recently she took a professionaldevelopment course with Wayfair co-workers. "We were talking about being more blunt in your feedback and not tiptoeing around sissues, and some folks raised their eyebrows at it. I thought, well, this sounds familiar."

There is a place for a drill sergeant's directness in the office after all, she thought, though adds that the private-sector use for her background is not barking orders. She's never told a colleague to drop and give her 50 push-ups. Drill sergeants make good employees, she says, because their high standards can rub off on others. "Wayfair has a strong appetite to hire veterans," a spokeswoman said, adding that the company employs a few hundred and values their leadership and versatility.



## Your New Co-Worker Is a Total Drill Sergeant

Companies hungry for new recruits line up to hire military veterans



Vishal Amin, above, Jenna Ashby MacFarland, right, and Brandon Gillum are among the veterans who brought their skills to the private sector while learning new ones.

## Different kind of boot camp

My own, unscientific survey of more than 100 ex-drill sergeants' LinkedIn pages found them in a wide range of roles, including chief operating officer positions at a Massachusetts solar company and a South Carolina Chick-fil-A. Many wind up in law enforcement, of course. Quite a few were in hu-





rate jobs. I confess that much of it

Bridgewater Associates, the world's largest hedge fund, has often hired vets on character and potential, says former chief executive David McCormick. Many fit into the firm's well-known culture of embracing conflict in pursuit of winning ideas.

"A significant majority don't have the necessary skills, but skills are teachable," says McCormick, a Gulf War veteran who stepped down as CEO last year to run for U.S. Senate in Pennsylvania. "Ability is not teachable and values are often not teachable, so the qualities that we are least able to influence are the things we often find in veterans." Microsoft runs what it de-

Microsoft runs what it describes as a tech boot camp for veterans. Almost everyone who completes it—about 3,600 people so far—lands a job internally or at another company, says Chris Cortez, a retired Marine Corps major general who's now Microsoft's vice president of military affairs.

Plenty of civilians take coding crash courses, too, but people with military experience often bring a different sensibility to their work, says Vishal Amin, a fighter pilot turned cybersecurity leader at Microsoft.

"To these veterans this isn't just a job," he says. "It's a way to impact society in a greater capacity."

## Willing to pay their dues

Brandon Gillum, who was part of a team that refuels jets on aircraft carriers during his eight-plus years in the Navy, says being hollered at never bothered him. Boot camp was kind of fun, he claims. He's spent the past six months as an intern learning to be a power plant operator at NRG Energy near Houston and was hired full time a few weeks ago.

Certain abilities carry over. His trained ear, perfected in a cacophony of fuel pumps below deck, can tell when the machinery he now oversees sounds a bit off. Attitude might be his best asset.

Gillum says he seeks feedback no critique rattles him after basic training—and accepts overnight shifts without complaint. The military hierarchy forges a pay-yourdues mindset that differs from some young professionals' expectation of immediate flexibility.

"Anytime I go somewhere and there are more senior people, I do not expect anywhere near the perks that they get," he says. "I know it took time, and they worked to get to that point. I'm not entitled to it."

Another new NRG plant operator, Air Force veteran Larry Blanco, used to maintain intercontinental ballistic-missile systems. Trading that epic job for intern status while he was training was an adjustment. Then again, there aren't too many private-sector

man resources.

A handful list their drill-sergeant experience in all-caps in their online profiles. YOU CAN AL-MOST HEAR THEM YELLING THROUGH THE COMPUTER SCREEN.

Sometimes it can be tough to explain how military skills apply to



the private sector. A West Point grad, one of the most impressive people I know, once asked me to help translate his résumé for applications to grad school and corpobaffled me. He's still in the Army.

Businesses are trying harder to understand now. Meta, for example, created a military-skills translation tool to help match veterans with jobs at the company. Enter your armed-forces title, and it spits out corporate roles that could be a fit. openings for people who take care of nukes.

To those who questioned whether he could learn something new, Blanco crafted a convincing pitch: "If I could be responsible enough to maintain that weapon system, I absolutely can maintain this plant for you."

## A Film, Taylor's Version, Disrupts Other Screenings

### By SARA ASHLEY O'BRIEN

**TAYLOR SWIFT** is unmissable these days. Fans can find her performing live for crowds of 70,000, cheering for the Kansas City Chiefs from a coveted box, stepping out to dinner in New York City and filling theater seats for her "Eras Tour" film.

Even those who aren't tuning in are getting an earful.

Moviegoers say they've been surprised to hear the musician's songs through the walls at showings of "The Exorcist: Believer" and "Killers of the Flower Moon" as theaters have struggled to contain the sound of her nearly three-hour concert film.

Connor Petrey, editor in chief of movie and television review site Cinefied, heard notes from Swift's "Look What You Made Me Do" while attending a screening of Martin Scorsese's "Killers" at a Cinemarkowned theater near Cleveland, Ohio. An emotional scene when stars Leonardo DiCaprio and Lily Gladstone grapple with deaths of Osage people was kind of spoiled by some serious thumping on the wall from the speakers," Petrey, 27, said. He comgred the booming, invasive sounds and of Swift's stadium tour to explosions in a Michael Bay action film.

Rob Laltrello, a 21-year-old video editor, was sitting in the middle of a theater in Marietta, Ga., for a 7 p.m. showing of "The Exorcist: Believer" when he lost focus. "All I could hear was that one song about Romeo and Juliet on my left," he said, referring to Swift's "Love Story," playing during a relatively quiet scene where Victor, played by Leslie Odom Jr., is speaking to his daughter. At another point, Laltrello briefly became preoccupied by the sound of Swift's "All Too Well (10-Minute Version)."

He said other people in the theater seemed more amused than irritated. "I think everyone there watching 'The Exorcist' grew closer, laughing at, like, 'Why can we hear Taylor Swift right now?"

The team behind "The Exorcist: Believer" pushed the horror film's release date by one week to avoid conflicting with the concert film's Oct. 13 theatrical debut. Producer Jason Blum tweeted the announcement with a Swiftian lyrical reference: "Look what you made me do."

That hasn't prevented "Taylor Swift: The Eras Tour" from stealing the show.

"That's kind of the impact of her right now," said Laltrello, who credits having dated a Swiftie for his knowledge of her songs. "Obviously, huge in the news is what's happening with the NFL and her. This is one more thing where it's like—not in a negative way—Taylor Swift is kind of being crammed down our throats."

Swift's connection to Kansas City Chiefs tight end Travis Kelce has been fodder for countless headlines. She's become a central character during Sunday Night Football and will be performing at stadiums



Swift's film grossed more than \$200 million in its first three weekends.

through next November. Her album re-recordings have given fans even more Swift to devour.

Swift's film production has proven a major boon for Swift and theaters, grossing more than \$200 million in its first three weekends, according to box-office data from Comscore. AMC Theatres, the film's distributor, also confirmed the figure.

Chains including AMC, Regal and Cineplex are encouraging attendees to dance and sing throughout the film.

Some theaters

encourage Swift

fans to dance

and sing during

the film.

Another company, Cinemark, is offering an option for people to rent auditoriums for up to 40 people to have a "full-on dance party" with the film.

Cara Ogburn is the artistic director of the Milwaukee Film, which operates the historic Oriental Theatre that recently underwent a \$6 million restoration a

\$6 million restoration and renovation.

Part of that sum went to installing "sound-dampening material on pretty much every wall" of the three-screen movie theater and adding soundproof doors. That said, noise is still leaking into the lobby. "

"We have a history of showing 'Stop Making Sense' for many, many years," said Ogburn of the 1984 Talking Heads movie. "So we are familiar with the joy, as well as the technical challenge that presenting something loud can create."

"We have yet to receive noise complaints from other auditoriums resulting from these showings," said Michelle Saba, vice president of communications at Cineplex in an emailed statement. "Cineplex places a high emphasis on ensuring all our guests have a memorable and positive experience in our theaters and take pride in providing viewing experiences in state-of-the-art auditoriums."

AMC said complaints about disruptive noises in other auditoriums have been lower for "The Eras Tour" compared with other blockbuster releases.

Regal and Cinemark didn't respond to requests for comment. Duane Farley II, a 29-year-old pizza

delivery driver, and his mother are both horror-film lovers. The two caught a recent showing of "The Exorcist" in Albemarle, N.C., where "The Eras Tour" was audible during moments of "intense silence."

Farley II joked about the experience with his mother as it

was happening: "I'd elbow her and say, 'Oh I love this one.""

Davis MacKinlay, a 22-year-old musician and songwriter in Toronto who has tickets to see Swift on tour in November 2024, said it has been hard to ignore concert footage on social media.

The concert was also unavoidable at a recent showing of "The Exorcist" that she and her sister attended at a Cineplex-owned theater. "You could hear the bass and people singing along in the theater," she said.

MacKinlay said that the sounds actually enhanced her viewing experience. "You got the best of both worlds," she said. "You watch 'Exorcist,' and you can hear Taylor Swift at the same time."

## PERSONAL JOURNAL.



## **Room for Improvement: Airbnb Tries to Fix Review Problem**

Vague ratings lead to changes, including a designation for the best-liked properties

**BY ALLISON POHLE** 

ould you trust **Airbnb** reviews more if you knew more about the guests leaving reviews? The short-term rental company is hoping you will.

Airbnb announced several changes to its ratings and reviews page on Wednesday. Potential guests looking at past reviews of properties will see more information about reviewers. This could include where they are from, the length of their stay and whether they traveled with children, pets or in a group. Hosts with homes receiving excellent ratings and reviews from guests will also receive a new Guest Favorites designation.

The changes aim to make reviews more relevant to potential guests and get more people to see Airbnb as a reliable alternative to

listings—once they arrive.

"In some ways, we'll never be as predictable as a hotel, and maybe that's the point....I think there can be a tipping point, a leveling of the playing field, where Airbnb in many ways could be as reliable, but still retain the affordability and the uniqueness in all the amenities that you don't get in a hotel," Chesky said.

Airbnb recently reported its most profitable quarter to date, but acknowledged weaker demand in the current quarter. Chesky told investors the company is focused on making Airbnb more reliable.

In addition to adding more information about the reviewer, the company will publicly display the overall star rating the guest left for the host. Previously, specific guest ratings weren't shown next to the reviewer's comments.

If guests don't want to have their personal information included with their reviews, they can contact customer support to opt out of having it shown, the company said. Travelers can now sort reviews by the most recent or by rating, and can easily see the distribution of star ratings on a scale of one to five. Before this change, travelers couldn't tell how many one-star ratings a property received, for ex-



## company AirDNA.

With most listings ranking above 4.5 stars, guests say they can have trouble discerning what separates a 4.6-star property from a 4.8-star property. Many guests say they don't feel comfortable leaving honest reviews for fear of harming the host.

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Hosts express anxiety over earning five-star reviews, with some creating magnets encouraging guests to leave the highest marks.

Chesky acknowledged that some guests don't want to leave negative reviews, but says people complain to Airbnb to get their money back if their stay wasn't up to their standards. He says about two-thirds of guests leave reviews after their stays.

The Airbnb changes aim to get more people to see Airbnb as a reliable alternative to a hotel.

To help guests better understand what to expect, the company also introduced new features that allow hosts to better organize photos of each room in their listing.

The Guest Favorites tag is meant for homes with stellar ratings, reviews and other reliability metrics, such as cancellations and customer-service issues.

The company also uses artificial intelligence to scan the sentiment of reviews, Chesky said. The technology can determine whether the reviewer's tone lacks sincerity or

whether the review is truly effusive. For example, if a guest leaves a five-star review, but thought the photos weren't what they expected, the company says it would take this into account when deter-

mining the Guest Favorites designation. The company has granted this status to two million of the more than seven million listings on the platform.

**Early reaction** Richard Branyan, an objects conservator, hosts three short-term rentals in Natchez, Miss. He discovered Wednesday that his three Airbnb properties are Guest Favorites. He says he likes the new updates, which include a breakdown of how many stars each property received, because they give more information to guests.

Nancy Russell, a nurse and Airbnb host in Summerland, Calif., rents a basement unit and a studio on Airbnb. The basement unit costs about \$160 a night and is rated 4.54. Russell says she offers a good product at a reasonable price, so she doesn't stress over reviews.

She thinks the new display, which shows a distribution of star

hotels. Until now, the review page didn't give enough information, Brian Chesky, the company's chief executive, said in an interview. Airbnb says it's trying to give guests the most accurate portrait of the homes they'll be visiting. The goal is to avoid any unpleasant surprises—such as homes that don't look like the photos in their

Reviews will now show more information about reviewers, which could include where they are from and whether they traveled with children.

### ample.

The redesigned features change the display, but don't change the rating system itself. Guests will continue to rate their stay on a

five-star scale. The average rating for homes in the U.S. on Airbnb, excluding room rentals, for January through September was 4.787 out of 5, according to analytics

ratings, proves how subjective reviews are. Her properties, which she markets as budget, have sometimes received lower Value scores, meaning guests didn't always feel the property was worth the cost. "You realize how much personal opinion the reviews are, and not how factual," Russell says.

## **Trick** Yourself **Into Eating** Less Sugar

### BY ALINA DIZIK

WHAT IF THE BEST way to curb sugar cravings is just to eat as much as you want?

That is the core of an idea gaining traction among dietitians, who say that letting ourselves graze unfettered on a cache of Halloween fun-size Snickers can reduce our sugar lust in the long run.

Forbidding sweets entirely can result in overindulging later by increasing your cravings for sugary foods, research has found. So some dietitians recommend keeping sugary snacks on hand and eating

them as you like. Doing so, they say, takes away the feeling that such foods are forbidden fruit and makes us crave them less.

"When people try to eliminate or severely restrict, it generally just backfires," says Rachael Hartley, a Boston dietitian.

Americans are eating too much sugar, doctors and researchers say, contributing to a range of health problems. Government dietary guidelines recommend that Americans get less than 10% of their daily calories from added sugars, but many of us exceed that.

The seemingly obvious way to

avoid overindulging-a zero-treats policy-often fails. People assume they can build up the willpower to completely avoid sweets or restrict them to tinv amounts, but cutting them out increases the chances of overeating later, says Dr. Judson Brewer, a neuroscientist and psychiatrist at Brown University and author of a forthcoming book about eating habits.

"Willpower is more myth than muscle," says Brewer.

Some people find that setting a blanket rule to avoid certain foods feels more feasible than having to decide whether to eat them with each encounter. But that strategy tends to work better with a smaller subset of foods than all sweets and is hard to stick with for all

sugary treats over the long term, says Debbie Petitpain, a registered dietitian and spokeswoman for the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics.

### Why restriction is hard

Sweetened foods trigger a primitive instinct for us to enjoy them and want to continue eating more of them, says Petitpain. Compared with naturally sweet foods like blueberries, processed foods with added sugars, such as gummy bears, deliver a dopamine hit that can make it tougher to stop eating them, says Brewer.

Nutritionists who work with peo-

ple who have eating disorders say restriction can promote an all-ornothing approach to sweets, meaning they might eat an entire bag of candy today because another diet starts tomorrow.

Research at the University of Minnesota has found that dietary restriction is associated with a greater risk of disordered eating, including binge eating, and can lead to excessive weight gain.

Dietary restriction "ends up in a kind of binge cycle as opposed to a cycle of flexible eating," says Dianne Neumark-Sztainer, a University of Minnesota professor who is the principal investigator of the studies.

Hartley, the dietitian, works with clients on what she calls "stocking behaviors." She asks them to keep some of their favorite foods, especially desserts, on hand at home. Over weeks, as people become used to having the treats available, they find that their need to fill up on them decreases, she says. Some people may want to eat lots of sugar at first, but the feeling usually subsides over time, she says.

You get used to the flavors and the food comes off the pedestal, it starts to feel like any other food," she says.

### Sugar game plans

Allison Tragash, a 41-year-old mother of two school-age children in South Orange, N.J., says she doesn't give her children a blanket no when they ask for sweets like cookies. Instead, she offers up other healthier foods alongside the sweets. Or, she'll tell her kids they can eat the treat but have to wait until mealtime.

She'll ask her 5- and 9-year-old to consider how they will feel after only eating cake for dinner.

The more permissive I am, the less they try to take the dessert," she says. "They don't even necessarily eat it, they just want to know they can have it."

Unsurprisingly, a fully permissive approach to sugar won't work for kids, savs Crystal Karges, a San Diego-based dietitian who works with families. Still, she doesn't encourage restriction. One strategy she suggests is to offer sweets alongside regular meals in order to normalize the treats.

Brewer, the neuroscientist, suggests another alternative to restricting yourself: Find your "pleasure plateau." Rather than cutting out treats entirely, train yourself to pay close attention to how a treat is tasting as you eat it and note when you stop enjoying the taste of it.

Practicing attentive eating or mindfulness over time can help your body feel the rewards of limiting sugar consumption, which can be anything from having more energy to fewer cravings to weight loss, Brewer says.

Keeping your home well-stocked with healthy snacks, alongside indulgent treats, is helpful. In her own home, Neumark-Sztainer says roughly 70% of the food options are nutritious and lack added sugar, including whole grains, fruits and vegetables.

She doesn't recommend most people count the amount of sugar they eat each day, which can increase anxiety. "Try to look at the whole picture and not to make a big g deal about it," she says.

## **ARTS IN REVIEW**

## **ART REVIEW**

## **A Brush With Genius in New York**

Henry Taylor's work celebrates the black experience with stunning portraits and mysterious narratives

## BY BRIAN P. KELLY

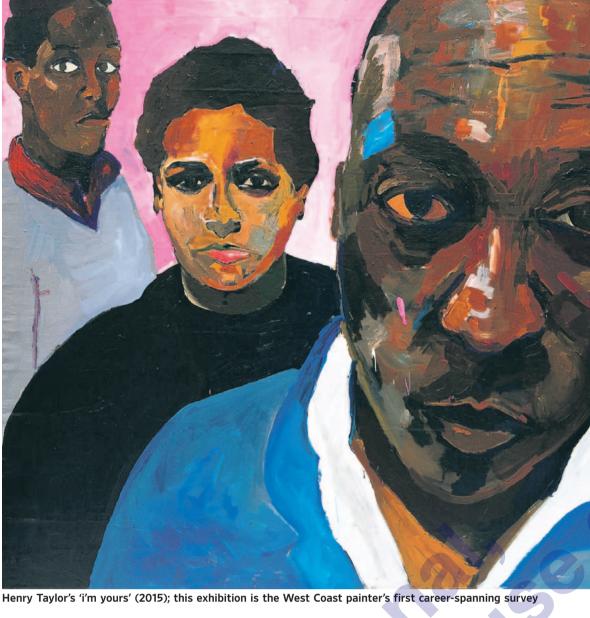
New York t's a simple thing, an exhibition of paintings. For all the curators, academics, gallerists, advisers, collectors and-yes-critics who might play a role in a painting's life, it is, at the end, the most approachable of forms: An artist has an idea, tries to put it down on canvas, and you look at it. This straightforwardness may be one reason shows like "Henry Taylor: B Side" are so rare: There's little room for the artist to hide. Now, viewers have become accustomed to any large solo exhibition of a contemporary artist at a major museum including all sorts of accouterments. Happenings. Activations. Immersions. Experiences.

This show at the Whitney is free of these, and with only a handful of exceptions is a frank, pictureson-walls exhibition. It's the most exciting show I've seen all year.

With over 130 works organized thematically, "B Side" is the first survey to span Mr. Taylor's 30-year career. Originating at the Museum of Contemporary Art in Los Angeles last fall and curated by Bennett Simpson with Anastasia Kahn, the Whitney's version of the show is organized by Barbara Haskell with Colton Klein and Caroline Webb.

The 65-year-old Mr. Taylor is less known on the East Coast than the West, and with sections dedicated to icons within the black community, family and friends, art-world compatriots, his creative beginnings, and the Los Angeles where he has long lived and worked, "B Side" serves as a deeply personal introduction. And an unflinching one: Those who recognize Mr. Taylor's work will likely have seen "THE TIMES THAY AINT A CHANGING, FAST ENOUGH!," which depicts the police killing of Philando Castile during a 2016 traffic stop. It caused a stir when it was shown at the 2017 Whitney Biennial, and is included here in an especially political gallery.

"B Side" opens with a pair of paintings that herald the show as a celebration of black life that also doesn't



aid, the painting retains the precision of the sign behind him—for a See's Candies shop, which grounds what we see in the real world—but removes the text on the cardboard, allowing us to fill in our own message. The face of the man, rendered with an economy of strokes, turns him into a cipher—who is he? what does he want?and he is simultaneously preacher and panhandler, advertiser and apocalyptist.

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The highlights here are too many to name: "Fatty" (2006), who grasps a can of Olde English outside a market in a way that could be contented or accusatory; "Untitled (Ethiopian Pharmacist)" (2016), in which vibrant blocks of color move the piece to near abstraction as the titular professional is engaged in his scientific magic-making; paintings of black children holding guns, a co-opting of frontier portraiture charged with tension. Early drawings from his time as a psychiatric technician at a mental hospital reveal a keen draftsman with an eye for faces; paintings from his student days see him experimenting with space and symbolism; and small painted objects (cigarette packs, cereal boxes) provide insight into his creative process as he used them to sketch subjects and insert language into his work.

Near the entrance to the exhibition, "i'm yours" (2015) is a portrait of the artist with his son and daughter. Mr. Taylor looms large in the foreground, staring out at us, vulnerable yet protective of his children. That mien-unguarded but powerful—is present throughout the show, a three-dimensional portrait of a singular artist working in two dimensions.

## Henry Taylor: B Side

Whitney Museum of American Art, through Jan. 28, 2024

Mr. Kelly is the Journal's associate Arts in Review editor. Follow him on X @bpkelly89.

While people are always the patchy grays and greens the center of attention in Mr. roughly sketched lower half Taylor's work, he crafts narratives infused with mystery that draw us in, casting the viewer as a character in his subjects' stories. "Too

Sweet" (2016) is an unparalleled example of how Mr. Taylor blends precise detail with important omissions to accomplish this. Based on a photo of a man holding a piece of cardboard asking for



ing the painting the air of a rally poster, fitting for the man who broke baseball's color barrier. But it's not just heroes who get treated heroically in Mr. Taylor's art. He's a master of the portrait, elevating his circle by capturing their quiet humanity in ways both comforting and confrontational. His "Portrait of Steve Cannon"

(2013) is deep in thought,

emphasizing the cerebral, making us wonder what's going on in the writer's clearly rendered head. Mr. Taylor's 2010 painting of Andrea Bowers, on the other hand, is brash, with that artist sternly regarding us, arms crossed, as if we've interrupted her work.

of the background and his



shy away from its hardships. "See Alice Jump" (2011) shows Alice Coachman leaping over an invisible barrier in a drab neighborhood. While in 1948 the high jumper became the first black woman ever to win gold at the Olympics, her journey to the podium was fraught; Coachman (1923-2014) was born and raised in the segregated South. Here, her figure seems to burst out of the canvas, literally rising above the circumstances of her birth as she soars over the buildings below, backed by a flat, azure sky. In "Untitled" (2016-22), Martin Luther King Jr. tosses a football with a group of children-a rare depiction of the civil-rights leader at leisure—but a trio of ominous figures watching in the background reminds us of the surveillance King endured and portends his violent end.

In the section dedicated to black legends, "A Jack Move — Proved It" (2011) re-creates a classic image of Jackie Robinson stealing home, its blocky colors and Robinson's raised fist lend-



Mr. Taylor's 'Too Sweet' (2016), above, and an installation view of 'B Side,' currently on view at the Whitney, below





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camera zooms in on Southern California's

men's basketball play-

## **SPORTS**

### BY RACHEL BACHMAN

ers sitting in the stands of a gym in Dubrovnik, Croatia. It is August, and the preseason No. 21 Trojans—who feature star guard Boogie Ellis, Le-Bron James's son Bronny and Dennis Rodman's son DJ-have assembled to watch an even bigger curiosity than their starry team.

"Not gonna lie," USC guard Kobe Johnson says. "We're all here to see Caitlin Clark."

The Trojans' European tour happened to intersect with the Iowa women's team's trip, and Johnson was speaking in a recent Big Ten Network docuseries on the Hawkeyes. The project was part of a flurry of activity stirred by the public fascination with Clark, Iowa's senior guard and queen of the midcourt shot who capped last season by becoming national player of the year.

After leading the Hawkeyes on a blockbuster run to the title game—where they lost to LSU before a record 9.9 million TV viewers-Clark and No. 3-ranked Iowa tipped off the season Monday in a rapidly evolving women's basketball world.

The most recognizable players in the college game are now women: Clark, LSU's Angel Reese and UConn's Paige Bueckers. Female players stay in college longer than men, since WNBA rules require a four-year wait between high school and the draft. That longer runway, along with the megaphone of social media, ads from their sponsors and increased TV broadcasts of women's games, are combining to elevate female stars like never before.

Yet Clark, who's on track to break the NCAA women's career scoring record this season, stands out even among the stars of this first NIL generation. Her magnetic draw has led to Iowa's first-ever full-season sellout of Carver-Hawkeye Arena. It's driving up ticket prices to Iowa games and women's basketball overall. It's even inspired the creation of entirely new events.

Clark rebuts the timeworn knock on women's basketball—that it lacks dunks—by emerging as her own version of beloved NBA superstar Stephen Curry, said retired

## **College Basketball's Caitlin Clark Economy**

The high-scoring guard led Iowa to the 2023 NCAA final. Now she's reshaping tickets, ads and events in women's basketball.



lowa basketball star Caitlin Clark is on track to break the NCAA women's career scoring record this season.

WNBA and UConn star Sue Bird. Clark's shots from the midcourt logo, laser-like assists and fiery confidence have mesmerized fans.

"I mean, it's jaw-dropping. It's eye-popping," Bird said. "It makes you take note of those moments."

On Thursday, Iowa has an early season showdown with another Final Four team, Virginia Tech, at the Charlotte Hornets' home arena in the Ally Tipoff, a rare standalone women's college basketball event. "It would be fair to say Caitlin Clark was the driver," said Danny Morrison, executive director of event organizer Charlotte Sports Foundation.

Before the season opened, the average resale ticket price to see regular-season women's basketball was up 75% from a year ago, a SeatGeek spokeswoman said. The

two highest-demand games involve Iowa. Tickets to the Hawkeyes' conference road games were reselling for an average of \$135 and home games for \$180, according to SeatGeek. By comparison, tickets to NCAA champion LSU games were reselling for an average of \$101 (road) and \$76 (home).

On Oct. 15, Iowa staged a women's basketball exhibition game against DePaul at the school's football home, Kinnick Stadium. More than 55,000 people showed up to the game, which was held for charity under NCAA rules, producing a surplus of \$250,000 that Iowa is giving to the university children's hospital.

While regular-season women's college basketball was hard to find on television a generation ago, Big Ten media partners snapped up all 18 of Iowa's conference games this season. It's no wonder. Last season, when the conference produced three NCAA tournament Elite Eight teams, Iowa games drew double the average audience of other women's basketball games on the Big Ten Network, said Michael Calderon, BTN's SVP of programming and digital media.

Few athletes have capitalized on the NIL space more than women's basketball players. The Wall Street Journal asked several leading athletic-shoe companies about their individual sponsorship deals with college basketball players. Of the dozen players who have individual shoe deals, nine are women. That includes Clark, who represents Nike.

Perhaps the biggest sign of her arrival into the sports mainstream: State Farm. the insurance company whose televised ads featuring the NBA's Chris Paul and NFL star Patrick Mahomes are in heavy rotation, made her its first sponsored active college athlete. Clark already has been featured with Jake From State Farm in the company's social-media posts.

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

Iowans have long adored girls' and women's basketball. The state launched a girls state high school tournament in 1920. Basketball Hall of Fame coach C. Vivian Stringer encouraged a fire-codebusting attendance of 22,157 at Iowa's 15,000-seat Carver-Hawkeye Arena as the Hawkeyes hosted Ohio State in 1983—then an NCAA women's record. But Clark is something new.

"There are shoulders of giants she's standing on-but she's still towering over them," said Jennifer Sterling, an Iowa associate professor of instruction who teaches a course called Women, Sport and Culture. Iowans love Clark not only for her skill but also because she's "approachable and authentic," Sterling said.

In the waning seconds of the NCAA final, Clark was part of a moment that's still echoing through the sport. LSU's Reese taunted Clark by mimicking a pro wrestler move, waving her hand before her own face—a gesture Clark herself had made during a previous game. The nationwide reaction was racially charged. Clark and most of the Iowa team was white; Reese and most of LSU's team was Black.

Clark later said Reese shouldn't be criticized, adding, "I think everybody knew there was going to be a little trash talk in the entire tournament." Iowa fans, Sterling said, "took Caitlin's lead. She said it was OK. When she talks, people definitely listen."

In July, Iowa native and PGA Tour pro Zach Johnson was paired to play nine holes with Clark in a Pro-Am event before the John Deere Classic in Silvis, Ill. The crush of people following Clark was so great that Johnson-who has won the Masters and the British Open—asked the cameras to move back and give her space.

Even other tour pros were hovering in Clark's orbit. "I had peers of mine asking if I could somehow arrange it so that they were the other pro to play with her," Johnson said.



## Aaron Rodgers Wants to Play This Season. It Isn't Crazy.

By ANDREW BEATON AND LOUISE RADNOFSKY

### SOON AFTER AARON RODGERS suffered what's typically a

What makes projecting an expedited comeback particuseason-ending Achilles inlarly mystifying is that

would be rapid.

Rosenblatt adds.

pens to be an NCAA men's gymnastics champion after winning the 1996 team title with Ohio State. He's one of the few people on earth who knows as much about men's gymnastics as he does foot

## LOOK SHARP | By Priyanka Sethy & Ajeet Singh

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iury on his first drive with the New York Jets, he suggested something that sounded radical even for Aaron Rodgers. He wanted to try to return this season.

The idea of returning from his Achilles tear within just a handful of months seemed impossible. It's an injury that has historically required up to a year for recovery—if recovery is even possible. Even Rodgers acknowledges there's a long way to go before achieving his stated goal.

But two things have happened in recent weeks that make his long shot comeback even more plausible. The Jets have played well enough, despite poor play at quarterback, that the team may actually have meaningful late-season games to make his return worthwhile. And along the way, Rodgers has raised expectations with his clear and very public signs of speedy improvement-standing on the sidelines during games and even dropping back to throw passes during warm-ups.

Before Monday's loss to the Chargers, when the Jets scored just six points in a sign of how much they miss the four-time Most Valuable Player winner, Rodgers was on the field heaving the ball 50-plus yards.

Medical experts say with advancements in surgery and rehab techniques, athletes can rush back in what have once been considered startlingly short windows. Dr. Yoni Rosenblatt, a sports physical therapist who has worked with NFL players and Olympians, says that for the relatively new internal brace procedure done on Rodgers, a standard recovery might be about six months. Three to four months, which could see him play again this season or in the playoffs,

there's seemingly no precedent in the NFL. Rams running back Cam Akers turned heads a couple of years ago with his quick recovery, and that took over five months.

"But it's not outlandish,"

It turns out, though, that there is at least one instance of a world-class athlete tearing his Achilles and coming back to perform at an elite

and ankle injuries. Canales once believed he'd already seen one of the fastest recoveries ever when Russia's Nikolai Kryukov stormed back from an Achilles tear to compete in men's gymnastics at the 2000

Olympics. "I thought seven

months would be the most

Aaron Rodgers threw passes on the field on Monday night.

level just a few months later. Aaron is trying to follow in the footsteps of a Russian gymnast named Artur.

Artur Dalaloyan stunned the Tokyo Olympics when he ran, jumped and tumbled on an Achilles that he said he had torn completely all of three months earlier. Dalaloyan did more than simply participate-he competed on floor, vault, parallel bars, high bar, rings and pommel horse to secure a gold medal for the Russian Olympic Committee in the men's team final. It was the gymnastics equivalent of returning for the postseason, taking every snap and leading the Jets to a Lombardi Trophy.

One particularly awed viewer was Michael Canales, a doctor of podiatric medicine who treats Achilles tendon injuries who also hapaccelerated recovery course," he says.

Two decades later, he watched that time halved.

Canales says that Rodgers is past the initial risk of surgery, which is infection. The main risk now, he adds, isn't necessarily Rodgers reinjuring his Achilles-but compensating for it and injuring something else.

On Monday night, after Rodgers watched from the sidelines as the Jets' offensive futility led to the end of their three-game winning streak. he told a Chargers player that he would be back in a few weeks. Appearing on "The Pat McAfee Show" Tuesday, Rodgers said that was a bit of an exaggeration.

"It'll be a few fortnights," he said, which would have him back in December.

ELSA/GETTY

Joe Biden is

back in his comfort zone,

him, if not for

the Democratic

Party. He's giv-

on his favorite

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ing

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Monday

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## **OPINION**

## **Bidenomics Gets No Respect**



LAND **Bv** Daniel Henninger

promoted a revival of Amtrak. Bidenomics was supposed to be Mr. Biden's path to a second term. On the evidence, Bidenomics isn't selling politically. The latest dark cloud is the New York Times/Siena College poll that found in five battleground states Mr. Biden is running behind the Permanent Defendant, Donald Trump.

## Citing the president's age lets Democrats off the hook for his economic policies.

Conventional wisdom-conventional because there's something to it-blames Mr. Biden's age (a nice word for neurological decline), inflation's lingering effects, high interest rates and John O. Public's sour mood. Nearly three years after Mr. Biden's inauguration, more than 70% think the country is headed in the wrong direction.

Most of this analysis doesn't include the Biden economic policies among the reasons for his political decline. But I do.

A big frustration for the White House and its supporters is their belief that attitudes about the direction of the country ought to include

low unemployment, higher average hourly earnings, and inflation coming off last year's highs. Strong consumer spending would suggest people are not in a bad mood. But somehow, they are. The comedian Rodney Dangerfield perfected a character

who complained, "I don't get no respect." Maybe the short version of Mr. Biden's troubles is that he is Rodney Dangerfield, a presidential schlump who will never get respect.

But if this Democratic narrative is allowed to take holdthat Mr. Biden's political problems with the general public are personal-that will fence off his administration's policies from responsibility for this presidency's failure. Most of all, Bidenomics.

Rather than just a Biden casualty, the political failure of Bidenomics is a significant event.

As the administration has argued, this was the most important outlay of federal spending since FDR. The Biden-Democratic spending, supported at times by Republicans, has been massive. More important, it conformed to the standard party model of sending transfer payments to individuals and subsidies to businesses, though a new wrinkle is that most of the subsidies are for climate initiatives.

The scope of the spending is mind-boggling. Beyond the initial direct Covid payments to individuals and expanded unemployment benefits, the administration has poured money into infrastructure, veterans benefits, child care, food stamps, ObamaCare expansions, semiconductor production and about \$400 billion on climate projects in the Inflation Reduction Act. Throw in some \$127 billion in strong data for job growth, student-debt cancellation, by



**Rodney Dangerfield** 

the administration's own latest estimate.

And no one cared?

The RealClearPolitics average of 10 polls puts approval for Mr. Biden's handling of the economy at 38%. What we have here is more than just a failure to communicate or an extended bout of post-pandemic blues.

For an explanation, we turn to the best possible source-Mr. Biden himself. Last June in Chicago, the president delivered a long speech defining and defending Bidenomics. It was the first time he cited this newspaper's editorial page for popularizing the term, which he now embraced.

"Bidenomics," Mr. Biden said. "is about building an economy from the middle out and the bottom up, not the top down." I can't think of much of anything, including free-market economic theory, that builds from the "top down." Maybe Sam Bankman-Fried's FTX. But central to the modern Democratic Party's pitch is what Mr. Biden variously calls "smart investments" or "tar geted investments."

During the Obama years Democrats aggressively sub-

stituted the word "investments" for public spending. The problem for Mr. Biden and his party is that increasingly, I don't think most people believe, if they ever did, that public spending is somea how an investment in them personally.

Most Americans work in the real economy, which is to say the private sector of measurable profit and loss, for employers and themselves. They live in the economic world as it exists now, not in some piein-the-sky promise progressives say they will deliver in 20 years. When Mr. Biden says, "We're now investing in key industries of the future"listing electric cars, batteries and clean energy-why should voters be moved? The auto workers struck in part because they believed battery-powered electric vehicles would dis-

place jobs they have now. He talked about "investments in clean energy technology" that "continue to lower the cost of wind." It went on and on like this. "You're not going to see anybody building a new coal-fired plant in America." These multibilliondollar climate projects send a message to much of the currently employed labor force: You are vulnerable. As to that \$127 billion in student-debt relief, many do see it as targeted investment-for someone else. Inflation may be a factor, but we need to consider

whether the political failure of Bidenomics marks a historic turning point. The outlays were unprecedented. But it looks like people may no longer be moved by the traditional Democratic strategy of transfers and targeting. In the real economy today, people want more say-so in where their own money goes.

Write henninger@wsj.com.

## Voters Want Anyone but Trump or Biden

### By Karl Rove

s Democrats savor their victories in Tuesday's Ohio abortion referendum, Kentucky governor's race and Virginia and New Jersey legislative contests, they might be tempted to ignore the implications of a Nov. 3 New York Times/Siena College poll that shows Donald Trump beating Joe Biden in five of six 2024 battleground states. Mr. Trump lost all six in 2020.

Mr. Trump leads Mr. Biden Georgia, 5 in Michigan, 10 in ney by 8 points a year before in the latest polls. Nevada and 4 in Pennsvlvania. Mr. Biden beats Mr. Trump only in Wisconsin, by 2 points. Among the combined six-state sample of 3,662 registered voters. Mr. Trump leads by four points. 48% to 44%. If the 2024 election plays out this way-adjusting for reapportionment but otherwise assuming other states stav the same—Mr. Trump would flip the White House, winning 302 electoral votes to Mr. Biden's 236. Last time it was 232 Trump, 306 Biden. The poll shows a real risk for Mr. Biden from three blocs critical to his 2020 victory and his hopes for a 2024 repeat—young, Latino and black voters. His drop among these groups is driven by poor approval numbers on key issues-especially the econwidespread omv—and a feeling that he's too old (71%)

of respondents agreed) and Gov. Nikki Haley beats Mr. Bi- the national debt. Democratic doesn't have the "mental sharpness" to be president (62%).

Team Biden's response was predictable and anemic. Campaign manager Julia Chavez Rodriguez emailed supporters to say polls a year before the election "are not predictive" before asking for a \$25 donation. Spokesman Kevin Munoz opined that "predictions more than a year out tend to look a little different a year later," then said a Gallup poll had Ba- Neither looks good

den in all six battlegrounds now. In four states, her margins are wider than Mr. Trump's: She leads Mr. Biden by 7 points in Arizona, 3 in Georgia, 10 in Michigan and Pennsylvania, 6 in Nevada, and 13 in Wisconsin. Among the combined six states, Ms. Haley leads by 8 points (46% to 38%), twice Mr. Trump's margin.

messaging mavens can try casting a fresh Republican as a Jan. 6 insurrectionist, an election-denying fabulist, a demagogic white supremacist. But voters wouldn't be responding so positively in polls if they thought "Republican" was synonymous with all that nonsense.

Democrats are right to be scared, but Republicans should be concerned, too. Both party's front-runners have enormous weaknesses. Joe and Jill Biden are deluding themselves if they believe only

he can defeat Mr. Trump. But

**BOOKSHELF** | By Terry Golway

## The Old Country And the New

Thursday, November 9, 2023 | **A15** 

## Becoming Irish American

By Timothy J. Meagher Yale, 344 pages, \$30

imothy Meagher's subtly provocative book, like many other studies of the Irish experience in America, ends with John F. Kennedy's election as the nation's first Irish-Catholic president. It is Mr. Meagher's starting point that signals his scholarly intervention. He begins not with the arrival of Andrew Jackson's parents in the Carolinas from Ireland in 1765. Nor does he start with the massive migration spurred by the Great Famine in 1845-52.

In "Becoming Irish American," Mr. Meagher ventures back to 3800 B.C., when, he writes, settlers from Britain and northern Europe "brought farming and husbandry to Ireland." Traces of these early settlers remain in the landscape of County Mayo and in the burial grounds of Newgrange in County Meath. Mr. Meagher's long march through history has a purpose: He wants to show how identity is made and remade through the centuries. He points out that the seemingly authentic Irish name of the



35th president actually has a more complex history. JFK's last name, Kennedy, can be traced to the island's native Gaelic population, but his middle name, Fitzgerald, was derived from settlers who crossed over from England but were originally from Normandy.

After Mr. Meagher extricates himself from the mists of Ireland's distant past, he introduces Col. Ralph Lane, the sheriff of County Kerry who Walter Raleigh tapped in 1585 to govern Roanoke, England's

first colony in North America. "The colonists' venture," Mr. Meagher observes, "quickly turned into a catastrophe of their own making as they provoked a disastrous war with local Native Americans." Col. Lane, along with a number of Irish-born men who had joined him on the expedition, had to be spirited away by a fleet commanded by Sir Francis Drake.

Mr. Meagher, a retired history professor at the Catholic University of America in Washington, traces the making and remaking of Irish America through several iterations and shows the impact of religion on each. His argument, that millions of migrants from a small island in the North Atlantic created a new identity known as Irish-American, subverts the fashionable academic assertion that the Irish experience in America is a chase toward something called "whiteness." The book's narrative arc instead supports the novelist Peter Quinn's contention that what is remarkable about the Irish in America is not that they became white but that they remained Irish.

Early in the creation of Irish America, Mr. Meagher notes, Protestant settlers like Andrew Jackson's parents forged a "nonsectarian Irish American identity" that embraced the faith-neutral republicanism of the early United States. But then came the Famine, which turned some two million Irish, the vast majority of them poor Catholics, into global migrants. "More Irish came to America in the fifteen years between 1845 and 1860," Mr. Meagher writes, "than in the nearly three centuries since Roanoke.'

Upon their arrival in America, the starving Irish-Catholic migrants had two choices: Like Irish Protestants before them, they could adapt and become, in Mr. Meagher's description, "quintessential Americans" like Jackson and John C. Calhoun. Or they could cling to their faith-based identity and remake what it meant to be Irish-American. They chose the latter course, even though the former would have been much easier. Mr. Meagher notes that as Irish-Americans endured anti-Catholic bigotry in the late 19th century, they chose a path of "aggressive reassertion of an Irish identity," which amounted to "a seeming deliberate rejection of Americanization."

the 2012 election. Actually, Mr. Obama's overall numbers were much better than that: He led Mr. Romney 46% to 44.3% on Nov. 7, 2011, in the RealClearPolitics average.

Mr. Obama also had advantages Mr. Biden doesn't. The public saw Mr. Obama as a strong leader-young, energetic, mentally sharp and a much better and more natural political talent than Mr. Biden. He prosecuted his argument that Mr. Romney was a heartless plutocrat from a position of strength. Mr. Biden is operating from a position of extreme weakness. It will be much harder for him to take Mr. Trump down.

There was more dangerous news in the Times/Siena poll for both parties' front-runners. Though not as wellknown as Mr. Biden or Mr. Trump, former South Carolina

**Both parties should** consider alternatives.

Mr. Biden may think he can caricature Ms. Haley as "ultra-MAGA," but the Times/Siena survey shows voters know the difference between the GOP and Mr. Trump. A generic Republican beats Mr. Biden by even bigger margins in every battleground state, leading the Democrat by 14 to 18 points in each one. When all six are combined, the generic GOP candidate's lead over Mr. Biden is 16 points (52% to 36%), four times Mr. Trump's.

This suggests Republicans could score a historic victory next year if they run a new face. Apparently voters like what they see as the GOP's values on the economy, defense, immigration, crime and

the GOP leader could sink his own campaign with his constant trashing of his intraparty rivals and their supporters. Turned off, they could fail to turn out or even turn away from the GOP.

Neither party's front-runner will be easily dislodged. But if no changes are made. Americans will get the worst dumpster fire of a campaign in history. It doesn't have to be this way, and everyone but Messrs, Trump and Biden has good reason to try changing it. The party that picks a fresh face will likely win the White House.

Mr. Rove helped organize the political-action committee American Crossroads and is author of "The Triumph of William McKinley" (Simon & Schuster, 2015).

## Campus Anti-Semitism in 1970

### By Jonathan Kellerman

was a junior at the University of California, Los Angeles when Israeli Foreign Minister Abba Eban came to town. It was Nov. 12, 1970, and he'd arrived to give a speech on Israel's conflicts with its neighbors. Alongside thousands of other students eager to hear him, I strolled to Pauley Pavilion, one of the campus's largest venues.

On the way, my friends and I passed a small, vocal group of anti-Israel protesters, a motley bunch I'd seen on campus over the past year: three Libyan exchange students, a middle-aged German woman and a few members of Students for a Democratic Society, a radical group.

One of the SDSers confronted us, hurling insult after insult. He ended his tirade by screaming that we were Nazis.

eloquent, well-received speech by Eban. But the encounter remained with me.

Here I was—a second-generation American who had lost several relatives to the gas chambers, the son of a decorated World War II veteran

## An encounter with fringe lunatics then gave a foretaste of today's bitter hatred.

who had fought the Nazis and survived both D-Day and the Battle of the Bulge-being branded as Hitlerian. What could be crueler and crazier?

Anti-Semitism at elite universities isn't new. Those opposed to Israel planted the seeds of hatred following the about a defense mechanism published in February.

We walked on and enjoyed an Six Day War in 1967. Israel called projection-attributing won that military conflict, but its enemies have since dominated the war of words.

> The protesters at Eban's speech were similar to today's culprits: Arab students, leftist radicals and old-school Jew haters. The difference is that in 1970, most people regarded the SDSer and his ilk as fringe lunatics. Today, they're mainstream. In 1970, Jewish students generally weren't afraid to express themselves. I did so freely as a columnist and editorial cartoonist for the campus newspaper.

I found that UCLA in the 1970s welcomed a diversity of opinions, and people treated one another civilly. Professors concentrated on research and teaching rather than operating as an ideological bloc.

As a graduate student in clinical psychology, I learned "The Ghost Orchid," will be

one's own character defects to others-that helped me to understand the SDS member. But it still doesn't excuse the viciousness of his verbal assault, and it hasn't provided comfort as Jew-hatred on college campuses has risen steadily. The situation has deteriorated to the point where self-styled scholars and their acolytes barely flinch at the decapitation of babies and blame the victims for terrorist violence. Even so, I hold onto hope

that sunlight is the best disinfectant. I'm confident that as the truth about educational degradation becomes more widely known, the roots of hatred embedded decades ago will be yanked out and relegated to the dustbin of history.

Mr. Kellerman's next novel,

## How millions of migrants from a small island in the North Atlantic created a new identity in the United States.

Mr. Meagher describes how that choice-and the values and attitudes that accompanied it—influenced American politics, labor relations and culture into the 20th century. Irish-Americans, the author notes, retained an "anti-aristocratic feeling and communal egalitarianism" that were "deeply rooted" in Ireland itself. Those old-world attitudes help to explain the Irish embrace of labor unions (especially among women, most famously Mary "Mother" Jones) and the rise of streetwise politicians and celebrities like Al Smith and Jimmy Cagney.

The self-conscious intertwining of religion and ethnic identity put a chip on Irish-American shoulders and left even the most accomplished among them wondering if they were doomed to be outsiders in a Protestantdominated society. The novelist John O'Hara, who longed for acceptance from his perceived social betters, spoke for himself and a generation of Irish-Catholics in "BUtterfield 8" (1935): "I am a Mick," his character Jimmy Malloy says. "I wear Brooks clothes and I don't eat salad with a spoon . . . but I am still a Mick."

The early years of the Cold War saw Irish-Americans become more Catholic than Irish—and largely opposed to Soviet-style communism. As Daniel Patrick Moynihan observed. anticommunism at last made the Irish truly American. "In the era of security clearances," he wrote, "to be an Irish Catholic became prima facie evidence of loyalty."

The election of Kennedy in 1960 did much to soothe the resentments that O'Hara voiced in the 1930s. Kennedy's victory makes for a natural end point to Mr. Meagher's narrative, but the making and remaking process of Irish America has continued apace in the decades since. It's hardly a secret that Irish Catholics in America are not nearly as devout as they were in 1960, and the same is true-perhaps even more so-in Ireland itself. The current remaking of Irish America could be the most radical one yet.

Mr. Golway is the interim executive director of the American Irish Historical Society. His biography of Fiorello La Guardia, "I Never Did Like Politics," will be published in February.

## **OPINION**

## **REVIEW & OUTLOOK**

## Are Republicans Tired of All the Losing?

emocrats are buoyant about their Tuesday night election showing, and why not? They handed Republicans another drubbing with their twin issue set of abortion rights and fear and loathing of the MAGA GOP. Republicans have a brand per-

ception problem. Start in Virginia, where Democrats picked up the state

House of Delegates and held control of the state Senate. GOP gains in the Legislature were always going to be a tall order two years into Republican Gov. Glenn Youngkin's term when incumbent parties typically lose seats. President Biden won the state by 10 points and congressional Democrats in 2022 carried all seven of the state Senate's swing districts.

Mr. Youngkin nonetheless deserves credit for investing his political capital to seek gains. The result was disappointing, but it's not the giant failure the Trumpians on cable TV are claiming. Republicans picked up one seat in the state Senate for a 21-19 split. Democrats retook the House, though they're on track for a thin majority of 51-49.

National Democrats poured in millions of dollars to tarnish Mr. Youngkin, who showed in 2021 he could carry a state that has moved left. They reprised their 2022 strategy of pounding GOP candidates on abortion in the race's final weeks. Mr. Youngkin tried to parry the attacks by unifying Republicans around a 15-week limit with exceptions. But that wasn't enough to blunt the claims that Republicans are extremists who will outlaw all abortions.

That's especially true in the suburbs. Democrats defeated a Republican incumbent in suburban Richmond who sensibly explained that her support for a 15-week compromise was informed by her own experience as an obstetrician delivering premature infants.

They won a Loudoun County seat in a district that Gov. Youngkin carried by less than one point in 2021. Former prosecutor Russet Perry ran as a champion of abortion rights and defeated the GOP's Juan Pablo Segura, a local businessman. Northern Virginia has become toxic for the GOP since Mr. Trump became the leading face of the party. The recent GOP House chaos on Capitol Hill didn't help.

Abortion was also important in Kentucky, where Democratic Gov. Andy Beshear cruised to re-election in a state Mr. Trump carried by

more than 25 points in 2020. Gov. Beshear styles himself as a moderate, and he ran ads suggesting the GOP would force rape survivors

**Another lousy Election** Day shows the GOP has a brand problem.

to give birth to their attacker's children.

Republican candidate Daniel Cameron offered inconsistent answers about which abortion exceptions he'd support, in a high-wire act of try-

ing to placate different parts of the electorate. He also touted Mr. Trump's endorsement to win the GOP primary, but Mr. Beshear used that to peel away non-MAGA GOP voters.

Ohio voters approved a ballot measure enshrining abortion rights in the state constitution, and it wasn't close at 56% to 43%. The Democratic Pennsylvania state Supreme Court candidate, Daniel McCaffery, also ran on abortion and promised to defend "voting rights" if Mr. Trump tries to overturn the next election as he did in 2020. He said he was running for "the policy court," and he won in a rout.

The sobering message for Republicans is that they're losing on abortion, and the choices are unpalatable compromises or more nights in the political wilderness. The results suggest that the GOP's Nikki Haley, who has said that a federal 15-week limit on abortion is political fantasy, is right if the GOP is going to win among suburbanites and independents.

Democrats racked up these wins even though President Biden's approval rating is down near 40%. The immediate effect of Tuesday's results was to let Mr. Biden off the media hook for those awful poll numbers, as White House spinners say abortion and MAGA are all Mr. Biden needs to win in 2024. They might be right, though Democrats are still taking an enormous risk given that Mr. Biden must endure another campaign year after he turns 81 on Nov. 20 and is in obvious decline.

But elections, not polls, are the measure of political success, and Republicans have the bigger problem. Mr. Trump's partisans often claim he is realigning the party to include more working-class voters. That's true, but so far that has been more than offset by the flight of moderates and suburban women from the GOP.

Republicans lost or did worse than expected in 2018, 2020, 2022 and again in 2023. That won't change until Republican voters finally get tired of all the losing.

## Coloradans Turn Down a Tax Grab

epublicans had little to cheer on Tuesday (see nearby), but one electoral silver lining came in a Democratic-controlled state. Coloradans delivered a victory for limited government by rejecting Gov. Jared Polis's deceptive tax grab.

Voters delivered a clear verdict on Proposition HH, a

ballot measure that would have raised the caps on what the statehouse can tax and spend. Gov. Polis and Democratic legislators put their

The Governor pushed the measure by conjuring a false sense of urgency. Property taxes

Voters gave Democrats a rare defeat by preserving state funding limits.

and Mr. Polis told the public that Proposition HH was his only plan to block the hikes.

**Republican legislators had** called for a special session to address property taxes separately. That may be what Mr.

Polis had in mind after the ballot measure died Tuesday, when he told the press he's considering his "next steps."

The failure of Proposition HH should be no

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

## Don't Go Wobbly on Israel Now, Mr. Biden

In 1990, right after Saddam Hussein had invaded Kuwait, British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher is reported to have advised President George H.W. Bush: "Don't go wobbly on us now, George."

Though your editorial "An Israeli 'Pause' Would Help Hamas" (Nov. 4) is longer, because it sets forth the reasons that President Biden should remain firm in backing Israel's right to destroy Hamas, it offers the same blunt advice. I hope Mr. Biden takes it.

RAYMOND J. TERMINI Dallas

Should Israel unilaterally "pause" the war Hamas brutally started? In early 1944, what would Franklin Roosevelt and Winston Churchill have said to calls for a unilateral pause in World War II, so that the world could deliver food, fuel, money and other aid to Nazi Germany and Imperial Japan? The question answers itself.

JAMES J. MARKOWSKI The Villages, Fla.

While the suffering on all sides is deeply troubling, I am reminded of a quote by Carl von Clausewitz, the great Prussian military theorist, in his book "On War":

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"Kind-hearted people might of course think there was some ingenious way to disarm or defeat an enemy without too much bloodshed, and might imagine this is the true goal of the art of war. Pleasant as it sounds, it is a fallacy that must be exposed: war is such a dangerous business that the mistakes which come from kindness are the very worst."

Drawing out this conflict will create more hurt for everyone involved. MAX WOLFF Davidson, N.C.

The people calling for a cease-fire in Gaza should be reminded that there already was a cease-fire early in the morning on Oct. 7. Hamas decided it wanted war.

had a fiscal plan that involved giving

were behind in economic growth; be

grants to member countries that

tween 1973 and 2018, Ireland re-

ceived more than 40 billion euros.

frastructure, including roads and

speaking country that can export

telecommunications.

The Irish invested that money in in-

Ireland's position as an English-

products throughout the EU without

paying tariffs was significant in the

growth of its economy. Reducing the

tax rate was icing on the cake. Amer-

BOB ALEXANDER Northwood, N.H.

## What Is the Real Story of Ireland's Success?

As Stephen Moore and Steve Forbes describe in "Ireland's Tax-Cut-ting Success Story" (op-ed, Nov. 2), Ireland's mid-1990s corporate tax cuts drove phenomenal growth in international investment, Irish gross domestic product and tax revenue. Ireland's unemployment rate sank from nearly 18% to around 4% between 1985 and 2020. It prompted many Irish youth to stay home rather than emigrate to stronger economies for the opportunity of a better life.

Productivity in the republic is about 40% higher than in Northern Ireland. Give disaffected youth opportunities for better lives, and many will opt to enjoy those lives rather than waste them on nihilistic gestures. The world could learn many lessons from the Irish, particularly in human wastelands like United Nations' perpetual Palestinian refugee camps.

Laguna Niguel, Calif.

Reducing the tax rate was only part of the Irish success story. In 1972, Ireland joined the European Economic Community, which in 1993 became the European Union. The EU

## A World of True Fears and Politicized Phobias

Thanks to Matthew Hennessey for his terrific piece demonstrating how the word "phobia" is now misused to refer to those who disagree with you politically ("Islamophobia Is a Phony Diagnosis," op-ed, Nov. 2). These days, however, I am unfortunately subject to a genuine fear—the fear of going to synagogue to pray unless there are armed guards outside.

Mr. Hennessey goes too far in dismissing Islamophobia, homophobia and xenophobia as mere "horsefeathers." As a British expat who has lived half my life in the U.S., I certainly experienced xenophobia when a Chicago policeman told me to "go back to England." As a young gay man living in the U.K. during the AIDS epidemic, I also experienced homophobia when, sick with hepati-

TEVI TROY

ican IT, pharma and financial-services companies set up shop in Ireland, and the economy flourished. When, in 2010, Ireland suffered a banking crisis, the EU and the International Monetary Fund infused a total of 85 billion euros to the country. In 2014 Ireland finally became a net contributor to the EU. In 2020 it con-**NEIL BURNS** tributed 360 million euros more than

it received. Today, over 40% of Ireland's exports goes to other EU countries. The combination of all these factors contributed to Ireland's growth

JESS SWEELY Madison, Va.

weight bening the measure, hoping to hauf in an additional \$42 billion by 2040. Voters shot it down 60% to 40%.

The result preserves the full powers of Colorado's Taxpayer Bill of Rights, which voters approved in 1992. The amendment limits state government revenue growth, and it mandates refunds if there's a surplus—\$750 for each taxpayer in 2022. The failed referendum would have given larger checks to the lowest earners but major cuts to the refunds for the middle and top.

Voters rejected Proposition HH despite the misleading label that Democrats slapped on it. They concealed their massive Tabor reform by attaching a modest property tax cut, not mentioning that the pair of changes would leave taxpayers about \$21 billion in the red by 2040, according to the Common Sense Institute.

surprise in a state where voters have frequently reaffirmed their preference for low taxes. Coloradans have rejected 25 out of 36 attempts to raise state revenue at the ballot in the three decades since they enacted Tabor, according to Ballotpedia. And the verdict is getting clearer. Voters in 2019 rejected a similar measure by only an 8% margin.

Tuesday's result comes in a state where Democrats have gained ground on nearly every other issue. A majority of Colorado voters seem to recognize that once Tabor goes, so does any structural political resistance to public unions and their pressure to tax and spend. See California, Illinois, New Jersey, New York, et al. Voters will have to stay vigilant because the forces for ever-larger government never give up.

## Illinois's 'Invest in Kids' Hall of Shame

**Democrats in Congress** 

want to kill scholarships

for low-income kids.

lenty of politicians specialize in cynical than 20,000 children. Chicago Teachers Union press statements, but Illinois Rep. Jan

circle of ignominy. On Monday she and six other Democrats from the Illinois congressional delegation urged state lawmakers to end a scholarship program that's helping more than 9,000 lowincome children in their state.

"School vouchers, including Invest in Kids tax credit scholarships, perpetuate and deepen the education inequities that plague Illinois," they say. Are they kidding. It's impossible to deepen the inequities caused by the manifest failure of Illinois public schools. The point of the scholarships is to give poor children options to escape these failure traps.

Invest in Kids offers a 75% tax credit for private donations to the scholarships, which total about \$50 million a year. Since the program launched under former Gov. Bruce Rauner, state spending on public schools has increased nearly \$2 billion, even as enrollment has declined. That cash infusion hasn't bought academic success because union schools are built to serve teachers and the bureaucracy and not students.

Democrats want to abolish Invest in Kids because it embarrasses the teachers unions. The wait list for scholarships runs to more

President Stacy Davis Gates sends her son to Schakowsky deserves to be in a special a private school. She can afford it, but two-

thirds of Invest in Kids scholarships go to families with incomes below 185% of the federal poverty level.

This is the kind of hypocrisy that normally Democrats would love to call out, except

that their party is fueled by the teachers unions. Ms. Schakowsky also has more personal ties. Her husband, Robert Creamer, runs the Strategic Consulting Group, which gets business from the American Federation of Teachers (AFT), the national affiliate of the Chicago Teachers Union. According to the Illinois Policy Institute and the union's financial filings, called LM-2s, AFT has paid Strategic Consulting more than \$90,000 since 2020.

Invest in Kids is at risk of sunsetting at the end of 2023, and Gov. J.B. Pritzker has made clear he won't spend political capital to save it, so Ms. Schakowsky's intervention is a gift to the teachers unions.

The other Democrats who joined her statement were Illinois Reps. Nikki Budzinski, Sean Casten, Danny Davis, Jonathan Jackson, Raja Krishnamoorthi and Delia Ramirez. Yet a recent public survey says 59% of the state's Democrats support Invest in Kids, so let's hope voters remember those names.

Yeshiva University Straus Center Silver Spring, Md.

## Crime Prevention Is Worth A Try in Washington, D.C.

"Violent Crime Upends Life for D.C. Residents" (U.S. News, Oct. 7) says investments in businesses are "going down the tubes." It's important to add that investments in young people ground communities. Every person in the District of Columbia is owed the right to live and thrive safely.

We have had opportunities to invest in our young people and build programs that aid in the prevention of crime. Time and again, however, our leaders choose to fund punitive measures, which disproportionately affect black and brown communities, because they chose not to bolster funds for supportive programming.

Trauma becomes our focus because we are addressing the symptoms and trying to heal past and present wounds. What if we could prevent instead of always having to heal? An ounce of prevention involves investing in the programs that allow a young person equitable access to mentalhealth services, education, housing and workforce development. We need to invest in community response or we will continue to build the system to which we are now stuck reacting.

Jorge Membreño DC Action

## What Do We Owe the UAW?

As a Detroit native, I grew up surrounded by the auto industry ("Ford Pays Dearly for Labor Peace," Review & Outlook, Oct. 27). I bought my first car in 1966 and have now owned eight. Three were American-made—all bought used. I decided long ago that I didn't owe the auto workers a living. **RANDALL KEILS** 

Kalamazoo, Mich.

Letters intended for publication should be emailed to wsj.ltrs@wsj.com. Please include your city, state and telephone number. All letters are subject to editing, and unpublished letters cannot be acknowledged.

tis, I was placed in a hospital isolation and admonished by the physician never to indulge in homosexual relations ever again.

Ironically, as a professor, I have also been accused of "homophobia" and "transphobia" by a trans student who was angry that I told them to turn off and put away their cellphone. That was a classic example of "weaponizing" one's identity to demonize genuine criticism. To that extent, Mr. Hennessey has a point that these categories often can be abused. But that doesn't remove the fact that hatred is real and continues to be aimed at vulnerable minorities, especially in times of political polarization.

**PROF. ALFRED THOMAS** University of Illinois at Chicago

## Fight With What You Have

When a country is invaded, it responds with the army and leaders it has—irrespective of whether either is ideal ("Israel Needs a New Leader" by Peggy Noonan, Declarations, Nov. 4). Israel is doing its best with what it has to eliminate the barbarians. Ms. Noonan's sanctimony from a safe distance is cheap, easy and not helpful.

> PETER E. TAUSSIG Lake Oswego, Ore.

## Pepper ... And Salt

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL



"Then he jumps out of the box because he's startled by the cucumber? I love it."

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

## **OPINION**

## The Final Frontier Is Getting Crowded

### By Ed Lu

new space race is on. After decades of slow growth, the yearly number of spacecraft launched has doubled every two years since 2015. This calls to mind Moore's law—Intel co-founder Gordon Moore's 1965 observation that the number of transistors on integrated circuits doubles every two years, corresponding to a 3,200% increase in a decade.

Over the past six decades, the rate of growth Moore identified has thoroughly changed how people live. A similar revolution is happening now in space. Satellite operators, policy makers, military planners and investors must grapple with the consequences.

Nearly all new satellites are in low Earth orbit, generally defined as below 1,200 miles in altitude. Much of

The number of spacecraft launches is doubling every two years, creating logistical challenges.

the recent satellite growth has come via SpaceX, which this year has averaged a rocket launch every four days. Elon Musk's company has already deployed more than 5,000 of its Starlink satellites, which provide high-speed internet, and plans to deploy at least

As

U.S.

so-called

against

Israel's

grinds on, some

pundits have taken

to tut-tutting about

the dangers for the

public opinion in the

so-called global south, a catch-all

term for countries

of alienating

war

Hamas



A SpaceX Falcon 9 launches from Cape Canaveral, Fla., on Thursday.

7,000 more in coming years.

SpaceX isn't alone. Amazon just launched the first of its planned 3,236-satellite Kuiper constellation "to increase global broadband access." The Chinese are getting in on the satellite bonanza, with a launch rate of one satellite every six days this year. China has launched the first satellites of its Guowang broadband constellation, which will eventually be composed of 13,000 satellites, and is planning a second project, the G60 constellation, which would add 12,000 more. If these plans come to fruition, the doubling of satellite launches every two years seems likely to continue.

The trend Moore identified in microchips wasn't merely the result of

technological advances, but also of a combination of economic, technical and investment factors. The same is true of spacecraft launches. Increased launch rates have led to economies of scale and cost reductions. A single rocket can now carry more than 100 spacecraft. Critical services such as communications and Earth mapping are increasingly done via satellite, which has spurred greater investment.

Congestion will lead to more space debris if we are not careful to avoid collisions. There are more than 20,000 objects in orbit, the majority of which are debris, not active satellites. Collisions in space are already happening, and each one adds to the debris problem. When I served as a crew member aboard the Interna-

tional Space Station, we considered a collision with space debris to be the biggest risk to our safety. That was 20 years ago, and the problem has only gotten worse. Systems for tracking objects in space must expand to meet the challenge.

Breakneck growth in the number of spacecraft also creates security issues. Because the U.S. military's communication, reconnaissance and command-and-control functions are all dependent on satellites, we can expect adversaries to strike at them in a future conflict. The U.S. Space Force must find and track potential threats among the exponentially growing number of satellites.

Astronomers are also dealing with the glut of hardware in space. For a few hours near dawn and dusk, when it is still dark on the ground, low-Earth-orbit satellites shine brightly as they reflect the sun's light. This can pollute images of the sky taken by observatories. Accommodations such as special dark coatings or reorientation can reduce satellite reflections, but better location tracking is essential.

The exponential growth in space will create new markets, leading to new sources of wealth. This new space race also presents logistical and security challenges, but ultimately the scientific discoveries and new services it enables will improve life on Earth.

Mr. Lu, a former NASA astronaut, is a co-founder of the B612 Foundation and LeoLabs, a commercial space-debris tracking company.

## New College Is a Haven For Harvard Refugees

Thursday, November 9, 2023 | **A17** 

## **By Richard Corcoran**

Sarasota, Fla. nti-Semitism has reared its ugly head at Harvard. Since Hamas's Oct. 7 massacre of some 1,400 Israelis, Jewish students there have reportedly been bullied, intimidated, spat on and, in at least one case, physically assaulted. Student-led protests call for the destruction of Israel and the Jewish people with chants of "Intifada! Intifada! Intifada!" and "From the river to the sea, Palestine shall be free!'

These are some of the observations Bill Ackman, a Harvard alumnus and hedge-fund manager, made in a Nov. 4 letter to Claudine Gay, the university's president. After meeting for several hours with students and faculty, he suggested how the administration might address this "dire" issue. "History has taught us that when the sparks and initial flames of antisemitism emerge," Mr. Ackman wrote, "we must promptly put out the flames before a conflagration begins."

He urged the university to act swiftly, but I wouldn't hold my breath and neither should its students. Instead, those facing intolerance or physical danger at Harvard should come to New College of Florida, where they can study with free tuition thanks to a newly established scholarship program.

They will find that we prize free speech and condemn violence. Since Gov. Ron DeSantis appointed six new members to our school's board of trustees in January, we've vigorously protected free expression on campus. We have enacted measures to stop ideological gatekeeping and enforce disciplinary actions against violence and threats. The administration believes that the right to speak freely doesn't encompass the right to incite violence or to threaten others physically.

## We protect free speech, don't make excuses for violence, and abolished our DEI bureaucracy.

Our school likewise refuses to ostracize certain groups at the expense of others in the name of "diversity, equity and inclusion"-a misnomer for offices whose purpose typically is the opposite of what their name suggests. Mr. Ackman notes that Harvard's Office for Equity, Diversity, Inclusion and Be longing says in its "DEI Commitment Statement" that it welcomes "people of color, women, persons with disabilities, people who identify as LGBTQIA, and those who are at the intersections of these identities." In other words, Mr. Ackman writes, Jews and others not on the list need not apply—unless they fit one of the delineated identity buckets. An organization truly dedicated "diversity" and "belonging" to shouldn't establish such narrow parameters for inclusion. This regrettably is typical of DEI office charters, which often signal which groups are "worthy" of membership. We don't tolerate that at New College. In February we dismantled our DEI office to ensure that no group is singled out for punishment or preferential treatment. Authentic free speech is essential on any campus. That includes understanding that the First Amendment wasn't intended to include, as Mr. Ackman described it, "knowingly advocating . . . violent insurrection and threatening a person or group of persons with the intent of placing the victim in fear of bodily harm or death." New College is committed to the civil exploration of ideas. Violence isn't part of that and never will be. Reading Mr. Ackman's letter, I realized that Harvard's disrepair isn't unique. A misunderstanding of free speech has led to the silencing of dissent and the promotion of certain narratives by academic elites across the country. Things are different at New College, where genuine academic freedom and civil discourse flourish. Students from all backgrounds are welcome to join our community and experience an environment dedicated to upholding these values. Anyone suffering injustices at Harvard should visit our campus to learn about academic life in Florida-now on offer with free tuition.

## The 'Global South' Isn't All Pro-Hamas



EAST IS EAST By Sadanand Dhume

with low per capita incomes, less politely known as the Third World.

In theory, alienating a bloc of nations that account for most of the world's population would set back American interests. But while there is a tendency to grandstand against Israel among many developing nations, they are hardly a monolith. A crushing Israeli victory over Hamas won't benefit only the West but the entire world, including many of the countries that routinely castigate the Jewish state.

Some pundits seem not to grasp this. The journalist Howard French claims that "Biden's emotional and barely nuanced support for Israel" could be a "costly error." According to the Intercept's Murtaza Hussain, "in [the] Global South" the Israel-Palestinian conflict "is seen straightforwardly as [a] ruthless anticolonial war similar to those that many of them fought." In a lecture last month, American political scientist John Mearsheimer said the U.S. was in "deep trouble" owing to its support for Israel in Gaza.

On the surface, this reasoning seems to make sense. Over the past month, anti-Israel protesters have flooded the streets in Pakistan and Indonesia, among other developing nations. Last month the leaders of Egypt, Jordan and the Palestinian Authority canceled a meeting with President Biden over false claims that Israel had bombed a hospital in

India has sided with Israel, and many other developing countries have an interest in seeing it win its war.

Gaza. Bolivia has cut diplomatic relations with Israel, and Colombia and Honduras have recalled their ambassadors. In a barely comprehensible diatribe, South Africa's foreign ministry declared that "Israel does not have the 'right to defend itself.'

But these nations are hardly representative of the developing world. Contrary to what Mr. Hussain argues, there is no unanimity on the Israel-Palestine conflict there. Take India, the world's most populous nation and an important strategic and economic partner for America. Far from seeing this conflict as an anticolonialist struggle, much of the Indian media has rightly framed Israel as a beleaguered democracy defending itself against a barbarous terrorist group.

Prime Minister Narendra Modi quickly condemned Hamas's "terrorist attacks" on Israel and declared that Indians "stand in solidarity with Israel at this difficult hour." Mr. Modi has spoken with Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu on the phone, and India abstained from a United Nations General Assembly resolution that called for a "humanitarian truce" in Gaza, reportedly because the resolution failed to mention Hamas

Nor was India the only developing nation that abstained from that onesided U.N. resolution. So did Cameroon, Ethiopia, Iraq, the Philippines, Tunisia, Zambia and a clutch of Pacific island states. Many of these countries voted for the infamous So-viet-backed 1975 U.N. resolution that equated Zionism with racism. Clearly these nations no longer view the Israel-Palestinian conflict in blackand-white terms.

In reality, most developing countries—including those that take public positions hostile to Israel—would benefit from the annihilation of Hamas. Many nations in Asia and Africa face a genuine threat from the bloodthirsty jihadism the group exemplifies. An Israeli defeat would inspire jihadists across the world. This has direct security implications for

developing countries that aren't predominantly Muslim and have long battled the scourge of terrorism, including India, Thailand, the Philippines and a broad swathe of African nations. But it's also a serious risk for Muslim-majority nations struggling with homegrown extremist challenges, such as Algeria, Pakistan, Nigeria and Indonesia.

And while the loss of civilian lives anywhere is regrettable, many critics of U.S. policy on Israel sound more bitter than morally serious. Vicious anti-Israel commentary often emerges from places that have failed where the Jewish state has succeeded—creating a durable democracy and making the transition from poverty to prosperity. Pakistan is effectively bankrupt, under de facto military rule, and wracked by terrorist attacks. South Africa can't prevent thieves from ripping out railway tracks and stripping copper wiring from hospitals. There's no good reason for the U.S., or the West more broadly, to take moral lessons from countries that have trouble holding a fair election or keeping the lights on.

Salvadoran President Nayib Bukele, widely popular in Latin America for crushing organized crime in his country, may have put it best: "As a Salvadoran with Palestinian ancestry, I'm sure the best thing that could happen to the Palestinian people is for Hamas to completely disappear.'

> Mr. Corcoran is president of New College of Florida.

## 'Dustoff' Crews Deserve Recognition

### By Mike Kerrigan

n my pro bono work as a lawyer, I've stumbled on a truly uplifting and too-little-known story of the U.S. Army helicopter crews that evacuated some 900,000 people to safety and lifesaving care during the Vietnam War.

Each crew consisted of two pilots, a medic and a crew chief. The aeromedical evacuation crews operated under the radio call sign "Medevac" and, more colorfully, "Dustoff," named for the dust kicked up during landing. Between May 1962 and March 1973, Dustoff crews evacuated sick and wounded members of U.S., Vietnamese and other allied forces, along with civilians and wounded enemy forces, in Southeast Asia.

The crews flew with valor and compassion, inspired by the example set by Maj. Charles L. Kelly, who developed tactics for the earliest missions and was among the first Dustoff pilots killed in action in Vietnam. His story is worth remembering.

As Kelly approached a hot landing zone on July 1, 1964, ground soldiers repeatedly warned him to withdraw. His calm reply—"When I have your wounded"-came just before a bullet killed him. It became the credo of the brave Dustoff pilots who followed him.

They contended with more than enemy fire. Dustoff crews flew over treacherous terrain and couldn't wait for weather to clear or dawn to break. Their nighttime landing zones were marked by flares, lighters and, at times, nothing at all. They landed anyway. Hoist evacuation missions, employed when a ground landing was impossible, were particularly dangerous for everyone involved.

During the Vietnam War, 90 Dustoff pilots were killed and nearly 380 were wounded; 121 crew members were killed and 545 were wounded.

To be a Dustoff crew member was to accept a 1 in 3 chance of being killed or wounded. Yet everyone who volunteered to fly these missions of mercy accepted the grim odds. They courted death so that others might live.

Why is distant gallantry from the Vietnam War relevant today? I believe these American patriots deserve a Congressional Gold Medal, a

Lawmakers should pass a bipartisan bill to honor these heroes with the **Congressional Gold Medal.** 

prestigious award bestowed by Congress that expresses America's highest appreciation for distinguished achievement and contribution.

This tribute requires cosponsorship from two-thirds of both the House and Senate. Congress should honor the Dustoff crews by passing the Vietnam War Congressional Gold Medal Act, which sponsors Rep. Derek Kilmer (D., Wash.) and

Sen. John Cornyn (R., Texas) introduced this year. Bipartisanship in Washington is rare today, yet I wonder: Where can agreement be found if not in honoring heroes such as these?

Courage, as John Wayne put it, is being scared to death but saddling up anyway. Dustoff crews showed courage, but intrepidity alone doesn't warrant a Congressional Gold Medal; love does.

John 15:13 teaches that there is no greater love than to lay down one's life for one's friends. Dustoff crew members, who risked their lives for friends and foes alike, showed what that kind of love looks like. They who waited for our wounded should wait no more.

Mr. Kerrigan is a partner at Hunton Andrews Kurth LLP, which is providing pro bono assistance to the Vietnam Dustoff Association in support of lobbying efforts to pass the Dustoff Crews of the Vietnam War Congressional Gold Medal Act.

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## Notable & Quotable: Kessler

Washington Post "fact checker" Glenn Kessler writing on Nov. 1:

At an Oct. 25 White House news conference, a reporter began a question to Biden by noting that "the Hamas-controlled Gaza Health Ministry says Israeli forces have killed over 6,000 Palestinians, including 2,700 children."

Biden's dismissal of the ministry's statistics-that he had "no confidence" in them-was striking. The State Department has regularly cited ministry statistics without caveats in its annual human rights reports....

The president appeared to show excessive skepticism when he commented that he had "no confidence" in the Health Ministry's figures and that he "had no notion that the Palestinians are telling the truth" about the death toll. The Gaza Health Ministry has had a pretty good track record with its death estimates over the years, notwithstanding that it is part of the Hamas-run government, and Biden is in a position to know that.

The initial reports on the hospital strike attributed to the ministry do give pause, however.

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## The Tunnel to Towers Foundation

invites you to join us in eradicating veteran homelessness across the nation.

## Who We Are.

Founded in the aftermath of 9/11, our mission began with honoring the legacy of my brother, Stephen Siller, a heroic NYC firefighter who sacrificed his life on 9/11 while helping to save others. Today, our foundation is one of the highest-rated charities in the country, with 95% of donations directly funding our programs.

## What We Do. Our three primary missions:

- · Pay off mortgages for fallen first responders and military families, that leave behind young children.
- · Build "SMART homes" for catastrophically injured military and first responders.
- · Provide housing solutions and support for homeless veterans.

## Our Next Promise.

We estimate 50,000 veterans are homeless. This is unacceptable. When they were in the military, no one would have dared to leave them behind. So why, why is it okay now that they're on American soil for them to live like this? That's why we initiated our Homeless Veteran Program. We have started building Veteran Villages in multiple cities throughout the nation that provide a home with comprehensive care and support our veterans' need. Since this program's inception we've housed over 2,000 veterans and aim to support 3,500 by the end of 2023.

## **Our Plea is Simple:**

Join the Tunnel to Towers Foundation Fortune 500 Challenge to eradicate veteran homelessness. Your support will change the lives of our heroes.

Together, let's give our heroes the comfort and dignity they deserve.

Sincerely,

Frank Siller

Frank Siller Chairman & CEO, Tunnel to Towers Foundation

## Learn more about our Homeless Veteran Program at



www.t2t.org/ homeless-veteran-program

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## **Disney's Iger Vows to Reinvent Studio**

CEO says streaming, theme parks and ESPN are company's building blocks

### BY ROBBIE WHELAN

Nearly a year after returning to Walt Disney as chief executive, Bob Iger laid out his vision of the company's future, putting streaming and live entertainment at the center, fed by a studio business that he plans to personally help reinvent.

Iger told investors in a fourth-quarter earnings call that Disney will focus on four "building blocks" that provide the foundation for future growth: streaming, theme parks and cruises, studios and the ESPN sports network.

Disney said Wednesday it would slash \$2 billion more in costs than previously planned as the company sharply narrowed losses in its streaming business.

There are still major challenges to overcome. Disney's streaming business has lost nearly \$11 billion since the launch of Disney+ in late 2019. Disney's movie studio is in the midst of a box-office slump that has been exacerbated by delays caused by Hollywood strikes, and ESPN is looking for strategic partners as it plans to eventually transform into a streaming-only business by 2025. The actors union on Wednesday evening reached a tentative agreement with Hollywood's studios.

"A lot of time and effort was spent on fixing in the last year," Iger said during a conference call. The company's progress means Disney can 'move beyond this period of fixing and begin building our businesses again," he said.

Iger said the studio will focus more on quality than quantity and that it lost some of its focus during and after the pandemic. "We're all rolling up our sleeves including myself to do just that," he said.

Some of Disney's core franchises, including its Marvel superhero movies and series, have struggled to attract big

audiences to theaters in recent vears.

Lucasfilm, the Disneyowned studio behind the lucrative and popular "Star Wars" movies, hasn't released a feature film since 2019 and doesn't have one in production currently, meaning it will likely be several years before the next one comes out. And Pixar, the marquee computer animation studio that has dominated the box office for the past several decades, has had a series of box-office flops.

The common thread under-

lying Disney's recent challenges and potential opportunities is the transition from traditional media like film and legacy TV to streaming, which has upended Hollywood's business model and roiled nearly every entertainment company.

In his comments Wednesday, Iger stressed the importance of getting streaming right. The company's main streaming service, Disney+, added 6.9 million "core" subscribers-those in North America and other markets Please turn to page B10

## **Coveted 1932 Picasso Sells for \$139.4 Million**



TIMELESS: 'Woman With a Watch,' sold on Wednesday at Sotheby's in New York, drew the second-highest price ever paid for a work by the artist. The price fell shy of the \$179.4 million paid in 2015 for Picasso's 'Women of Algiers (Version O).' B3

## **Chinese Videogames Score Wins Against International Competition**

### BY RAFFAELE HUANG

CHIBA, Japan—That videogame you're playing now—it might be made in China. From "Genshin Impact" to 'Age of Origins," titles made by Chinese companies are winning hundreds of millions of players overseas. After working with Western and Japanese game companies for decades, China's game industry is now producing more content with international appeal. Almost a third-29 of the top 100-of the highest-grossing mobile games outside of China were developed by Chinese companies, according to market intelligence firm Sensor Tower. That increased from 24 titles in 2019 before major global hits were released by Chinese companies, edging out games made by American Breakdown of the top 100 highest-grossing mobile games outside of China, by nationality of the developer

2023 2019

their sights on the \$190 billion global videogame market as Beijing has tightened the issuance of new publishing licenses for games and capped game hours for minors.

## **Amazon** Pitches Healthcare via Prime

### BY SEBASTIAN HERRERA

**Amazon.com** is turning to Prime members to bolster its healthcare business, an industry where the company has sought to expand for years.

The tech giant on Wednesday disclosed plans to offer its millions of Amazon Prime subscribers a low-cost annual membership to One Medical, the primary-care business Amazon purchased for \$3.9 billion this year. Amazon says Prime subscribers can become One Medical members for \$9 a month, or \$99 a year. The typical yearly cost to become a One Medical member is \$199.

"What we're doing is applying our skill sets, our fundamentals, in a different industry," said Neil Lindsay, the company's senior vice president of health services. He added that the company is trying to create different paths for customers to reach

primary care.

The move is the company's latest to grow in the healthcare industry, including in primary care, pharmacy and even medical-drone deliveries after unsuccessful attempts in recent years to crack the market. Amazon executives including Chief Executive Andy Jassy have said healthcare is one of several new business areas that could become a pillar of the company.

After its purchase of One Medical, some analysts have suggested that Amazon's ultimate ambition could be to eventually build an expansive healthcare offering that could compete with traditional primary care and employee medical plans.

Such an "Amazon Prime Health" product has yet to materialize. A One Medical membership provides patients access to some virtual-care Please turn to page B4

## **American Offers Bonus** To FedEx, UPS Pilots

### BY ALISON SIDER AND ESTHER FUNG

spot for U.S. airlines in need of experienced pilots is **FedEx** and **United Parcel Service**.

like PSA desperate for aviators with enough experience to fill the captain's seat in The next recruiting hot their cockpits. Cargo carriers, bv contrast, are slowing down, unable to offer pilots more than the minimum level of flying or offering buyouts because of the slump in parcel volumes. Shuttling passengers from cities like Knoxville, Tenn., and Birmingham, Ala., to Charlotte, N.C., on small planes could mean a step down in prestige, pilots said, with more uncertainty over pay and working conditions. Cargo pilots typically have fixed schedules and fewer legs to fly in a day compared with their counterparts at passenger airlines, and historically Please turn to page B2



Source: Sensor Tower

### and Japanese studios.

China

The U.S. and Japan are where Chinese games are earning the most. In the first half of this year, the top 100 most lucrative Chinese mobile

games generated \$2 billion in the U.S., nearly a third of their overseas revenue, Sensor Tower data show. Another quarter came from Japan.

Chinese companies have set

Companies including **Ten**cent Holdings and NetEase have acquired stakes in foreign studios and offered generous compensation to global talent, dedicating hundreds of people to develop one title.

"They move more quickly and are more open and aggressive in investing in game projects and talent than foreign competitors," said Serkan Toto, chief executive of gaming consulting firm Kantan Games.

"Genshin Impact," a roleplaying game launched in 2020 by Shanghai-based studio miHoYo, is widely considered the first Chinese title Please turn to page B4

PSA Airlines, a regional carrier owned by American, is offering bonuses totaling \$250,000 for UPS and FedEx pilots who can come work as captains and help fill a gap that has forced PSA to keep planes grounded and curtail service to some cities.

FedEx is saying its pilots might want to consider the offer. UPS passed on the details to pilots who recently accepted a company buyout.

Major U.S. passenger airlines are on a hiring spree that has left regional carriers

## Swiss Bank's Downfall **Exposes Too Big to Fail**

### By MARGOT PATRICK

Switzerland wanted its big banks to be fortresses. In practice, the country's "too big to fail" banking laws made a sand castle of Credit Suisse.

The Swiss rules in question have become an object lesson in the difficulties of designing financial regulation. Created to prevent a repeat of the 2008 financial-crisis bailouts. Switzerland's customized version of international capital requirements laid the groundwork for the biggest bank rescue since.

Blame for Credit Suisse's demise has focused on a reckless management culture that led the bank into a series of devastating losses and scandals. But seven months after Credit Suisse's collapse, critics and a government review say Swiss regulators botched their own capital rules and missed opportunities to ensure the bank's health.

The rules required Switzer-

land's two big banks, Credit Suisse and **UBS**, to hold extra capital above and beyond the international standards—at least 10% equity to riskweighted assets instead of 8%. Bank capital, built up by selling shares or retaining profits, acts like a cushion, absorbing unexpected losses.

At the same time, regulators gave Credit Suisse leeway to comply that allowed it to look robust at the top group level but disguised weakness below the surface, where hard-to-value stakes in overseas subsidiaries counted toward capital.

That subsurface weakness prevented the bank from selling or shutting down businesses when it still had time to do so and left it vulnerable when customer withdrawals crescendoed, according to former Credit Suisse executives appointed to clean up the bank

'The regulation played a Please turn to page B10

## **INSIDE**



TECHNOLOGY Lumen CEO Kate Johnson makes a nearly million-dollar bet on herself. B4



**COMMODITIES** Drought in Spain has triggered a jump in olive-oil prices globally. B11

## Former NYSE President Vies To Reboot Remnants of FTX

A company run by former New York Stock Exchange President Tom Farley is among three suitors vying to buy the remnants of FTX, as the auction for the collapsed cryptocurrency exchange founded by Sam Bankman-Fried reaches its final stages.

### By Peter Rudegeair, Alexander Saeedy and Vicky Ge Huang

Bullish, the crypto exchange run by Farley, fintech startup Figure Technologies and crypto venture-capital firm Proof Group are competing to buy FTX, according to people familiar with the matter. The winner could restart exchange after its the planned exit from bankruptcy next year.

A banker advising FTX on the process said at a hearing last month that the company received interest from over 70 parties and narrowed it to



Tom Farley's Bullish is one of three companies in the running.

three, without naming them. A winner could be picked in December.

CoinDesk earlier reported on Proof's bid; the other two haven't been previously reported. There are no guarantees a deal will come together, and another suitor could yet emerge.

As recently as last fall, FTX ranked as one of the world's biggest crypto exchanges, handling billions of dollars in trading volumes for individual investors outside the U.S. and professional traders. Venture capitalists valued FTX at \$32 billion in January 2022, mak-Please turn to page B2

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## Las Vegas Strip Workers **Reach Deal With Caesars**

### BY DEAN SEAL

Unions representing Las Vegas Strip workers struck a tentative deal with Caesars Entertainment, one of three casino companies working to avert a strike that could start on Friday if more agreements aren't reached.

The Culinary and Bartenders unions said on Wednesday that after 20 consecutive hours of negotiations, Caesars tentatively agreed to a new five-year contract covering about 10,000 workers at nine Las Vegas properties.

Terms of the agreement weren't disclosed.

A spokesperson for the Culinary union said a statement

would follow later Wednesday. A spokesperson for Caesars didn't immediately respond to

a request for comment.

The unions are still in talks with **MGM Resorts** and **Wynn Resorts** for new contracts that would include "the largest wage increases ever negotiated in the history of the Culinary Union," according to a previous statement from the group.

The Culinary and Bartenders unions negotiate together.

Union members voted in September to authorize a possible strike for tens of thousands of Las Vegas housekeepers, bartenders and other workers if a deal isn't reached.

Last week, the unions set a strike deadline for 5 a.m. ET on Friday.

The walkout would include about 35,000 workers in Las Vegas.

## **Airbus Profit, Revenue Increase**

**BUSINESS & FINANCE** 

### BY MAURO ORRU

Airbus posted higher revenue and earnings for the third quarter and backed its guidance for the year, sticking to plans to deliver 720 commercial planes and ramping up production of its A350 widebody aircraft despite lingering supply-chain snags.

The European plane maker had delivered 559 aircraft to customers by the end of October, meaning it will need to send out 161 planes in November and December to hit its annual target. Airbus had originally hoped to achieve 720 deliveries last year but was forced to shelve that goal due to supply-chain woes.

The aviation industry has been grappling for months with supply-chain challenges that have made it harder to procure some spare parts and raw materials.

"Demand for our commercial aircraft is very strong with a continuing recovery in the wide-body market," Chief Executive Guillaume Faury said. "We expect the supply chain to remain challenging as we progress on the production ramp-up."

The group still expects to produce 75 of its A320 narrowbody aircraft a month in 2026. For its A330 wide-body, Airbus is aiming for four a month in 2024, while production of its bigger A350 model is expected to reach 10 aircraft a month in 2026, up from a previous target of nine a month.

Airbus had slashed production of its wide-body planes early on in the coronavirus pandemic, when travel restrictions and border closures brought international traffic to a near standstill. Now, airlines

## Airbus's quarterly net profit

€2.0 billion 30 2023 €806 million 1.5 1.0 0.5

2021 Note: €1 = \$1.07 Sources: S&P Capital IQ; the company

are scrambling for planes to expand capacity to meet surging demand for international air travel.

Wednesday Airbus on

posted revenue of €14.90 billion, the equivalent of \$15.94 billion, for the three months to the end of September, up 12% on year.

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

Net profit jumped 21% to €806 million, while adjusted earnings before interest and taxes-Airbus's preferred measure of profitability-also grew 21% to €1.01 billion.

Analysts had expected revenue of €15.10 billion on a net profit of €837 million and adjusted earnings of €1.14 billion, according to a company-provided consensus based on estimates from 22 analysts.

For the year, Airbus continues to expect adjusted earnings of around €6 billion. Free cash flow before mergers and acquisitions and customer financing-a closely watched metric by analysts and investors-should come in at around €3 billion.

## American Recruits at FedEx, UPS

Continued from page B1

have had a lower risk of furloughs.

Pat DiMento, FedEx's vice president of flight operations and training, told pilots last week that the air-cargo slowdown would likely continue for the foreseeable future and they might want to consider PSA's offer if they are frustrated with their flying hours and career progression.

"Frankly, I was pessimistic about how attractive the opportunity might be when first approached, but the details are compelling," he wrote in a message to pilots.

PSA's offer includes a \$175,000 bonus included in the first paycheck, with an additional \$75,000 paid after a year. Pilots can eventually make the move to American Airlines itself, where they can work up to flying wide-body iets and earn bigger pay boosts-experienced American captains can make over \$400 an hour under a new pilot contract. Flying for a passenger airline also comes with perks such as flight benefits. It is the latest gambit by regional airlines, which operate feeder flights for bigger airlines, to attract pilots who have additional flying time under their belts and can qualify as captains. They need



FedEx first officers make up to \$238 an hour based on the type of plane and their seniority.

mand, FedEx passed along the PSA offer to all of its pilots, said a FedEx spokeswoman. She added that this recruitment initiative provides FedEx pilots another career path.

UPS had around 3,400 pilots before the buyout. FedEx said in July that it has an excess of 700 pilots, out of around 5,800. FedEx has never furloughed pilots in its 50-year history.

After at least one year of service, FedEx first officers make around \$156 to \$238 an hour based on the type of plane they fly and their seniority. FedEx captains make \$235 to \$336 an hour.





Members of the Culinary Workers Union rally in Las Vegas.

## Ex-NYSE Head Vies to Reboot FTX

Continued from page B1 ing Bankman-Fried a billionaire several times over.

It collapsed abruptly in November 2022 following a run on FTX customer funds. Prosecutors charged Bankman-Fried with fraud, accusing him of using a back door to plunder billions of dollars of customer funds and spend it on luxury real estate, personal investments and political donations. A New York federal jury last week convicted him on all seven counts he faced. He is expected to be sentenced in March and faces up to 110 years in prison.

Should a new owner take control of FTX, customers could receive shares in the restarted exchange or new tradable tokens to partially make up for what they are owed, some of the people said. Roughly \$9 billion of customer deposits on FTX remain unaccounted for.

FTX's real-estate portfolio in the Bahamas and other assets aren't part of the sales process for the exchange.

Some crypto watchers warn that a relaunch of FTX could struggle to get traction with professional traders, who might have long memories about the exchange's legacy of fraud and embezzlement. Some bidders have discussed dropping the FTX brand from the rebooted exchange.

Bullish is backed by a roster of prominent investors including Peter Thiel's Founders Fund and hedge-fund manager Louis Bacon. Farley, its CEO, was president of the NYSE from 2014 to 2018. In December 2022, it called off a \$9 billion deal to go public via a merger with a blank-check company.

Figure, a startup co-founded by former SoFi CEO Mike Cagney, was part of a group that unsuccessfully tried to buy the bankrupt crypto lender Celsius earlier this year. Figure uses blockchain technology for lending and capital markets.

Proof Group was part of the consortium that won the auction for Celsius. The group agreed to purchase \$50 million of equity in the newly reorganized company.

both captains and first offi cers to operate flights.

**Regional airline executives** their pilots are now quickly lured away by the bigger salaries and career opportunities of the major airlines, a change from previous years when pilots would typically spend several years at a regional before moving on, including as captains.

The "captain crunch," as a regional executive once described it on an earnings call, has prompted regional carriers to cut flights and in some cases slow down the hiring of first officers.

"We continue to face a captain shortage that has impacted our ability to fully utiour regional fleet," lize Heather Garboden, senior vice president of regionals and cargo at American, wrote in a memo to employees Saturday.

PSA's offer highlights the contrast in outlook between some passenger and cargo airlines, as consumers continue their spending on travel and services rather than goods

Regional airlines are stepping up recruiting efforts as the air-cargo business is slowing. In the first nine months of this year, UPS's domestic average daily package volume fell 9%. For the fiscal year ended in May, FedEx saw a 13% decline in average daily package volume for its domestic Express unit.

To keep up with slowing demand and manage its flight capacity, UPS recently offered some senior pilots voluntary severance packages, and 193 pilots took the buyout.

A UPS spokesman said the offer attracted great interest, and the company reached its buyout target. PSA reached out to UPS looking to recruit these pilots, and the parcel carrier passed along the information to departing pilots. With lower air-cargo de-

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## Thursday, November 9, 2023 | B3

## **BUSINESS NEWS**

## **GM's Cruise Recalls Driverless Vehicles**

Accident, blamed on faulty software, led California to pull company's license

### BY JOSEPH DE AVILA AND RYAN FELTON

Cruise, the self-driving vehicle unit of General Motors, has issued a voluntary software recall after California regulators suspended the company's license to operate in the state following an accident that left a woman severely injured.

The recall of 950 vehicles will address a software problem in the car's response to collisions, Cruise said in a report submitted to federal regulators. Depending on the circumstances of an accident, driverless Cruise cars will either pull over out of traffic following a collision or in some cases remain stationary, it said.

The software issue came into play during an accident last month when a woman in San Francisco was struck by a vehicle and then landed in the path of a driverless car, according to Cruise. After coming to a stop, the Cruise car inaccurately characterized the collision as lateral and attempted to pull over out of traffic, pulling the individual forward, rather than remaining stationary, the company said.

With the new update, the driverless Cruise car "would have remained stationary during the October 2 incident," Cruise said in the report filed with the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.

Following the accident, the California Department of Motor Vehicles said Cruise had misrepresented information related to the safety of its vehicles' technology and suspended the company's selfdriving permit. The DMV said Cruise showed the agency a video of the accident captured by the autonomous vehicle's cameras that didn't include footage of the car pulling over while the woman was pinned underneath.

The DMV said it learned about the pedestrian being dragged during a discussion with a federal agency. Cruise provided the DMV additional video upon request but says it previously showed the complete video to DMV officials multiple times.

After the DMV suspension, Cruise said it would suspend all of its driverless operations across the U.S.

Cruise said its board had retained law firm Quinn Emanuel to examine the company's response to the Oct. 2 incident, including its interactions with law enforcement. regulators and the media.

The recall was issued as part of standard protocol regarding safety issues, Cruise said. A similar collision with a risk of serious injury could have recurred every 10 million to 100 million miles of driving, on average, before the software update, the company added.

The company wouldn't set a timeline on when it plans to deploy the software update to its driverless fleet, with a spokesperson saying it will happen before Cruise resumes driverless operations.

The recall is the third Cruise has issued since the company began operating a driverless

robotaxi service last year. according to NHTSA data.

Cruise uses GM's Chevrolet Bolt electric vehicles equipped with autonomous gear for its driverless operations. It has begun testing a larger, autonomous van, the Cruise Origin, which has no steering wheel or other manual controls.

GM has invested heavily in Cruise, which has been seeking permission from the federal government to deploy thousands of Origin vehicles around the U.S.

GM is also pausing production of the Origin after it finishes making a small number of pre-commercial vehicles. The automaker declined to say how many Origins it has built so far.

GM executives have highlighted the growth potential of Cruise, which it acquired in 2016 for about \$1 billion. The automaker has said Cruise's revenue could hit \$1 billion by 2025. So far, Cruise has yet to turn a profit.

CIMIC 676621

The recall of 950 of the cars is meant to correct a problem involving their response to collisions.

## Second-Biggest Auction of a Picasso Brings \$139 Million

### By Kelly Crow

A Pablo Picasso painting, "Woman With a Watch," sold for \$139.4 million at Sotheby's on Wednesday. The sale of the portrait, the unrivaled trophy of New York's ongoing major fall auctions, marks the second-highest price ever paid for a work by the artist.

The 1932 work depicts the artist's blonde mistress, Marie-Thérèse Walter, dressed in a hat and green-checkered dress and sitting curled up in a chair. The work surpassed the \$115 million paid in 2018 for 1905's "Young Girl with a Flower Basket," which was owned by banker David Rockefeller. It also surpassed the \$106.5 million paid in 2010 for another 1932 view of Walter, "Nude, Green Leaves and Bust."

The art world has been riveted by the fate of "Woman With a Watch," which came up for bid carrying a \$120 million estimate at a shaky time for the global art market. From Hong Kong to Honolulu, collectors are newly spooked by high inflation, China's slowing economy and wars in Ukraine and Israel. After a yearslong shopping spree, bidare still assessing ders whether they want to keep splurging on blue-chip art or sit on their paddles.

Already, the ongoing series of fall sales at Sotheby's, Christie's and smaller house Phillips that run through Nov. 17 are only expected to total around \$1.8 billion alto-gether—a 43% drop from a similar series

held last fall. On Tuesday, Christie's kicked off the fall series with a \$107.5 million sale of newer art led by a \$20 million Cv Twombly redlooping abfrom stract

2004. "Untitled (Bacchus 1st the art market's trajectory Version II)." The painting had only reached \$17 million when the final gavel fell, but then Christie's added its commis-

sion. The Twombly had been expected to sell for a hammer price of at least \$18 million, so it wound up underperforming by that metric. prices,

> unlike estimates, include the house's additional fees.

> > Hugo Nathan said bidders who showed up seeking reassurances about

weren't exactly appeased by "They Christie's results. "They showed up nervous and left nervous," Nathan said.

sale, Sotheby's went to great lengths to make sure its star lot—the Picasso—found a buyer, lining up an outside investor to pledge an undisclosed sum to win it if no other bidders stepped forward in the moment. Sotheby's executive Brooke Lampley said more sellers this season asked the house to lock in such riskoffsetting financial arrangements compared with the spring. "There's a premium for security in the world right now," Lampley said.

Collectors have long gravitated to pieces Picasso painted in 1932, a seminal period when he was readying works for a retrospective and reveling in

Heading into Wednesday's an affair with Walter. This example, painted on Aug. 17, 1932, stands out in part because it depicts the young woman sporting a wristwatch, a rare fashion accessory among women at the time. Picasso also wrote his signature on the canvas using a brush from a bottle of red nail polish.

"Woman With a Watch,' which was bought by an anonymous telephone bidder, fell shy of the record-setting \$179.4 million paid in 2015 for Picasso's 1955 harem scene, "Women of Algiers (Version O)."

The painting sold Wednesday came from the \$400 million estate of Emily Fisher Landau, a New York collector who died in March at age 102.



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Final **Art collectors** have been spooked by After the sale, art adviser

inflation after a boom period.



Jack Cooper Transport plans to submit a bid that would halt Yellow's liquidation.

## New Plans Aim to Revive **Collapsed Trucker Yellow**

### BY PAUL BERGER

Jack Cooper Transport, a specialized operator that hauls automobiles for carmakers, plans to submit a bid backed by \$1 billion in financing and support from the Teamsters union and some U.S. lawmakers that would halt the liquidation of trucking giant Yellow and seek to resurrect the closed business, according to people familiar with the matter.

The improbable effort would require the Treasury Department to defer repayment for several years of a \$700 million loan provided to Yellow under a Covid pandemic-era bailout. one of several debts that helped push the trucker into collapse earlier this year.

The Jack Cooper Transport bid would provide about \$1 billion to pay off other secured creditors, offer unsecured creditors shares in the business and hire back some of the 22,000 Teamsters members who lost their jobs when the company shut down over the summer, according to the people familiar with the matter. It would restore operations under a new, leaner company and seek to win back freight business that has dispersed to other carriers.

The effort comes as the sale of Yellow's sprawling network of trucking terminals and tens

of thousands of trucks and trailers is moving through U.S. Bankruptcy Court. The bankruptcy process has a deadline Thursday for submission of bids for real-estate assets, with a minimum of \$1.525 billion already set for the land and buildings ahead of an auction scheduled for Nov. 28. That would be enough to repay the company's secured creditors, including the \$700 million federal loan, and to cover wages and other payments owed to laid off workers.

Kansas City, Mo.-based Jack Cooper Transport plans instead to file this month what is known as a going concern bid, arguing that it has a viable plan to revive Yellow, according to the people familiar with the plan.

The car hauler, whose drivers are represented by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, already has a framework agreement in place with the union for the revived business, according to the people familiar with the matter. About a dozen lawmakers have written to Treasury Secretary Janet Yellen asking the department to defer the repayment terms to help the Jack Cooper Trans-

port bid move forward.

Treasury officials declined to comment.

Yellow was the third largest carrier in trucking's less-thantruckload sector, in which truckers combine multiple customers' loads in a single trailer. and hauled shipments for thousands of customers, from retail giants Walmart and Home Depot to small businesses. It had revenue last year of \$5.2 billion but was weighed down by heavy debt and weak margins.

Nashville, Tenn.-based Yellow ceased operations July 30 and entered bankruptcy a week later. It was the largest bankruptcy in U.S. trucking history and about 30,000 union and nonunion workers lost their jobs.

People familiar with the bid say Jack Cooper Transport's executive chair, Sarah Riggs Amico has a deal with the Teamsters to jettison the labor agreement that had squeezed Yellow.

The Teamsters union said Wednesday it will "negotiate a strong new collective bargaining agreement at the appropriate time," adding, "We are committed to seeing a new operation get up and running."

The bid is expected to include \$1 billion in loans sourced through investment firm Guggenheim Partners.

–Jack D. Woodland Park, N.J.

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## **TECHNOLOGY**

## **CEO Bets \$1 Million on Herself**

After telecom Lumen loses 90% of its value, executive buys up its shares

### By DREW FITZGERALD AND WILL FEUER

Kate Johnson is betting nearly \$1 million that the investors fleeing her company are wrong.

Johnson bought one million shares of Lumen Technologies stock last week as it dipped into penny-stock territory, costing the telecommunications company boss \$970,000. The former Microsoft and General Electric executive said the purchase made sense as she felt investors overreacted to a complicated third-quarter report and restructuring plan.

"I believe deeply in our strategy, our mission, the team that we've built and our progress so far, and so I went long in the stock," she said in an interview. "My husband and I decided that this is the right thing to do, and I think it expresses my deep confidence in our business.'

Johnson, 56 years old, who trained as an electrical engineer and has a Wharton M.B.A., joined the debt-laden telecom last November after four years as Microsoft's U.S. president. Lumen valued Johnson's 2022 compensation at \$4.8 million after it hired her. The pay package included a \$1 million cash signing bonus and stock awards valued



Kate Johnson made a gesture of 'deep confidence' in the company once called CenturyLink.

## at about \$3 million.

Shares of Lumen, which was formerly known as CenturyLink, have recovered some lost ground since their postearnings tumble and closed Wednesday at \$1.30. But they have a long way to go. The stock has shed roughly 90% of its value over the past two years after the company split up its U.S. network, sold overseas assets and eliminated its dividend.

Johnson follows a tradition of top company executives buying more shares after its board awards them stock. Former Lumen CEO Jeff Storey bought \$1 million of company shares in 2017 and nearly as much in 2019; those purchases have since lost most of their value.

The company's executive

compensation guidelines require that Johnson own more than \$7 million of its common shares two years from now. It says she would fulfill that requirement simply by holding on to future stock awards.

"Insider buying is certainly less prevalent than insider selling, but every company culture is different," said Ben Silverman, director of research for VerityData.

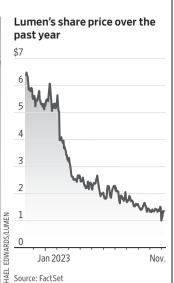
The telephone network operator grew bigger through several takeovers, including CenturyLink's roughly \$25 billion merger with Coloradobased Level 3 Communications that closed in 2017.

Expanding helped the combined company effectively tap billions of dollars in tax breaks but failed to counter trends that have hurt most telecom stocks. Revenue suffered as residential customers dropped its low-speed home internet service faster than the company could build new fiber-optic broadband lines to retain them, for instance.

Lumen in 2021 sold some of its network to private-equity firm Apollo Global Management for \$7.5 billion. The company has also sold networks in Europe and Latin America to sharpen its domestic focus.

The company last week said it plans to restructure its debt so that big bond payments come due later. The plan included a 4% workforce cut.

The balance-sheet maneuver, which will drive up interest costs, combined with a decision to spend less on homebroadband construction, got a



\* \* \* \*

chilly market reception.

Johnson says the company still supports its home-broadband unit but is steering investment toward its business segment, which can generate stronger profit margins on a faster timeline. She highlighted business with big tech companies like Google and Microsoft that can drive future demand for its services.

The past year was especially turbulent as the company's traditionally dividendinvestor focused base responds to the new strategy, Johnson added. She said it would take until the end of 2024 to stabilize revenue.

"I'm not really one to sign up for the run-the-show," she said about her current iob. "I'm more of a changethe-show gal, and that is definitely what this opportunity is."

## Suit Claims Zuckerberg Falsehood On Meta's **Teen Harms**

### BY GEORGIA WELLS AND JEFF HORWITZ

Meta Platforms Chief Executive Mark Zuckerberg repeatedly dismissed warnings from senior company officials that its flagship social-media platforms were harming young users, according to unsealed allegations in a lawsuit filed by Massachusetts.

According to the suit, as early as 2019, Meta's head of responsible innovation was telling Zuckerberg that mounting evidence showed the net effect of their platforms on user well-being was negative. Around that time, multiple executives, including Instagram head Adam Mosseri, were pushing for the company to ban filters that mimic plastic surgery due to concerns they were harming the mental health of women and teens.

"It's been our strong recommendation from comms, marketing, policy, and engagement with nearly 20 outside experts and academics that we pass this policy," wrote Karina Newton, Instagram's then head of policy, according to an internal email cited in the complaint. "We're talking about actively encouraging young girls into body dysmorphia."

Zuckerberg nixed the effort, Massachusetts says in the lawsuit, canceling a meeting in which staffers were set to argue for the proposal. The CEO said there was clear demand for the filters and "claimed, falsely, that he had seen 'no data' suggesting that the filters were harmful," according to the complaint.

Meta spokesman Andy Stone said that the company had chosen to restrict a more limited set of filters that promoted specific cosmetic surgery procedures, extreme weight loss or dramatic changes in skin color.

"We clearly note when a filter is being used and we work to proactively review effects against these rules before they go live," he said Wednesday in an emailed statement. More broadly, he called the claims by Massachusetts unfounded. "The complaint is filled with selective quotes from handpicked documents that do not provide the full context of

how the company operates or

The unsealed filings-based

what decisions were made."

on internal documents pro-

duced during the course of an

investigation by more than 40

state attorneys general—show

that, even as the company played down or dismissed the

safety risks of its products, a

substantial number of Zucker-

berg's top lieutenants acknowledged growing evidence that specific design and user

features were harmful. These

Meta officials also pushed

Zuckerberg to allow them to

as part of their evidence inter-

nal Meta documents made

public by Frances Haugen, a

former employee who took more than 20,000 screenshots

of records about company re-

search on its products' poten-

tial harms. Those documents

were the basis of The Wall

Street Journal's Facebook

Files series of articles in 2021.

its own researchers' warnings

about its products' effects on

user mental health, declaring

their work less than rigorous

and the documents obtained

by Journal cherry-picked. But

the unsealed Massachusetts

filing suggests that many of

the executives who publicly

dismissed the seriousness of

The company played down

The attorneys general cite

invest in fixes.

## Chinese Videogames Score Wins

Continued from page B1 that has achieved global success

Its mobile version earned \$5.16 billion worldwide in the three years after its debut. That made it the world's third most lucrative title after Tencent's "Honor of Kings," which made money mostly from China, and "PUBG Mobile," a mobile adaptation of a South Korean hit, Sensor Tower data show.

From its name to its animestyle art, "Genshin Impact" has strong Japanese features. But it creates story lines and territories based on global culture from medieval Germany to Japan's Tokugawa shogunate era centuries ago. "At first glance, it was a Japanese game to me," said Kazuya Ishida, a 22-year-old college student in Tokyo. He added that he couldn't find a mobile game of a similar genre and quality in Japan at the time.

Game Show, Ishida waited in line for an hour and a half to try miHoYo's turn-based roleplaying game "Honkai: Star Rail" for 10 minutes. Its mobile version, which launched in April, generated around \$500 million in global revenue in its first three months, matching the \$515 million opening results of "Genshin Impact," according to Sensor Tower. Revenue from the U.S. and Japan accounted for more than a third of the total.

In October, miHoYo kicked off a concert tour in eight countries with local orchestras plaving music from "Genshin Impact." Game-music concerts are a popular marketing and community-building strategy overseas. Tickets for most cities, including Los Angeles and New York, sold out within minutes

"Genshin Impact" as well as zombie apocalypse titles "Puzzles & Survival" and "Age of Origins" are recent examples of Chinese titles that mimic foreign aesthetics and gameplay and have become hits overseas. For decades, the Chinese industry accumulated know-how through labor-intensive work such as art and design that global game companies delegated to China. While Western and Japanese studios have



'Genshin Impact,' made by a Shanghai studio, incorporates story lines from various cultures. a Buddhist monk and three an-

imal spirits to India, the title

features Monkey King, the protagonist of the tale. The game was positively re-

censorship and data security could come under scrutiny overseas-similar to what happened with short-video app TikTok. Some global players

said they found titles includ-

more popular, issues such as

been traditionally strong in consoles, Chinese companies have developed strengths in mobile games, an area that now accounts for half of the

At the September Tokyo

global videogame-industry revenue according to gamingmarket research firm Newzoo.

These days, the Chinese industry is trying to go beyond mimicking foreign successes.

Recently, "Black Myth: Wukong," a martial arts role-playing game scheduled for release next year, created buzz on social media. Rooted in the Chinese epic "Journey to the West" about the pilgrimage of

ceived by demo players on Xformerly Twitter-and Reddit. who said they were impressed by its high-quality art and dark, bizarre fiction style.

"You take Chinese mythology and stories like this and apply Western genres. This is the way to be successful," said Seattle-based Mark Long, who heads the studio that makes the shooter game "Shrapnel."

As Chinese games become

Amazon to

Sell Health

Benefits

Continued from page B1

services that are included in

the annual fee as well as in-

person visits at clinics across

the U.S. that require additional

payments either through insur-

ance plans or outof-pocket.

Other services including medi-

cal testing also are available.

The company

has increased

the price of

perks.

Amazon Prime

members pay

\$139 annually to

access perks in-

cluding Ama-

zon's fast-ship-

ping service and

While some

Medical

annual membership cost for

their workers, it is unclear how many Prime members

will see the new lower fee as

earlier healthcare efforts

didn't work, including a joint

venture with Berkshire Hatha-

way and JPMorgan Chase that

ended after three years and a

telehealth service named Am-

azon Care that it shut last

Several of the company's

employers cur-

rently pay the

Prime

One

enticing.

streaming.

Video

ing "Genshin Impact" censoring politically sensitive terms such as "Taiwan" and "Hong Kong" in their chat features. U.S. security experts have also raised concerns about Beijing's potential access to data harvested from games. Companies say that user data is stored locally and its use is limited to business purposes.

year. The company in July laid

"They are unproven, and it's other pieces."

Amazon rivals such as Walmart have also sought to expand virtual-care benefits for employees and beyond. Walmart already is one of the biggest retail pharmacy entities

primary care services. Telemedicine saw a boost from the pandemic, with companies aiming to reach more people at home.

lenge for players like Amazon is persuading

people who think of the company primarily for shopping to turn to it as a healthcare option. said Josh Lowitz. cofounder of Consumer Intelligence Research Partners, which studies Amazon Prime memberships.

Going into healthcare "is a more intimate relationship which Amazon customers may or may not want to have with Amazon," Lowitz said.

off about 80 employees in its pharmacy unit.

a really hard system to break into," Lyndean Brick, CEO of healthcare consulting firm Advis, said of Amazon. "They need a lot more providers and a lot more bandwidth. [One Medical] is a start, but they have to have

in the U.S. and offers some

Prime as it adds

Instagram's potential harms The chalhad long warned about them. The company's head of research David Ginsberg in 2019 told Zuckerberg that scientific evidence showed the average

net effect of their platforms on the well-being of users was negative, according to internal emails cited by Massachusetts.

### Watch a Video

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### **B6** | Thursday, November 9, 2023

## **MARKETS DIGEST**

EQUITIES

## **Dow Jones Industrial Average**

**34112.27 4**0.33, or 0.12% High, low, open and close for each trading day of the past three months.

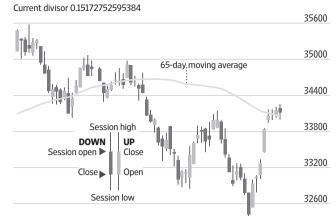
Trailing P/E ratio 24.88 P/E estimate \* 18.67 Dividend vield 2.11 All-time high 36799.65, 01/04/22

Last Year ago

20.08

17.92

2.08



Bars measure the point change from session's open

32000 Sept. Oct. Nov. Aug. "Weekly P/E data based on as-reported earnings from Birinyi Associates Inc; <sup>†</sup>Based on Nasdaq-100 Index

## Major U.S. Stock-Market Indexes

			— Latest				52-Week —		%	chg —
	High	Low	Close	Net chg	% chg	High	Low	% chg		3-yr. ann
Dow Jones										
Industrial Average	34252.75	33996.20	34112.27	-40.33	-0.12	35630.68	31819.14	4.9	2.9	6.4
Transportation Avg	14539.29	14408.33	14415.78	-22.82	-0.16	16695.32	13298.36	6.8	7.6	7.5
Utility Average	844.21	833.58	841.83	-6.49	-0.77	1002.11	783.08	-5.9	-13.0	-1.5
Total Stock Market	43567.89	43236.30	43449.63	1.46	0.003	45969.67	37669.21	15.3	12.8	6.4
Barron's 400	951.49	942.71	<b>944.</b> 84	-4.87	-0.51	1036.97	881.58	3.6	2.7	7.3
Nasdaq Stock Marke	et									
Nasdaq Composite	13684.87	13573.58	13650.41	10.56	0.08	14358.02	10213.29	31.8	30.4	4.7
Nasdaq-100	15343.19	15220.88	15313.24	17.22	0.11	15841.35	10679.34	41.8	40.0	8.2
S&P										
500 Index	4391.20	4359.76	4382.78	4.40	0.10	4588.96	3748.57	16.9	14.1	7.7
MidCap 400	2457.49	2432.89	2436.07	-11.27	-0.46	2728.44	2326.82	2.4	0.2	6.3
SmallCap 600	1129.81	1115.20	1118.13	-10.42	-0.92	1315.82	1068.80	-3.4	-3.4	6.5
Other Indexes										
Russell 2000	1733.11	1709.24	1714.07	-19.08	-1.10	2003.18	1636.94	-2.6	-2.7	1.4
NYSE Composite	15422.81	15302.94	15352.19	-36.29	-0.24	16427.29	14587.76	5.2	1.1	5.1
Value Line	524.45	519.08	520.29	-3.57	-0.68	606.49	498.09	-0.6	-3.0	2.0
NYSE Arca Biotech	4836.88	4743.24	4760.23	-73.95	-1.53	5644.50	4544.40	-4.8	-9.9	-4.6
NYSE Arca Pharma	891.45	880.04	888.22	6.24	0.71	925.61	791.91	9.7	2.3	10.5
KBW Bank	78.62	77.90	78.30	-0.28	-0.36	115.10	71.71	-23.9	-22.4	-0.1
PHLX <sup>§</sup> Gold/Silver	112.02	108.65	109.16	-3.17	-2.82	144.37	103.31	0.2	-9.7	-11.1
PHLX <sup>§</sup> Oil Service	84.68	83.20	83.62	-0.46	-0.55	98.76	69.29	1.3	-0.3	42.7
PHLX <sup>§</sup> Semiconductor	3491.96	3450.59	3472.67	1.21	0.03	3861.63	2424.82	43.2	37.1	11.1
Cboe Volatility	15.09	14.30	14.45	-0.36	-2.43	26.52	12.82	-44.6	-33.3	-16.5
§ <sub>Nasdaq</sub> PHLX							Sources: Fact	Set; Dow J	lones Ma	rket Data

## **International Stock Indexes**

Region/Country Index	Close	Net chg	— Latest —	YTD % chg
World MSCI ACWI	664.43	0.01	0.001	9.8
MSCI ACWI ex-USA	288.35	-0.39	-0.14	2.5
MSCI World	2888.41	1.02	0.04	11.0
MSCI Emerging Markets	957.91	-2.75	-0.29	0.2
Americas MSCI AC Americas	1658.10	0.82	0.05	13.8
Canada S&P/TSX Comp	19530.21	-45.38	-0.23	0.7
Latin Amer. MSCI EM Latin America	2353.22	-8.65	-0.37	10.6
Brazil BOVESPA	119176.67	-91.39	-0.08	8.6
Chile S&PIPSA	3178.49	-1.58	-0.05	0.2
Mexico S&P/BMV IPC	51016.30	-193.55	-0.38	5.3
EMEA STOXX Europe 600	444.07	1.26	0.28	4.5
Eurozone Euro STOXX	438.09	2.08	0.48	6.9
Belgium <b>Bel-20</b>	3456.59	-6.35	-0.18	-6.6
Denmark OMX Copenhagen 20	2224.79	36.35	1.66	21.2
France CAC40	7034.16	47.93	0.69	8.7
Germany <b>DAX</b>	15229.60	76.96	0.51	9.4
Israel Tel Aviv	1714.95	-13.16	-0.76	-4.6
Italy FTSE MIB	28433.33	37.43	0.13	19.9
Netherlands <b>AEX</b>	734.64	-1.10	-0.15	6.6
Norway Oslo Bors All-Share	1492.33	6.97	0.47	9.5
South Africa FTSE/JSE All-Share	72465.63	892.64	1.25	-0.8
Spain IBEX 35	9283.80	47.90	0.52	12.8
Sweden OMX Stockholm	786.69	0.06	0.01	0.6
Switzerland Swiss Market	10595.06	24.03	0.23	-1.3
Turkey BIST 100	7860.88	16.08	0.20	42.7
U.K. <b>FTSE 100</b>	7401.72	-8.32	-0.11	-0.7
U.K. <b>FTSE 250</b>	17846.26	84.55	0.48	-5.3
Asia-Pacific MSCI AC Asia Pacific	156.60	-1.01	-0.64	0.6
Australia S&P/ASX 200	6995.40	18.33	0.26	-0.6
China Shanghai Composite	3052.37	-4.90	-0.16	-1.2
Hong Kong Hang Seng	17568.46	-101.70	-0.58	-11.2
India S&PBSE Sensex	64975.61	33.21	0.05	6.8
Japan NIKKEI 225	<b>32166.</b> 48	-105.34	-0.33	23.3
Singapore Straits Times	3129.72	-44.09	-1.39	-3.7
South Korea KOSPI	2421.62	-22.34	-0.91	8.3
Taiwan TAIEX	16740.83	55.88	0.33	18.4
Thailand SET	1411.77	3.47	0.25	-15.4

## S&P 500 Index

Aug.

### **4382.78 4**.40, or 0.10% High, low, open and close for each trading day of the past three months.

Last Year ago Trailing P/E ratio 19.69 18.37 P/E estimate \* 19.27 16.92 Dividend vield 1.70 1.75 All-time high 4796.56, 01/03/22

65-day moving average

## **Nasdaq Composite Index**

\*

**13650.41** 🔺 10.56, or 0.08% High, low, open and close for each trading day of the past three months.

Last Year ago Trailing P/E ratio \* 29.63 23.01 P/E estimate \*\* 25.75 20.87 Dividend vield \*1 0.86 1.02 All-time high: 16057.44, 11/19/21

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.





## Late Trading

Oct.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Sept.

 ${\sf Most-active} \ {\sf and} \ {\sf biggest} \ {\sf movers} \ {\sf among} \ {\sf NYSE}, {\sf NYSE} \ {\sf Arca}, {\sf NYSE} \ {\sf Amer}.$ and Nasdaq issues from 4 p.m. to 6 p.m. ET as reported by electronic trading services, securities dealers and regional exchanges. Minimum share price of \$2 and minimum after-hours volume of 50,000 shares.

### Most-active issues in late trading

Most-active issues in late trading											
Company	Symbol	Volume (000)	Last	Net chg	After Hour % chg	s High	Low				
Disney	DIS	7,780.6	87.20	2.70	3.20	88.85	83.37				
Transocean	RIG	7,610.2	6.65	-0.02	-0.26	6.69	6.65				
SPDR S&P 500 ETF Trust	SPY	5,480.5	436.76	-0.49	-0.11	439.88	436.66				
EQRx	EQRX	4,620.3	2.39	0.05	2.14	2.41	2.32				
Sabre Corp.	SABR	4,514.4	3.47	0.03	0.87	3.47	3.31				
iShares Russell 2000 ETF	IWM	3,949.3	169.80	-0.07	-0.04	169.91	169.64				
Microsoft	MSFT	3,886.4	363.16	-0.04	-0.01	364.06	360.53				
Wells Fargo	WFC	3,384.8	40.98		unch.	41.05	40.92				
Percentage gair	iers										
PubMatic	PUBM	131.5	14.33	2.23	18.43	14.58	12.10				
Bloom Energy	BE	379.9	11.70	1.67	16.65	12.40	10.03				
Applovin	APP	556.3	46.77	6.65	16.58	49.00	40.12				
Affirm Holdings	AFRM	2,523.4	24.14	2.38	10.94	25.10	20.87				
Alta Equipment Cl A	ALTG	229.0	10.64	1.04	10.83	10.64	9.60				
And losers											
Cardlytics	CDLX	113.0	9.25	-4.47	-32.59	13.72	8.38				
NuScale Power	SMR	350.1	2.43	-0.67	-21.61	3.20	2.32				
Topgolf Callaway Brands	MODG	692.5	10.59	-1.86	-14.94	12.74	9.33				
BILL Holdings	BILL	215.3	54.80	-7.39	-11.88	62.98	54.60				
Knife River	KNF	86.9	50.23	-5.73	-10.24	56.00	50.18				

## **Trading Diary**

Volume, Advancers, Decliners

	NYSE	NYSE Amer.						
Total volume*	876,278,938	9,462,832						
Adv. volume*	282,908,862	1,396,486						
Decl. volume*	580,283,309	7,504,526						
Issues traded	2,955	318						
Advances	1,200	133						
Declines	1,649	171						
Unchanged	106	14						
New highs	38	2						
New lows	66	16						
Closing Arms <sup>†</sup>	1.44	2.81						
Block trades*	3,767	98						
	Nasdaq	NYSE Arca						
Total volume*4	,685,553,797	287,861,042						
Adv. volume*1	,746,572,097	111,038,032						
Decl. volume*2	,902,472,678	175,523,006						
<b>Issues traded</b>	4,435	1,822						
Advances	1,598	790						
Declines	2,650	1,006						
Unchanged	187	26						
New highs	50	12						
New lows	205	12						
Closing Arms <sup>†</sup>	1.00	1.13						
Block trades*	30,632	1,521						
* Primary market NYSE, NYSE American NYSE Arca only. (TRIN) A comparison of the number of advancing and declining issues with the volume of shares rising and failing. An								

issues with the volume of shares rising and falling. An Arms of less than 1 indicates buying demand; above 1 indicates selling pressure.

## Percentage Gainers.

		— La	test Sess						
Company	Symbol	Close	Net chg	% chg	High	Low	% chg		
Korro Bio	KRRO	41.40	16.78	68.16	279.50	9.15	-61.1		
Tenon Medical	TNON	3.55	1.18	49.79	31.10	0.77	-79.5		
Blade Air Mobility	BLDE	2.94	0.67	29.52	5.10	2.06	-35.5		
Energy Vault Holdings	NRGV	2.93	0.64	27.95	5.51	1.35	3.9		
American Public Education	APEI	5.50	1.20	27.91	14.22	3.76	-58.0		
ContextLogic	WISH	5.28	1.06	25.12	32.10	3.55	-72.0		
Interlink Electronics	LINK	10.91	2.09	23.71	17.23	7.25	24.2		
ShiftPixy	PIXY	8.06	1.52	23.24	599.28	4.60	-96.1		
HCI Group	HCI	78.38	13.88	21.52	79.39	32.42	109.6		
Nuvei	NVEI	18.86	3.11	19.75	43.81	13.32	-29.3		
Marqeta	MQ	6.35	1.00	18.69	8.00	3.46	1.8		
GoPro	GPRO	3.16	0.48	17.91	6.57	2.41	-38.6		
EVgo CI A	EVGO	2.71	0.41	17.83	8.16	1.88	-58.1		
VinFast Auto	VFS	7.25	1.09	17.69	93.00	4.59			
Performant Financial	PFMT	2.65	0.39	17.26	3.97	2.00	14.2		

## **Percentage Losers**

		— Latest Session —			—— 52-Week ——		
Company	Symbol	Close	Net chg	% chg	High	Low	% chg
Durect	DRRX	0.53	-2.05	-79.57	9.50	0.51	-89.4
Mobiv Acquisition	MOBV	4.52	-4.29	-48 <b>.69</b>	11.75	4.48	-55.2
Urban One Cl D	UONEK	3.45	-2.20	-38.94	6.34	3.40	-25.6
Syntec Optics Cl A	OPTX	5.20	-3.24	-38.39	19.50	4.72	-48.8
Carbon Revolution	CREV	55.89	-34.70	-38.30	197.99	6.30	458.3
Expensify	EXFY	1.83	-1.07	-36.90	13.86	1.52	-85.2
Urban One Cl A	UONE	3.69	-2.04	-35.60	8.04	3.47	-31.3
Globavend Holdings	GVH	2.58	-1.42	-35.50	5.50	2.51	
OneMedNet	ONMD	5.29	-2.47	-31.83	13.51	3.95	-49.4
Maravai LifeSciences	MRVI	4.70	-2.18	-31.69	16.90	4.60	-65.1
Collective Audience	CAUD	2.65	-1.15	-30.26	38.40	2.23	-73.8
Barinthus Biotherap ADR	BRNS	2.87	-1.23	-30.00	5.10	1.64	28.7
Sleep Number	SNBR	11.37	-4.66	-29.07	41.61	10.25	-60.8
Arteris	AIP	4.83	-1.83	-27.48	8.08	3.27	4.5
Upstart Holdings	UPST	21.38	-8.03	-27.30	72.58	11.93	25.3

## **Most Active Stocks**

Company	Symbol	Volume (000)	%chg from = 65-day avg	Latest S Close	ession % chg		eek Low
Bit Brother Cl A	BETS	186,496	1908.1	0.03	-19.73	12.00	0.03
<b>Rivian Automotive</b>	RIVN	121,005	243.9	17.00	-2.41	35.74	11.68
ProSh UltraPro Shrt QQQ	SQQQ	116,826	-13.0	18.06	-0.22	60.54	16.38
Tesla	TSLA	105,689	-10.1	222.11	-0.03	299.29	101.81
Peraso	PRSO	99,245	21010.8	0.32	110.84	1.54	0.12
ProShares UltraPro QQQ	TQQQ	93,496	-13.5	39.15	0.18	47.14	16.10
Cardio Diagnostics Hldgs	CDIO	87,111	1064.8	1.38	-0.36	8.50	0.17
Heart Test Laboratories	HSCS	86,040	50272.3	0.23	53.38	3.95	0.15
Warner Bros. Discovery A	WBD	79,981	324.9	9.40	-19.04	16.34	8.82
SPDR S&P 500 ETF Trust	SPY	61,473	-26.0	437.25	0.07	459.44	373.61

\* Volumes of 100,000 shares or more are rounded to the nearest thousand



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## Volume Movers Ranked by change from 65-day average\*

-	Company	Symbol	Volume (000)	% chg from – 65-day avg	Latest S	Session % chg	52-W High	eek Low
3	FT Intermediate Govt Opps	MGOV	922	11117	19.52	0.21	20.11	18.77
8	Clean Earth Acqns Cl A	CLIN	923	4625	10.63	0.28	11.36	9.94
8	Establishment Labs Hldgs	ESTA	10,480	4501	25.12	-23.20	79.88	16.96
1	Korro Bio	KRRO	312	4487	41.40	68.16	279.50	9.15
2	Invsc Agric Cmd Strat K-1	PDBA	176	3067	32.71	0.37	33.07	28.29
0	ShoulderUp Tech Acqn A	SUAC	579	2267	10.62	-0.10	11.09	10.02
7	Distoken Acquisition	DIST	293	2259	10.57	-0.19	11.17	10.15
5	Urban One Cl A	UONE	586	2206	3.69	-35.60	8.04	3.47
2	Constellation Acqn I A	CSTA	121	2103	10.97	0.05	11.68	10.00
1	AltEnergy Acqn Cl A	AEAE	274	2049	10.63	unch.	11.86	10.05

\* Common stocks priced at \$2 a share or more with an average volume over 65 trading days of at least 5,000 shares *†*Has traded fewer than 65 days

## **CURRENCIES & COMMODITIES**

## Currencies

U.S.-dollar foreign-exchange rates in late New York trading

			US\$ vs,				US\$ vs,
		Ved —				Ved —	
Country/currency	in US\$	per US\$	5 (%)	Country/currency	in US\$	per US\$	. ,
Americas				Vietnam dong	.00004102	24380	3.2
Argentina peso	.00293	349.9570	98.0	Europe			
Brazil real	.2036	4.9107	-7.1	Czech Rep. koruna	.04349	22.994	1.9
Canada dollar	.7250	1.3794	1.8	Denmark krone	.1436	6.9638	0.2
Chile peso	.001113	898.87	6.0	Euro area euro	1.0712	.9336	-0.1
<b>Colombia</b> peso	.000244	4090.25	-15.6	Hungary forint	.002827	353.76	-5.3
Ecuador US dollar	1	1	unch	Iceland krona	.007106	140.73	-0.6
Mexico peso	.0570	17.5362	-10.0	Norway krone	.0895	11.1755	13.9
Uruguay peso	.02504	39.9350	-0.1	Poland zloty	.2410	4.1501	-5.2
Asia-Pacific				Russia ruble	.01089	91.850	24.5
Australiadollar	.6402	1.5620	6.5	Sweden krona	.0918	10.8981	4.4
China yuan	.1374	7.2803	5.5	Switzerland franc	1.1119	.8994	
Hong Kong dollar	.1280	7.8149	0.1	Turkey lira	.0351	28.4688	52.3
India rupee	.01200	83.242	0.6	<b>Ukraine</b> hryvnia	.0277	36.0500	-2.2
Indonesia rupiah	.0000640	15620	0.3	<b>UK</b> pound	1.2286	.8139	-1.5
Japan ven	.006624	150.98		Middle East/Afri	ca		
Kazakhstan tenge	.002133	468.86	1.3	Bahrain dinar	2.6518	.3771	0.01
Macau pataca	.1242		0.1	Eavpt pound		30.8981	
Malaysia ringgit	.2135	4.6838	6.3	Israel shekel	.2608	3.8347	8.8
New Zealand dollar	.5911	1.6918	7.4	Kuwait dinar	3.2373	.3089	0.9
Pakistan rupee	.00348	287.000	26.6	Oman sul rial	2.5976	.3850	-0.01
Philippines peso	.0179	55.895	0.4	Qatar rial	.2747	3.641	-0.7
Singapore dollar	.7372	1.3564	1.2	Saudi Arabia riyal	.2666	3.7514	-0.2
South Korea won	.0007639	1309.10	3.7	South Africa rand	.0541	18.4726	8.5
Sri Lanka rupee	.0030399	328.96	-10.5				
Taiwan dollar	.03102	32.237	5.2		Close Net C	hg % Chg	
Thailand baht	.02815	35.530	2.6	WSJ Dollar Index	99.94 0.3	L2 0.12	3.50
Sources: Tullett Prebo	on, Dow Jon	es Market	t Data				

## Commodities

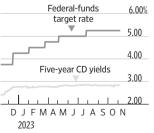
		Wednesday 52-Week						
	Close	Net chg	% Čhg	High	Low	% Chg	% chg	
DJ Commodity	981.10	-3.83	-0.39	1071.61	930.59	-6.27	-6.45	
Refinitiv/CC CRB Index	273.38	-2.34	-0.85	290.29	253.85	-2.29	-1.57	
Crude oil, \$ per barrel	75.33	-2.04	-2.64	93.68	66.74	-12.23	-6.14	
Natural gas, \$/MMBtu	3.106	-0.034	-1.08	7.308	1.991	-47.04	-30.59	
Gold, \$ per troy oz.	1951.50	-15.30	-0.78	2048.00	1710.10	14.12	7.24	

## **CREDIT MARKETS**

## **Consumer Rates and Returns to Investor**

### **U.S. consumer rates**

A consumer rate against its benchmark over the past year



-						
	Sel	ect	ed	rat	te	S
	5-ve	ar Cl	Ds			

Bankrate.com avg†:	2.84
Barclays Bank	4.50
Wilmington, DE	888-720-875
Quorum Federal Credit Union	4.50
Purchase, NY	800-874-554
First Internet Bank of Indiana	4.59
Indianapolis, IN	888-873-342
Popular Direct	4.65
Miami Lakes, FL	800-274-569
Merrick Bank	4.70
South Jordan, UT	866-638-68

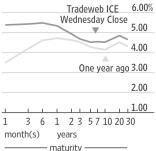
Interest rate	─Yield/F Last (●	52-Week Range (%) Low 0 2 4 6 8 High						3-yr chg (pct pts)	
Federal-funds rate target	5.25-5.50	5.25-5.50	3.75					5.50	5.25
Prime rate*	8.50	8.50	7.00				Ì	8.50	5.25
SOFR	5.32	5.35	3.78		ĺ			5.35	5.22
Money market, annual yield	0.60	0.61	0.25	۲				0.62	0.39
Five-year CD, annual yield	2.84	2.84	2.40		۲			2.86	2.25
30-year mortgage, fixed <sup>†</sup>	7.95	8.22	6.36				•	8.28	4.87
15-year mortgage, fixed <sup>†</sup>	7.31	7.40	5.54					7.42	4.68
Jumbo mortgages, \$726,200-plus	7.98	8.27	6.35					8.33	4.99
Five-year adj mortgage (ARM)	6.98	7.12	5.33			(		7.16	3.77
New-car loan, 48-month	7.69	7.68	6.14					7.69	3.55
Bankrate.com rates based on survey of ov	/er 4,800 oi	nline banks. 🕯	Base rat	e post	ed b	oy 70%	ofth	e natior	n's largest

Bankr Bankrate.com rates based on survey of over 4,800 o banks.† Excludes closing costs.

Bankrate.com avg†:	2.84%
Barclays Bank	4.50%
Wilmington, DE	888-720-8756
Quorum Federal Credit Union	4.50%
Purchase, NY	800-874-5544
First Internet Bank of Indiana	4.59%
Indianapolis, IN	888-873-3424
Popular Direct	4.65%
Miami Lakes, FL	800-274-5696
Merrick Bank	4.70%
South Jordan, UT	866-638-6851

Sources: FactSet; Dow Jones Market Data; Bankrate.com

Treasury yield c Yield to maturity of curre notes and bonds



Sources: Tradeweb ICE U.S. Treasury Close; Tullett Prebon; D

## **Corporate Borrowing Rates and Yields**

Bond total return index	Close		l (%) — Week ago	— 52-W High	/eek — Low	Total Return (%) 52-wk 3-yr
U.S. Treasury, Bloomberg	2076.740	4.740	4.890	5.120	3.610	<b>2.076</b> -5.292
U.S. Treasury Long, Bloomber	rg <b>2925.140</b>	4.770	5.080	5.280	3.610	<b>-0.871</b> -14.638
Aggregate, Bloomberg	1945.430	5.300	5.500	5.740	4.180	<b>3.264</b> -4.885
Fixed-Rate MBS, Bloomber	rg <b>1912.120</b>	5.480	5.740	6.050	4.140	<b>2.533</b> -4.700
High Yield 100, ICE BofA	3341.889	8.441	8.977	9.101	7.022	<b>10.249</b> 1.101
Muni Master, ICE BofA	557.385	3.915	4.286	4.311	2.757	<b>3.908</b> -1.768
EMBI Global, J.P. Morgan	785.068	8.296	8.622	8.842	7.102	<b>8.444</b> -4.579
9	Sources: J.P. N	/lorgan; B	loomberg F	Fixed Inco	me Indice	s; ICE Data Services

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dollar vs. artners



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2022 2023	New Zealand
	Pakistan rupee
	Philippines pea
Dow Jones Market Data	Singapore dolla
	South Korea w

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THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

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### **B8** | Thursday, November 9, 2023

## **COMMODITIES**

## **Futures Contracts**

	Μ	etal & I	Petr	oleum	Future	s	
			ntrac				Open
	Open	High	hi lo	Low	Settle	Chg	interest
Copper-	·High (C	MX)-25,0	00 lbs	.; \$ per lb.			
lov	3.6470	3.6470		3.6300	3.6280	-0.0420	1,467
)ec	3.6870	3.7035		3.6325	3.6380	-0.0410	111,264
Gold (CN	<b>IX)</b> -100 ti	roy oz.; \$ p	er tro	/ OZ.			
lov	1967.80	1967.80		1947.70	1951.50	-15.30	39
)ec	1975.30	1977.50		1953.20	1957.80	-15.70	332,893
an'24	1984.60	1984.60		1965.80	1968.30	-15.80	839
eb	1995.10	1997.60		1973.60	1978.10	-15.70	96,541
pril	2015.50	2015.50		1992.90	1997.40	-15.80	26,580
ine	2034.80	2035.60		2013.10	2017.10	-15.80	15,340
alladiu	IM (NYM	) - 50 troy	oz.; \$	per troy o	Z.		
ov					1056.50	-2.40	1
ec	1063.50	1065.00	$\blacksquare$	1013.00	1060.40	-2.40	19,445
latinuı	m (NYM)	-50 troy o	z.; \$ pe	er troy oz.			
ov					865.40	-26.10	115
an′24	898.60	900.50		870.90	871.50	-26.50	68,206
ilver (C	<b>MX)</b> -5,00	0 troy oz.	\$ per	troy oz.			
vo	22.330	22.760		22.325	22.647	0.139	122
ec	22.705	22.935		22.375	22.728	0.139	86,828
rude O	il, Light	Sweet	(NYM	<b>)</b> -1,000 b	bls.; \$ per b	bl.	
ec	77.12	77.53		74.91	75.33	-2.04	271,351
n′24	77.03	77.43		74.92	75.31	-1.90	252,765
b	76.96	77.24		74.79	75.12	-1.86	121,227
arch	76.59	77.01		74.63	74.93	-1.80	108,072
ne	75.77	76.12		73.99	74.25	-1.60	158,930
c	73.58	73.91		72.02	72.24	-1.41	157,097
Y Hart	oor ULS	D (NYM)	42,00	)0 gal.; \$ p	er gal.		
c	2.8191	2.8365		2.7425	2.7492	0892	69,325
n′24	2.7651	2.7811		2.6927	2.6977	0808	59,631
asolin	e-NY RE	BOB (NY	M)-42	2,000 gal.;	\$ per gal.		
ec	2.1677	2.1775		2.1220	2.1285	0392	91,475
ın′24	2.1532	2.1590		2.1056	2.1106	0421	80,132
atural	Gas (NY	<b>M)</b> -10,00	0 MM	Btu.; \$ pe	r MMBtu.		
ec	3.176	3.188	$\blacksquare$	3.058	3.106	034	155,563
an'24	3.496	3.514	$\blacksquare$	3.345	3.389	074	225,545
eb	3.442	3.463	$\blacksquare$	3.300	3.338	077	71,071
arch	3.220	3.229	$\blacksquare$	3.097	3.136	053	167,311
pril	3.100	3.100		2.988	3.029	035	96,886
ау	3.152	3.159		3.045	3.089	030	73,922
		Agric	cultu	ıre Fut	ures		
orn (CB	<b>ST)</b> -5,000	bu.; cents	per bu	1.			
ec	469.00	480.50		468.50	476.00	7.50	555,808
larch'24	484.00	494.50		483.75	490.00	6.50	410,301
		bu.; cents	per bu				
ec	351.50	362.75		333.00	341.75	-10.25	2,298
arch'24	371.00	379.50		351.00	360.50	-10.75	1,968

	Open	Cor High hil	ntract o Low	Settle	Chg	Open interest
Jan'24	1362.00	1384.50	1361.00	1365.75	3.75	290,730
			ons; \$ per ton.			
Dec	448.70	464.20		449.80	2.40	141,111
Jan'24	439.90	452.10		439.00	.20	136,311
			lbs.; cents per l			
Dec	49.53	50.02	48.95	49.95	.46	130,351
Jan'24	49.13	49.54	48.53	49.34	.21	110,506
			t.; \$ per cwt.			
Nov	16.75	16.75	16.75	16.63	.31	533
Jan'24	16.08	16.50	16.03	16.41	.35	8,909
		00 bu.; cent				
Dec	571.50	598.75	570.25	592.25	22.00	201,830
March'24	597.25	622.00	595.50	616.50	20.50	125,331
		0 bu.; cents				
Dec	634.00	661.25	631.75	655.00	22.50	96,570
March'24	644.00	670.50	642.75	664.50	21.00	67,745
			00 lbs.; cents p			
Nov	232.400	236.125	229.425	234.550	2.325	4,589
Jan'24	231.200	233.200	227.425	232.775	1.950	23,900
Cattle-	Live (CM	<b>E)</b> -40,0001	bs.; cents per l	D.		
Dec	178.800	180.425	176.625	179.400	.625	90,450
Feb'24	178.550	180.350	176.000	179.475	1.050	86,635
Hogs-L	ean (CM	E)-40,000 lt	os.; cents per lt	).		
Dec	72.350	72.850	71.250	71.500	-1.400	73,550
Feb'24	75.525	75,750	73.875	74.850	-1.175	54,428
			, \$ per 1,000 b			, .==
Nov	515.00	518.00	515.00	515.50	1.00	1,135
Jan'24	525.50	531.50	525.00	531.00	3.50	5,249
		100 lbs., cent		22100	2.20	<i>&gt;</i> , <i>_</i> .,
Nov	17.05	17.17	17.05	17.15	.09	3,770
Dec	16.87	17.24	▼ 16.78	17.13	.26	6,083
		0 metric tor		17.12	.20	0,005
Dec	3,885	3,933	3,844	3,916	33	74,256
March'24	3,909	3,949	3,872	3,933	28	118,623
		37,500 lbs.; (		2,722	20	110,025
Dec	170.85	176.00	170.85	174.35	3.60	58,487
March'24	169.50	172.85	169.50	174.35	2.60	76,283
			000 lbs.; cents		2.00	70,203
March		27.58	27.18	27.21	38	11E E00
	27.57					445,580
May	26.30	26.30	25.82	25.85	40	150,636
	Domest	IC (ICE-US)	-112,000 lbs.; a			2 700
Jan				45.28	22	2,789
March				45.28		2,524
			cents per lb.			
Dec	76.50	76.92	▼ 74.77	74.89	-1.59	78,039
March'24	79.37	79.83	77.66	77.70	-1.67	75,052
			00 lbs.; cents			
Nov	395.00	410.00	395.00	406.85	14.35	455
Jan'24	356.45	362.75	354.00	361.85	9.10	7,251
		Interes	st Rate Fu	tures		
			<b>BT)</b> - \$100,00			
Dec March'24	117-270 118-200	120-070 121-000	117-050 118-020	119-080 120-040	1-15.0 1-16.0	1,571,732 1,251
	TTO 200	757 000	110 020	750 0-10	T T0.0	1/2/1

Cash Prices | wsj.com/market-data/commodities

 Soybeans (CBT)-5,000 bu; cents per bu.

 Nov
 1352.00
 1368.75
 1348.00
 1349.00

Wednesday, November 8, 2023

These prices reflect buying and selling of a variety of actual or "physical" commodities in the marketplaceseparate from the futures price on an exchange, which reflects what the commodity might be worth in future months.

941

.25

montris.	Wednesday	Ň	Vednesday	v	Vednesday
<b>Energy</b> Coal,C.Aplc.,12500Btu,1.2SO2-r,w	71.250	Copper,Comex spot Iron Ore, 62% Fe CFR China-s Steel, HRC USA, FOB Midwest Mill-s	3.6280 *126.1 *900.0	Wheat,No.2 soft red,St.Louis-u Wheat - Hard - KC (USDA) \$ per bu-u Wheat,No.1soft white,PortId,OR-u	6.2325 6.8800 6.9250
Coal,PwdrRvrBsn,8800Btu,0.8S02-r, Metals Gold, per troy oz		Battery/EV metals BMI Lithium Carbonate, EXW China, =99.2%-v,w BMI Lithium Hydroxide, EXW China, =56.5%-v,w BMI Cobalt sulphate, EXW China, >20.5%-v,m BMI Nikide Unkatet, EXW China, >20.5%-v,m	21775 19925 5275	Food Beef,carcass equiv. index choice 1-3,600-900 lbsu	283.00 256.77
Engelhard industrial Handy & Harman base Handy & Harman fabricated LBMA Gold Price AM	1966.00 1959.35 2174.88 *1967.80	BMI Nickel Sulphate, EXW China, >22%-v,m BMI Flake Graphite, FOB China,-100 Mesh, 94-95%-v,m <b>Fibers and Textiles</b>		select 1-3,600-900 lbsu Broilers, National comp wtd. avgu,w Butter,AA Chicago-d Cheddar cheese,bbl,Chicago-d	1.1645 2.7975 162.00
LBMA Gold Price PM Krugerrand,wholesale-e Maple Leaf-e American Eagle-e Mexican peso-e	*1960.70 2030.08 2049.60 2049.60 2361.53	Burlap,10-oz,40-inch NY yd-n,w Cotton,11/16 std lw-mdMphs-u Cotlook'A' Index-t Hides,hvy native steers piece fob-u Wool,64s,staple,Terr del-u,w	0.7225 0.7164 *90.50 n.a. n.a.	Cheddar cheese,blk,Chicago-d Milk,Nonfat dry,Chicago lbd Coffee,Brazilian,Comp-y Coffee,Colombian, NY-y Eggs,large white,Chicago-u	163.00 118.00 1.6743 1.9545 1.4450
Austria crown-e Austria phil-e <b>Silver, troy oz.</b>	1916.35 2049.60	Grains and Feeds Bran,wheat middlings, KC-u,w Corn,No. 2 yellow,Cent IL-bp,u	135 4.4700	Flour,hard winter KC-p Hams,17-20 lbs,Mid-US fob-u Hogs,Iowa-So. Minnesota-u Pork bellies,12-14 lb MidUS-u	17.75 0.85 76.03 1.3400
Engelhard industrial Handy & Harman base Handy & Harman fabricated LBMA spot price (U.S.\$ equivalent)	22.9500 22.7650 28.4560 *£18.3400 *22.5350	Corn gluten feed,Midwest-u,w Corn gluten meal,Midwest-u,w Cottonseed meal-u,w Hominy feed,Cent IL-u,w Meat-bonemeal.50% pro Mnpls-u,w	162.9 580.9 350 138 440	Pork loins,13-19 ib MidUS-u Steers,TexOkla. Choice-u Steers,feeder,Okla. City-u,w Fats and Oils	1.1032 n.a. 268.50
Coins,wholesale \$1,000 face-a <b>Other metals</b> LBMA Platinum Price PM Platinum,Engelhard industrial Palladium,Engelhard industrial Aluminum, LME. \$ per metric ton	19346 *899.0 885.0 1026.0 *2241.0	Nats bonch milling, MnpIs-u Rice, Long Grain Milled, No. 2 AR-u,w Sorghum, (Milo) No.2 Gulf-u SoybeanMeal, Cent IL, rail, ton48%-u,w Soybeans, No.1 yllw IL-bp,u Wheat, Spring14%-pro MnpIs-u	4.0175 35.88 n.a. 457.60 13.1700 9.2550	Degummed corn oil, crude wtd. avgu,w Grease,choice white,Chicago-h Lard,Chicago-u Soybean oil,crude;Centl IL-u,w Tallow,bleach;Chicago-h Tallow,edible,Chicago-u	n.a. 0.4500 n.a. 0.5211 0.5375 n.a.

KEY TO CODES: A=ask; B=bid; BP=country elevator bids to producers; C=corrected; D=CME; E=Manfra,Tordella & Brookes; H=American Commodities Brokerage Co; K=bi-weekly; M=monthly; N=nominal; n.a.=not quoted or not available; P=Sosland Publishing; R=SNL Energy; S=Platts-TSI; T=Cotlook Limited; U=USDA; V=Benchmark Mineral Intelligence; W=weekly; Y=International Coffee Organization; Z=not quoted. \*Data as of 11/7 Source: Dow Jones Market Data

Borrowing Benchmarks | wsj.com/market-data/bonds/benchmarks

## **Money Rates**

November 8, 2023

Key annual interest rates paid to borrow or lend money in U.S. and international markets. Rates below are a guide to general levels but don't always represent actual transactions.

		Contr				Oper
	Open	High hilo	Low	Settle	Chg	interes
Treasu		<b>5 (CBT)</b> -\$100,			%	
Dec	114-000		113-150			1,351,302
	113-290		113-150		27.0	10,708
Treasu	ry Notes	6 (CBT)-\$100,	000; pts 32	nds of 100	%	
Dec	108-040	108-150	107-265	108-105	6.5	4,605,961
March'24	108-170	108-265	108-065	108-225	6.5	20,267
5 Yr. Tr	easury l	lotes (CBT)	-\$100,000;	pts 32nds o	of100%	
Dec	105-177	105-210	105-117	105-185	.7	5,977,714
March'24	105-307	106-035	105-255	106-010	1.5	42,119
2 Yr. Tr	easury N	lotes (CBT)	-\$200,000;	pts 32nds	of 100%	
Dec		101-165	101-135			4,131,839
March'24	101-286	101-293	101-261	101-276	-1.2	26,102
30 Dav	Federal	Funds (CBT	)-\$5.000.0	00:100 - d	ailv avg.	.,
Nov		94.6725		94.6725	.0025	502,276
Jan'24	94.6500	94.6550	94.6450			395,038
Three-I		OFR (CME)-			v avg	
Aug	94.6575	94.6575	94.6575			10.889
Dec	94.6200	94.6200	94.6100			//
			94.0100	94.0100	0100	1,518,135
	74.0200	74.0200	94.0100	94.0100	0100	1,518,155
	74.0200		icy Futu		0100	1,518,135
		Curren	icy Futu	ires	0100	1,518,135
Japane	se Yen (	<b>Curren</b> <b>CME)-</b> ¥12,500	<b>icy Futu</b> ),000;\$per	<b>ires</b>		
<b>Japane</b> Nov	<b>se Yen (</b> .6646	Curren CME)-¥12,500 .6656	<b>icy Futu</b> ),000; \$ per .6626	100¥ .6626	0028	1,023
<b>Japane</b> Nov Dec	<b>se Yen (</b> .6646 .6693	Curren CME)-¥12,500 .6656 .6693	0,000; \$ per .6626 .6662	100¥ .6626 .6662		1,023
Japane Nov Dec Canadia	se Yen ( .6646 .6693 an Dolla	Curren CME)-¥12,500 .6656 .6693 r (CME)-CAD	0,000; \$ per .6626 .6662 100,000; \$	100¥ .6626 .6662 per CAD	0028 0028	1,023 255,456
Japane Nov Dec Canadia Nov	se Yen ( .6646 .6693 an Dolla .7263	Curren CME)-¥12,500 .6656 .6693 r (CME)-CAD .7270	0,000; \$ per .6626 .6662 100,000; \$ .7240	100¥ .6626 .6662 per CAD .7245	0028 0028 0022	1,023 255,456 101
Japane Nov Dec Canadia Nov Dec	se Yen ( .6646 .6693 an Dolla .7263 .7270	Curren CME)-¥12,500 .6656 .6693 r (CME)-CAD .7270 .7274	0,000; \$ per .6626 .6622 100,000; \$ .7240 .7243	100¥ .6626 .6662 per CAD	0028 0028	1,023 255,456 101
Japane Nov Dec Canadia Nov Dec British	se Yen ( .6646 .6693 an Dolla .7263 .7270 Pound (0	Curren CME)-¥12,500 .6656 .6693 r (CME)-CAD .7270 .7274 CME)-£62,500	0,000; \$ per .6626 .6662 100,000; \$ .7240 .7243 0; \$ per £	100¥ .6626 .6662 per CAD .7245 .7249	0028 0028 0022 0022	1,023 255,456 101 194,494
Japane Nov Dec Canadia Nov Dec British Nov	se Yen ( .6646 .6693 an Dolla .7263 .7270 Pound ( 1.2298	Curren cme)-¥12,500 .6693 r (Cme)-CAD .7270 .7274 cme)-£62,500 1.2301	0,000; \$ per .6626 .6662 100,000; \$ .7240 .7243 0; \$ per £ 1.2243	1109¥ .6626 .6626 per CAD .7245 .7249 1.2284	0028 0028 0022 0022 0012	1,023 255,456 101 194,494 1,714
Japane Nov Dec Canadia Nov Dec British Nov Dec	se Yen ( .6646 .6693 an Dolla .7263 .7270 Pound ( 1.2298 1.2304	Curren CME)-¥12,500 .6656 .6693 r (CME)-CAD .7270 .7274 .7274 .7262,500 1.2301 1.2305	0,000; \$ per .6626 .6662 100,000; \$ .7240 .7243 0; \$ per £ 1.2243 1.2245	100¥ .6626 .6622 per CAD .7245 .7249 1.2284 1.2284	0028 0028 0022 0022 0012	1,023 255,456 101 194,494 1,714
Japane Nov Dec Canadia Nov Dec British Nov Dec Swiss F	se Yen ( .6646 .6693 an Dolla .7263 .7270 Pound ( 1.2298 1.2304 Franc (CM	Curren CME)-¥12,500 .6656 .6693 r (CME)-CAD .7270 .7274 .7274 .7274 .2301 1.2305 TE)-CHF 125,00	0,000; \$ per .6626 .6662 100,000; \$ .7240 .7243 0; \$ per £ 1.2243 1.2245 000; \$ per C	100¥ .6626 .6622 per CAD .7245 .7249 1.2284 1.2284 HF	0028 0028 0022 0022 0012 0012	1,023 255,456 101 194,494 1,714 207,834
Japane Nov Dec Canadia Nov Dec British Nov Dec Swiss F Dec	se Yen ( .6646 .6693 an Dolla .7270 Pound ( 1.2298 1.2304 ranc (CM 1.1157	CUITTEN CME)-¥12,500 .6656 .6693 r (CME)-CAD .7270 .7274 CME)-£62,500 1.2305 ME)-CHF 125,0 1.1187	0,000; \$ per .6626 .6662 100,000; \$ .7240 .7243 0; \$ per £ 1.2243 1.2245 000; \$ per Cl 1.1127	1700¥ .6626 .6662 per CAD .7245 .7249 1.2284 1.2286 HF 1.1160	0028 0028 0022 0022 0012 0012 .0005	1,023 255,456 101 194,494 1,714 207,834 55,700
Japane Nov Dec Canadia Nov Dec British Nov Dec Swiss F Dec March'24	se Yen ( .6646 .6693 an Dolla .7263 .7270 Pound ( 1.2298 1.2304 Franc (CM 1.1157 1.1244	CUITTEN CME)-¥12,500 .6656 .6693 r (CME)-CAD .7270 .7274 .7274 .7274 .7274 .7274 .7274 .7274 .7270 .7274 .7270 .7290 .7200	0,000; \$ per .6626 .6662 100,000; \$ .7240 .7243 0; \$ per £ 1.2243 1.2245 000; \$ per C( 1.1127 1.1242	ITQS .6626 .6662 per CAD .7245 .7249 1.2284 1.2284 HF 1.1160 1.1274	0028 0028 0022 0022 0012 0012	1,023 255,456 101 194,494 1,714 207,834 55,700
Japane Nov Dec Canadia Nov Dec British Nov Dec Swiss F Dec March'24	se Yen ( .6646 .6693 an Dolla .7263 .7270 Pound ( 1.2298 1.2304 Franc (CM 1.1157 1.1244	CUITTEN CME)-¥12,500 .6656 .6693 r (CME)-CAD .7270 .7274 CME)-£62,500 1.2305 ME)-CHF 125,0 1.1187	0,000; \$ per .6626 .6662 100,000; \$ .7240 .7243 0; \$ per £ 1.2243 1.2245 000; \$ per C( 1.1127 1.1242	ITQS .6626 .6662 per CAD .7245 .7249 1.2284 1.2284 HF 1.1160 1.1274	0028 0028 0022 0022 0012 0012 .0005	1,023 255,456 101 194,494 1,714 207,834 55,700 673

	Open		ilo Low	Settle	Chg	interest
Dec	.6444	.6457	.6405	.6407	0033	191,220
Mexica	n Peso	(CME)-MX	N 500,000; \$ p	er MXN		
Nov				.05693	00023	9
Dec	.05683	.05690	.05653	.05661	00023	216,451
Euro (C	ME)-€125	,000; \$ per	€			
Nov	1.0692		1.0662	1.0704	.0005	2,540
Dec	1.0716	1.0734	1.0677	1.0719	.0006	676,436
		In	dex Future	es		
Mini D.	Indust	rial Aver	<b>age (CBT)</b> -\$5	x index		
Dec	34232		34052			102,625
March'24				34489	-45	661
		CME)-\$50				
Dec	4397.50		4375.00			2,137,601
		4455.75			3.75	32,251
			CME)-\$100 x ir			
Dec	2456.30	2467.40	2439.70	2444.70		,
March'24				2462.40	-11.20	2
			\$20 x index			
Dec		15417.50				
		15610.00	15480.25	15579.75	12.00	3,445
			<b>:)</b> -\$50 x index			
Dec	1739.50					
	1755.20	1760.30	1732.20	1738.40		1,462
June				1756.10	-20.10	10
			)-\$50 x index			
Dec	2404.10		2392.10	2404.90	.80	7,095
			5)-\$1,000 x inde			
Dec	105.44			105.45		40,501
March'24	105.04	105.30	104.94	105.07	.08	713
					Sourc	e: FactSet

Contract

Bonds | wsj.com/market-data/bonds/benchmarks

## **Tracking Bond Benchmarks**

Return on investment and spreads over Treasurys and/or yields paid to investors compared with 52-week highs and lows for different types of bonds

Total	IU IU W	s i oi ui	inerent types of bt	nus		Total						
return	YTD to	tal		— Yield (9	<li>() —</li>	return	YTD to	tal			ield (%	a —
close	return		Index	Latest Low		close	return		Index		t Low	
Broad M	arket B	loombei	rg Fixed Income Indice	s		Mortgage-Backed Bloomberg Fixed Income Indices						
1945.43	-0.2		U.S. Aggregate	<b>5.300</b> 4.180	5.740	1912.12	-1.1		Mortgage-Backed	5.480	4.140	6.050
U.S. Corp	oorate l	ndexes	Bloomberg Fixed Inco	me Indices		1893.72	-0.5		Ginnie Mae (GNMA)	5.490	4.170	6.020
2901.34	[	1.1	U.S. Corporate	<b>5.980</b> 4.830	6.430	1121.65	-1.3		Fannie mae (FNMA)	5.470	4.140	6.050
2848.24	[	2.3	Intermediate	<b>5.940</b> 4.730	6.350	1744.88	[	0.02	Freddie Mac (FHLMC)	5.460	4.090	6.190
3744.47	-1.2		Long term	<b>6.080</b> 5.010	6.600	557.39	l	0.2	Muni Master	3.915	2.757	4.311
555.23		0.1	Double-A-rated	<b>5.330</b> 4.320	5.760	397.10	-0.3		7-12 year	3.697	2.392	4.097
773.55		1.8	Triple-B-rated	<b>6.260</b> 5.080	6.700	443.83	[	0.2	12-22 year	4.317	3.257	4.742
High Yie	ld Bond	s ICE Bo	fA			414.37	[	0.5	22-plus year	4.863	4.020	5.274
496.22	(	7.1	High Yield Constrained	<b>8.930</b> 7.781	9.560	Global G	overnm	ent J.P.	Morgan <sup>*</sup>			
467.35	[	11.2	Triple-C-rated	<b>14.796</b> 13.413	16.916	521.56	-0.01		Global Government	3.540	2.680	3.810
3341.89		7.4	High Yield 100	<b>8.441</b> 7.022	9.101	770.68		0.9	Canada	3.740	2.880	4.260
431.83	[	6.4	Global High Yield Constraine	d <b>8.899</b> 7.868	9.599	339.11		1.8	EMU§	3.443	2.461	3.790
330.16		6.9	Europe High Yield Constraine	d <b>7.521</b> 6.646	8.022	627.17		1.2	France	3.310	2.290	3.630
U.S Ager	<b>1cy</b> Bloc	mberg f	Fixed Income Indices			447.17		0.8	Germany	2.720	1.730	3.030
1728.83		2.2	U.S Agency	<b>5.080</b> 4.130	5.390	274.32	-1.2		Japan	1.200	0.710	1.300
1534.51	[	2.4	10-20 years	<b>5.070</b> 4.120	5.370	483.46	[	0.8	Netherlands	2.990	1.970	3.320
3150.77	-1.1		20-plus years	<b>5.280</b> 4.300	5.740	764.14	-2.4		U.K.	4.480	3.120	4.880
2574.73		1.6	Yankee	<b>5.730</b> 4.670	6.110	785.07		2.2	Emerging Markets **	8.296	7.102	8.842
*Constrain ** EMBI Glo			lividual issuer concentrat	ions to 2%; the	e High Yield				* In local curren es; Bloomberg Fixed Incon	,		

## Global Government Bonds: Mapping Yields

Yields and spreads over or under U.S. Treasurys on benchmark two-year and 10-year government bonds in selected other countries; arrows indicate whether the yield rose(▲) or fell (▼) in the latest session

L							,		(			
l		Country/					ld (%)			Spread Under/Over U.S. Tr	easurys, in basis	points
	Coupon (%)	Maturity, in years	Latest()-2	0	240	583	10 Previous	Month ago	Year ago	Latest	Prev	Year ago
J	5.000	<b>U.S.</b> 2	4.936		•		4.915	5.077	4.672			
	3.875	10	4.522 🔻		۲		4.570	4.783	4.125			
	0.250	Australia 2	4.234 🔻		٠		4.315	4.031	3.418	-70.2	-61.8	-124.1
	3.000	10	4.598 🔻		•		4.708	4.554	4.049	7.8	14.1	-8.4
	0.000	France 2	3.393 🔺		•		3.372	3.409	2.309	-154.3	-156.0	-235.0
	3.500	10	3.203 🔻		•		3.263	3.480	2.790	-131.7	-130.5	-134.3
1	3.100	Germany 2	3.004 🔺		•		2.987	3.142	2.190	-193	-194.6	-246.9
	2.600	10	2.623 🔻		•		2.665	2.888	2.283	-189	-190.3	-185.0
	3.600	Italy 2	3.748 🔺		•		3.743	4.012	2.867	-118.9	-118.9	-179.2
	4.200	10	4.475 🔻		۲		4.493	4.931	4.384	-4.5	-7.5	25.1
	0.100	Japan 2	0.116 🔻	٠			0.122	0.064	-0.045	-482.1	-481.0	-470.4
	0.800	10	0.849 🔻	•			0.877	0.803	0.252	-367.1	-369.1	-388.1
	0.000	Spain 2	3.452 🔺		•		3.440	3.576	2.413	-148.5	-149.3	-224.7
	3.550	10	3.682 🔻		•		3.728	4.032	3.304	-83.8	-83.9	-82.9

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Oper

5									
	Infl	ation				Lat	Week est ago	—52· High	-WEEK—
	Sept. ir	Idex	Chg Fron	n(%)					
			ug. '23 S		Britain	5.25	5.25	5.25	3.00
					Australia	4.35	4.10	4.35	2.85
U.S. consu	mer pri	ce inde	x		Overnigh	t renurc	hase		
Allitems	307	7.789	0.25	3.7	U.S.	5.39	5.36	5.40	3.77
Core	310	.817	0.23	4.1	0.5.	5.59	2.50	5.40	5.77
					U.S	5. gover	nment	t rates	
In	ternati	ional r	ates		Discount				
	Latast	Week		Week –		5.50	5.50	5.50	4.00
	Latest	ago	High	Low	E a da wal 6				
Prime rate	s				Federal f				
U.S.	8.50	8.50	8.50	7.00	Effective rat		5.3400	5.3500	3.8300
					High			5.6500	
Canada	7.20	7.20	7.20	5.95	Low		5.3100		
Japan	1.475	1.475	1.475	1.475	Bid		5.3300		
Deliny Det					Offer	5.3400	5.3500	5.3700	3.8400
Policy Rate					Tuessin	hill as at			
Euro zone	4.50	4.50	4.50	2.00	Treasury				
Switzerland	2.25	2.25	2.25	1.00	4 weeks	5.290	5.29	5 5.840	3.190

### Notes on data:

U.S. prime rate is the base rate on corporate loans posted by at least 70% of the 10 largest U.S. banks, and is effective July 27, 2023. **Other prime rates** aren't directly comparable, lending practices vary widely by location; **Discount rate** is effective July 27, 2023. **Secured Overnight Financing Rate** is as of November 7, 2023. **DTCC GCF Repo Index** is Depository Trust & Clearing Corp's weighted average for overnight trades in applicable CUSIPs. Value traded is in billions of U.S. dollars. **Federal-funds rates** are Tullett Prebon rates as of 5:30 p.m. ET.

Sources: Federal Reserve; Bureau of Labor Statistics; DTCC; FactSet; Tullett Prebon Information, Ltd.

## Macro & Market Economics

Data unavailable from source

## Exchange-Traded Portfolios | WSJ.com/ETFresearch

	Lar	nest 10	0 exch;	ange-tr	aded funds, latest session					ETF	Symbo	Closing Price	g Chg (%)	<b>ҮТD</b> (%)
L	Edity	gest 10.	o exerit	inge en						TechSelectSector		175.77	0.57	41.2
Wednesday	, Novem	ber 8, 2	023				losing			VangdInfoTech	VGT	436.84	0.57	41.Z 36.8
		Closin	a Cha	YTD	ETF Sym	bol	Price	(%)	(%)	Vangdinio rech VangdSC Val	VBR	450.04	-0.53	-1.5
ETF	Symbo			(%)	iShRussMC IW	<b>R</b> 6	58.33	-0.23	1.3	VangdSc Val	VDR	190.42	-0.62	-1.5
CnsmrDiscSelSector	XLY	161.78	-0.27	25.3	iShRuss1000	<b>B</b> 23	39.71	0.03	13.9	VangdDivApp	VIG	158.00	0.02	4.1
ConsStaplesSPDR	XLP	68.76	-0.39	-7.8	iShRuss1000Grw IW	F 27	78.98	0.41	30.2	VangdFTSEAWxUS	VEU	51.92	-0.27	4.1 3.6
DimenUSCoreEa2	DFAC	26.28	-0.27	8.2	iShRuss1000Val IW	<b>D</b> 14	19.95	-0.31	-1.1	VangdFTSEDevMk	VEO	43.62	-0.27	3.9
EnSelSectorSPDR	XLE	82.75	-1.25	-5.4	iShRussell2000	<b>M</b> 16	59.87	-1.07	-2.6	VangdFTSEEM	VEA	45.02 39.46	-0.25	5.9
FinSelSectorSPDR	XLF	33.67	0.12	-1.5	iShS&P500Grw IV	<b>N</b> 7	70.12	0.20	19.9	VangdFTSE Europe	VWO	59.40 58.07	0.49	4.7
HealthCareSelSect	XLV	128.17	-0.14	-5.7	iShS&P500Value IVE	15	57.01	-0.06	8.2	VangdGrowth	VUG	285.21	0.40	33.8
IndSelSectorSPDR	XLI	101.31	0.23	3.2	iShSelectDiv DV	<b>Y</b> 10	)6.81	-0.63	-11.4	VangdGrowth	VUG	285.21	-0.36	-6.4
InvscNasd100		153.45	0.08	40.1	iSh7-10YTreaBd	9	91.99	0.40	-4.0	VangdHithCr		102.50	-0.36	-6.4
InvscQQQI		372.94	0.06	40.1	iShShortTreaBd SH	<b>V</b> 11	L0.18	0.01	0.2		BIV		-0.41	
InvscS&P500EW	RSP	140.32	-0.16	-0.7	iShTIPSBondETF TIF	10	)4.48	0.22	-1.8	VangdIntermBd	VCIT	72.66 76.30	0.35	-2.2 -1.6
iShCoreDivGrowth	DGRO	49.61	-0.12	-0.8	iSh20+YTreaBd TL	<b>T</b> 8	39.56	1.70	-10.0	VangdIntrCorpBd				-1.0
iShCoreMSCIEAFE	IEFA	64.12	-0.17	4.0	iShUSTreasuryBd GO	<b>VT</b> 2	22.16	0.34	-2.5	VangdIntermTrea	VGIT	57.37 200.44	0.17	-1.9
iShCoreMSCIEM	IEMG	48.14	-0.68	3.1	iSh0-3MTreaBd SG	<b>DV</b> 10	0.38	0.02	0.2	VangdLC	VV		0.07	39.4
iShCoreMSCITotInt	IXUS	59.97	-0.27	3.6	JPMEquityPrem JE	י 1	53.63	0.07	-1.6	VangdMegaGrwth		239.84		
iShCoreS&P500	IVV	439.16	0.08	14.3	JPM UltShIncm JP	ST 5	50.08	0.02	-0.1	VangdMC	VO	206.16	-0.21	1.2 -3.9
iShCoreS&P MC	IJH	243.08	-0.48	0.5	PacerUSCashCows100 CO	<b>NZ</b> 4	18.31	-0.92	4.5	VangdMC Val	VOE	129.96	-0.38	
iShCoreS&P SC	IJR	91.72	-0.94	-3.1	ProShUltPrQQQ TQ	<b>QQ</b> 3	39.15	0.18	126.3	VangdMBS	VMBS	43.91	0.23	-3.5 -7.7
iShCoreS&PTotUS	ITOT	95.77	-0.03	12.9	SPDRBbg1-3MTB BIL		91.52	0.01	0.1	VangdRealEst	VNQ	76.09	0.33	
iShCoreTotalUSDBd	IUSB	43.90	0.31	-2.3	SPDR DJIA Tr DIA		11.12	-0.12	3.0	VangdRuss1000Grw		71.79	0.42	
iShCoreUSAggBd	AGG	94.53	0.34	-2.5	SPDR Gold GL		30.77	-1.00	6.6	VangdS&P500ETF	V00	401.67	0.08	14.3
iShEdgeMSCIMinUSA	USMV	73.87	0.11	2.5	SPDRPtfDevxUS SPD		30.92	-0.23	4.1	VangdST Bond	BSV	75.41	0.03	0.2
iShEdgeMSCIUSAQua	al QUAL	136.48	0.31	19.8	SPDRS&P500Value SP		12.14	-0.07	8.4	VangdSTCpBd	VCSH	75.30	-0.01	0.1
iShGoldTr	IAU	36.90	-0.99	6.7	SPDRPtfS&P500 SP		51.42	0.12		VangdShortTrea	VGSH	57.63	-0.07	-0.3
iShiBoxx\$IGCpBd	LQD	102.70	0.51	-2.6	SPDRS&P500Growth SP	<b>/G</b> 6	50.77	0.23	19.9	VangdSC	VB	183.87	-0.62	0.2
iShMBS	MBB	89.20	0.30	-3.8	SPDR S&P 500 SP		37.25	0.07	14.3	VangdTaxExemptBd		48.65	0.37	-1.7
iShMSCIACWI	ACWI	93.80	-0.02	10.5	SchwabIntEquity SC		33.94	-0.24	5.4	VangdTotalBd	BND	70.07	0.31	-2.5
iShMSCI EAFE	EFA	68.80	-0.13	4.8	SchwabUS BrdMkt SC		50.67	-0.04	13.1	VangdTotIntlBd	BNDX	48.48	0.29	2.2
iSh MSCI EM	EEM	38.44	-0.67	1.4	SchwabUS Div SCI		59.57	-0.19	-7.9	VangdTotIntlStk	VXUS	53.46	-0.30	3.4
iShMSCIEAFEValue	EFV	47.91	-0.59	4.4	SchwabUSLC SC		51.65	0.08	14.4	VangdTotalStk	VTI	216.11	-0.01	13.0
iShNatlMuniBd	MUB	103.68	0.46	-1.7	SchwabUSLCGrw SCI		76.29	0.33	37.3	VangdTotWrldStk	VT	94.22	-0.06	9.3
iSh1-5YIGCorpBd	IGSB	49.92	-0.02	0.2	SPDR S&PMdCpTr MI		15.25	-0.48	0.6	VangdValue		137.31	-0.26	-2.2
iSh1-3YTreaBd	SHY	81.10	-0.02	-0.1	SPDR S&P Div SD	<b>Y</b> 11	L4.25	-0.33	-8.7	WisdTrFRTrea	USFR	50.38		0.2

ionunnu	I KC LS. I KU		ovv ur	cu	01000	-
					3.550	
	Late	Week st ago	—52- High	WEEK— Low	3.500	
13 weeks	5.285			4.120	4.250	
26 weeks	5.260		5.350			
1	Seconda	ry marl	ket		Corpo	rat
Fannie M	lae				Prices of f	irm
30-year mo	ortgage yiel	ds			expectati	ons
30 days	6.911	7.276	7.495	5.244	Investn	ner
60 days	6.926	7.299	7.554	5.250		
Ot	her shor	t-term	rates		lssuer	
					Internation	al Pa
	Latest	Week ago	- 52-\ high	Neek — low	John Deere	Capi
<b>c</b>		-9-			Wyeth	
Call mon	ey 7.25	7.25	7.25	5.75	BlackRock	
Commer	cial pape	· (AA fin	ancial	)	Banco Sant	ande
90 days	5.41	5.43	5.54	4.22	BAE Syster	ns Fi
Secured	Overnigh	t Financ	ing Ra	ate	Bank of Nov	/a Sc

5.32	5.35	5.35	3.78
	14-1	50.14	1 1 .

52-Week alue Traded High Low Latest

### DTCC GCF Repo Index

Treasury	5.386	20.126	5.399	3.786
MBS	5.411	67.996	5.418	3.842

3.500 <b>U.K.</b> 2	4.623 🔻	• 4.639 4.618 3.221 - <b>31.3</b>	-29.4	-143.8
4.250 10	4.243 🔻	• 4.275 4.577 3.550 <b>-27.8</b>	-29.2	-58.3

Source: Tullett Prebon, Tradeweb ICE U.S. Treasury Close

## te Debt

is' bonds reflect factors including investors' economic, sectoral and company-specific

## nt-grade spreads that tightened the most...

lanuar	Cumhal	Courses (0/)	V(-1-1-0/)	A destruction of		ad*, in basis poi	
lssuer	Symbol	Coupon (%)	Yield (%)	Maturity	Current	One-day change	Last week
International Paper	IP	7.200	5.98	Nov.1,'26	129	-24	n.a.
John Deere Capital		4.950	5.24	July 14, '28	69	-17	70
Wyeth		6.500	5.55	Feb. 1, '34	103	-12	n.a.
BlackRock	BLK	3.200	5.07	March 15, '27	53	-9	64
Banco Santander	SANTAN	1.849	6.43	March 25, '26	174	-8	185
<b>BAE Systems Finance</b>	BALN	7.500	5.73	July 1, '27	122	-7	126
Bank of Nova Scotia	BNS	4.850	6.00	Feb. 1, '30	145	-6	152
BPCE	BPCEGP	3.375	5.88	Dec. 2, '26	118	-6	134
And any and a that u	ير مراح او مرم او او						

### ...And spreads that widened the most

Narragansett Electric		5.638	6.42	March 15, ′40	154	271	n.a.
International Business Machines	IBM	5.875	5.34	Nov. 29, '32	83	8	n.a.
Procter & Gamble	PG	2.700	5.09	Feb. 2, '26	40	7	n.a.
UBS	UBS	4.875	6.28	May 15, '45	143	6	139
Cenovus Energy	CVECN	6.750	6.69	Nov. 15, '39	186	5	182
John Deere Capital		5.150	5.18	Sept. 8, '26	48	5	42
General Motors	GM	5.000	6.75	April 1, ′35	225	5	228
HSBC Holdings	HSBC	6.100	6.00	Jan. 14, ′42	118	5	121

## High-yield issues with the biggest price increases...

leaver	Cumhal	Courses (9/)	Yield (%)	Maturity	Bond Price Current	e as % of face v	alue —— Last week
Issuer	Symbol	Coupon (%)		Maturity		One-day change	Last week
Telecom Italia Capital	TITIM	6.375	8.11	Nov. 15, '33	88.250	1.00	85.851
Crown Cork & Seal		7.375	6.39	Dec. 15, '26	102.709	0.83	101.250
Bath & Body Works	BBWI	6.875	8.01	Nov. 1, '35	91.375	0.63	88.500
Navient	NAVI	6.750	7.75	June 15, '26	97.680	0.57	95.235
Ford Motor	F	4.750	7.51	Jan. 15, ′43	72.159	0.50	70.416
OneMain Finance	OMF	6.875	6.87	March 15, '25	99.990	0.49	98.750
FirstEnergy	FE	7.375	5.65	Nov. 15, '31	111.000	0.46	107.955
Dish DBS		5.125	21.81	June 1, '29	47.690	0.44	51.000
And with the biggest p	rice decre	ases					
Dish DBS		5.875	23.00	Nov. 15, '24	85.250	-0.75	90.000
Transocean	RIG	7.500	11.23	April 15, '31	81.530	-0.72	81.050
Sealed Air	SEE	6.875	7.26	July 15, '33	97.375	-0.53	94.500
CSC Holdings	CSCHLD	5.250	15.91	June 1, '24	94.500	-0.50	94.380
Ford Motor Credit		4.134	7.09	Aug. 4, '25	95.253	-0.46	95.571
Lumen Technologies	LUMN	7.650	27.84	March 15, '42	28.037	-0.38	n.a.
Venture Global Calcasieu Pass	VENTGL	4.125	7.05	Aug. 15, '31	82.750	-0.25	81.520
Occidental Petroleum	ΟΧΥ	7.500	6.30	May 1, '31	107.050	-0.18	104.493

\*Estimated spread over 2-year, 3-year, 5-year, 10-year or 30-year hot-run Treasury; 100 basis points=one percentage pt.; change in spread shown is for Z-spread. Note: Data are for the most active issue of bonds with maturities of two years or more

\*

## THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

## **BIGGEST 1,000 STOCKS**

Thursday, November 9, 2023 | **B9** 

v to Read the Stock Tables Footnotes:	Net Stock Sym Close Chg	Net Stock Sym Close Chg	Net Stock Sym Close Chg	Net Stock Sym Close Cho		Net Stock Sym Close Chg	Stock Sym Clos
ollowing explanations apply to NYSE, I-New 52-week high. Arca, NYSE American and Nasdag Stock I-New 52-week low.	Domino's DPZ 371.84 0.14	GlobusMedical GMED 45.87 -0.32	LatticeSemi LSCC 55.51 -0.06	NovoNordisk NVO 101.76 0.07	RoyalCaribbean RCL 95.42 2.46	Telus TU 17.26 -0.19	UnivDisplay OLED 155.3
et listed securities. Prices are composite tions that include primary market trades four quarters.	Donaldson DCI 59.28 0.57 DoorDash DASH 87.31 -1.60	GoDaddy GDDY 87.23 0.24 GoldFields GFI 13.21 -0.13	Lear LEA 127.97 -2.55 LegendBiotech LEGN 65.34 -1.16	NuHoldings NU 8.33 -0.12 Nucor NUE 152.96 1.52	RoyalGold <b>RGLD</b> 105.53 -1.78 RoyaltyPharma <b>RPRX</b> 27.62 0.07	Ternium TX 36.49 -0.20 TFI Intl TFII 111.70 -1.13	UniversalHealthB UHS 129.6 UnumGroup UNM 43.2
erly Boston), Chicago Stock Exchange, h-Does not meet continued listing	Dover DOV 130.11 -0.36 Dow DOW 48.30 -0.23	GoldmanSachs GS 324.56 0.61 Grab GRAB 3.19 0.02	Leidos LDOS 103.01 0.20 Lennar B LEN.B 111.36 -0.20	Nutanix         NTNX 38.08         0.11           Nutrien         NTR 53.20         0.13	RyanSpecialty RYAN 44.81 0.51 Ryanair RYAAY106.50 4.30	TIM TIMB 17.63 0.56 TJX TJX 90.42 -0.02	VICI Prop VICI 28.6 VailResorts MTN 219.3
NÝSE National and Nasdaq ISE. standards st comprises the 1,000 largest <b>If</b> -Late filing	DrReddy'sLab RDY 66.35 1.40 I DraftKings DKNG 36.04 0.11	Graco <b>GGG</b> 76.45 -0.49 Grainger <b>GWW</b> 781.02 8.09	Lennar A LEN 120.88 0.47 LennoxIntl LII 394.13 2.71	nVentElectric NVT 50.39 0.44 NVIDIA NVDA 465.74 6.19	SAP SAP 142.17 1.51 S&P Global SPGI 386.38 1.81	TKO <b>TKO</b> 84.60 -1.06 T-MobileUS <b>TMUS</b> 146.64 -0.49	Vale VALE 14.2 ValeroEnergy VLO 121.5
anies based on market capitalization. <b>q</b> -Temporary exemption from Nasdaq	Dropbox DBX 26.13 0.24 DukeEnergy DUK 88.36 -0.92	GraphicPkg <b>GPK</b> 21.91 Grifols <b>GRFS</b> 9.13 0.02	LiAuto LI 39.36 -0.54 LibertyBroadbandA LBRDA 84.21 -0.61	OPQ	SBA Comm SBAC 220.03 0.34 SEI Investments SEIC 55.96 0.03	TPG         TPG         31.34         0.94           T.RowePrice         TROW         94.86         0.75	VeevaSystems VEEV 194.1 Ventas VTR 44.0
rlined quotations are those stocks with changes in volume compared with the supersone trading updates and the stock of the	Duolingo <b>DUOL</b> 167.27 2.74 DuPont <b>DD</b> 68.41 -0.02	GpoAeroportuar <b>PAC</b> 128.73 -1.26 GpoAeroportSur <b>ASR</b> 225.72 -4.32	LibertyBroadbandC LBRDK 84.00 -0.51 LibertyGlobal C LBTYK 17.07 0.02	OGE Energy <b>OGE</b> 33.79 -0.59 ONEOK <b>OKE</b> 63.63 -1.07	SK Telecom SKM 20.63 -0.39 SS&C Tech SSNC 52.40 -0.62	TaiwanSemi <b>TSM</b> 92.00 -0.41 TakeTwoSoftware TTWO 143.47 7.11	Veralto VLTO 69.8 VeriSign VRSN 205.0
s average trading volume. <b>aced quotations</b> highlight those issues <b>bi</b> in bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the	Dynatrace <b>DT</b> 49.35 0.58 EMCOR <b>EME</b> 207.58 -1.01	Guidewire GWRE 92.26 -0.12 HCA Healthcare HCA 231.55 -1.56	LibertyGlobal A LBTYA 15.85 0.07 LibertyFormOne A FWONA 58.17 1.25	ON Semi ON 66.25 -0.55	STAG Indi STAG 34.69 0.42 Saia SAIA 388.99 1.18	TakedaPharm <b>TAK</b> 13.77 -0.01 TargaResources <b>TRGP</b> 83.38 -2.14	VeriskAnalytics VRSK 236.0 Verizon VZ 35.7
e price changed by 5% or more if their bus closing price was \$2 or higher. Bankruptcy Code, or securities assumed by such companies.	ENI E 31.61 -0.52 EOG Rscs EOG 121.21 -1.43	HDFC Bank HDB 56.61 0.26 HF Sinclair DINO 53.25 -0.94	LibertyFormOne C FWONK 66.00 1.80 LibertySirius C LSXMK 25.00 -0.20	OReillyAuto ORLY 973.70 -0.91 OccidentalPetrol OXY 61.15 0.95	Salesforce CRM 211.47 -0.37 Samsara IOT 24.80 -0.34	Target <b>TGT</b> 109.85 -1.50 TechnipFMC <b>FTI</b> 20.82 -0.28	VertexPharm VRTX 376.9 Vertiv VRT 40.0
	EPAM Systems EPAM 246.94 2.29 EQT EQT 39.89 -0.87	HP HPQ 27.21 -0.12 HSBC HSBC 37.59 -0.10	LibertySirius A LSXMA 24.91 -0.29 Light&Wonder LNW 79.75 0.11	Okta OKTA 67.45 -1.00 OldDomFreight ODFL 390.15 -6.21	Sanofi <b>SNY</b> 45.78 0.54 SareptaTherap <b>SRPT</b> 80.69 -2.24	TeckResourcesB TECK 34.48 -0.88 TeledyneTech TDY 378.78 0.24	Viatris VTRS 9.2 VinFastAuto VFS 7.2
all Street Journal stock tables reflect composite regular trading as of 4 p.m. and changes in the closing prices from 4 p.m. the previous day.	EastWestBncp EWBC 56.61 -0.74 EastGroup EGP 169.07 2.22	H World HTHT 35.46 -0.29 Haleon HLN 8.09	EliLilly LLY 619.13 19.20 LincolnElectric LECO 182.65 2.29	OldRepublic ORI 27.73 0.04 OmegaHealthcare OHI 30.89 -0.43	Sasol <b>SSL</b> 12.14 -0.11 Schlumberger <b>SLB</b> 52.93 -0.40	Teleflex Ericsson <b>TFX</b> 200.48 -4.33 <b>ERIC</b> 4.62 0.01	Vipshop VIPS 14. Visa V 243.
necday Nov 8, 2023 Net Net	EastmanChem EMN 76.13 0.33 Eaton ETN 217.60 1.76	Halliburton HAL 37.79 -0.16 HartfordFinl HIG 73.04 -0.82	Linde LIN 392.26 2.96 LithiaMotors LAD 262.45 -0.02	Omnicom OMC 75.67 -0.99 OnHolding ONON 28.22 -0.49	SchwabC SCHW 54.90 -0.33 Sea SE 44.49 -0.02	I TelefonicaBras VIV 10.03 0.25 Telefonica TEF 3.90 -0.01	Vistra VST 34. VMware VMW 148.
Net Stock Sym Close Chg Stock Sym Close Chg		Hasbro HAS 44.04 -1.40 HealthpeakProp PEAK 16.49 0.12	LiveNationEnt LYV 87.31 1.18	OpenText OTEX 36.20 0.07 Oracle ORCL 112.33 3.34	Seagate STX 71.86 1.02	TelekmIndonesia <b>TLK</b> 22.67 -0.18 TempurSealy <b>TPX</b> 37.50 -0.45	Vodafone VOD 9.
Sym Close         Chg         BCE         BCE         38.64         -0.30         CelsiusHidg         CELH179.27         5.13           A         D         C         BHP Group         BHP         57.06         -0.47         Cemex         CX         6.88         0.00	Ecopetrol EC 11.44 -0.26	Heico HEI 160.47 -1.60	LloydsBanking LYG 2.02 -0.01 LockheedMartin LMT 444.66 -5.49	Orange ORAN 11.70 -0.01 Orix IX 86.42 -1.94	SelectiveIns SIGI 103.51 -1.04	Tenaris <b>TS</b> 33.56 -0.82 TencentMusic <b>TME</b> 7.53 0.11	VoyaFinancial VOYA 67. VulcanMatls VMC 208.
ABC BILL BILL 62.19 -1.01 Cencora COR 196.79 0.7 BI'sWholesale BL 68.91 -1.26 Cencora CVF 17.53 -0.3	EdwardsLife EW 66.24 -0.29	HenrySchein HSIC 63.43 0.47	Loews L 64.94 -0.48 LogitechIntl LOGI 81.05 0.28	OtisWorldwide OTIS 80.85 0.98 Ovintiv OVV 44.92 -0.69	Sempra         SRE         70.53         -0.87           ServiceIntl         SCI         58.14         -0.41	Teradyne TER 86.38 -0.65	W X Y 2
ACM 78.27 -0.07 BP BP 34.90 -0.57 Centene CNC 70.31 -1.44 AES 16.22 0.08 BWX Tech BWYT 76.02 -0.04 CenterPointEner CND 26.86 -0.33	Elastic <b>ESTC</b> 74.80 -1.10 ElbitSystems <b>ESLT</b> 192.38 -1.49	Hershey HSY 189.02 1.53 Hess HES 140.77 -2.18	Lowe's LOW 194.68 0.10 Lucid LCID 3.95 -0.35	OwensCorning OC 122.36 0.87 PDD PDD 109.65 0.28	ServiceNow NOW 625.33 11.42 SharkNinja SN 44.00 -2.27	Tesla <b>TSLA</b> 222.11 -0.07 TetraTech <b>TEK</b> 151.44 -0.46	WEC Energy WEC 81. WEX WEX 171
AFL 80.32 -0.66 Baidu BIDU 107.42 -0.59 CentraisEBras EBR 7.61 -0.01 AGC0 114.50 0.40 BakerHughes BKR 33.74 -0.12 CeridianHCM CDAY 67.11 1.00	ElectronicArts EA 130.74 1.01 ElevanceHealth ELV 453.19 -4.05	HessMidstream HESM 29.45 -0.25 HewlettPackard HPE 15.74 -0.01	lululemon LULU 409.64 -4.05 LyondellBasell LYB 91.25 0.14	PG&E PCG 16.51 -0.19 PNC Finl PNC 120.26 -0.52	Shell SHEL 64.42 -1.07 SherwinWilliams SHW 256.09 4.10	TevaPharm <b>TEVA</b> 9.15 0.11 TexasInstruments <b>TXN</b> 145.22 -1.37	W.P.Carey WPC 54 WPP WPP 44
ANSS 286.94 5.14 ADA 36.71 1.27 Ball BALL 49.99 -0.11 CharlesRiverLabs CRL 175.97 -6.84	EmersonElec EMR 84.75 -0.19 Enbridge ENB 33.56 -0.08	Hilton HLT 156.91 -1.14 Hologic HOLX 68.27 -0.10	M N	POSCO PKX 87.63 -1.75	ShinhanFin SHG 26.37 -0.34 ShockwaveMed SWAV170.30 -7.89	TexasPacLand <b>TPL</b> 1650.55-46.26 TexasRoadhouse <b>TXRH</b> 103.41 0.14	Wabtec WAB 109
ASM 630.20 2 00 BancoBradesco BBDO 2.75 0.12 CharterCommis CH R 413.46 0.50 CheckPoint CHKP 137.56 -0.30 CheckPoint CHKP 147.56 -0.3	EncompassHealth EHC 64.05 -0.34 Endeavor EDR 24.31 0.23	HomeDepot HD 295.92 1.15 HondaMotor HMC 31.87 -0.23	M&T Bank MTB 119.34 -1.74	PPL PPL 25.65 -0.28	Shopify SHOP 62.74 1.05 SimonProperty SPG 115.44 0.20	Textron <b>TXT</b> 76.14 -0.90 ThermoFisher <b>TMO</b> 454.31 -4.93	WalgreensBoots WBA 21 Walmart WMT 164
T 15.65 -0.19 BancSanBrasil BSBR 5.90 0.10 CheniereEnergy LNG 170.22 1.72	EnergyTransfer ET 13.07 -0.24 EnphaseEnergy ENPH 76.90 -1.93	Honeywell HON 184.62 -1.99 HormelFoods HRL 32.47 -0.12	MGM Resorts <b>MGM</b> 38.65 0.38 MinisoGroup <b>MNS0</b> 26.84 0.06	PTC PTC 149.63 0.38 Paccar PCAR 86.59 0.13	SiriusXM <b>SIRI</b> 4.68 -0.03 SkechersUSA <b>SKX</b> 50.01 -0.18	ThomsonReuters TRI 129.36 0.95 3M MMM 92.32 -0.83	WarnerBrosA WBD 9.4 WarnerMusic WMG 32
ABD 94.74 0.00 BcoSantChile BSAC 18.29 -0.10 CheniereEnerPtrs CQP 57.33 -0.52 ABBV 142.03 -0.13 BcoSantander SAN 3.76 0.03 ChesapeakeEner CHK 81.40 -1.12 althcare ACHC 73.70 -0.59 BacoSantander SAN 3.76 (4.0.0.32	Entegris ENTG 91.98 0.61 Entergy ETR 97.00 -0.65	DR Horton <b>DHI</b> 121.81 0.64 HostHotels <b>HST</b> 16.13 -0.45	MPLX MPLX 35.38 -0.29 MSCI MSCI 504.98 9.06	PackagingCpAm <b>PKG</b> 156.13 -0.51 PalantirTech <b>PLTR</b> 18.49 -0.31	Skyworks SWKS 87.90 -1.46 SmithAO AOS 71.14 0.49	Toast         TOST         14.89         -2.36           Toll Bros         TOL         79.68         -0.53	WasteConnections WCN 131 WasteMgt WM 170
ure ACN 317.82 2.63 BankofAmerica BAC 27.89 -0.27 Chowny CHWV 20.97 -0.0	EnterpriseProd EPD 25.96 -0.42	HoulihanLokey HLI 102.79 -0.11 HowmetAerospace HWM 48.34 0.07	MSP Recovery LIFW         6.85         0.65           MagnaIntl         MGA         51.78         -1.03	PaloAltoNtwks PANW 241.08 -1.00 ParamountA PARAA 15.48 -0.93	Smith&Nephew SNN 24.48 0.34	TopBuild BLD 265.91 -2.63 Toro TTC 84.01 0.96	Waters WAT 255 Watsco WSO 374
ADBE 585.31 0.11 ageSys WMS 110.69 -1.26 BankNV Mellon BK 44 97 0.38 ChordEnergy CHBP 160 52 -2.63	Equinix EQIX 759.94 1.94	Hubbell HUBB 281.44 2.81	Maghathar McC 91.78 -1.09 ManhattanAssoc MANH 211.84 0.15 ManulifeFini MFC 18.05 -0.24	ParamountB PARA 11.82 -1.02 ParkerHannifin PH 410.66 3.58	Snap SNAP 11.23 0.27	TorontoDomBk TD 58.69 -0.10 TotalEnergies TTE 64.65 -0.84	WeatherfordIntl WFRD 91 WebsterFin WBS 39
AEG 4.97 -0.02 BarklovaScotia BNS 42.49 -0.49 Chubb CB 219.01 0.0 BarklovaScotia BNS 42.49 -0.49 Chubb CB 219.01 0.0 BarklovaScotia BNS 42.49 -0.10 ChubohwaTel CHT 36.22 -0.11	Equinor EQNR 31.74 -0.41 Equitable EQH 26.23 -0.42	HubSpot HUBS 442.15 4.26 Humana HUM 488.26 -9.92	Manufree Ini MFC 18.05 -0.24 Maplebear CART 27.24 -1.23 MarathonOil MRO 24.85 -0.68	Parsons <b>PSN</b> 61.40 -0.29 Paychex <b>PAYX</b> 114.05 1.52	Snap-On <b>SNA</b> 265.68 -1.39 Snowflake <b>SNOW</b> 158.58 -0.99	ToyotaMotor <b>TM</b> 183.42 -6.15 TractorSupply <b>TSCO</b> 199.50 0.31	WellsFargo WFC 40 Welltower WELL 86
AER         65.31         0.74         BarrickGold         GOLD         15.17         -0.59         Church&Dwight         CHD         88.62         -0.02           Idgs         AFRM         21.76         -0.33         Bath&BodyWks         BBWI         31.60         0.06         Church&Dibwight         Church&IDowns         CHD         18.67         -1.13	EquityLife ELS 65.86 0.18 EquityResdntl EQR 54.73 0.87	JBHunt JBHT 175.00 0.08 HuntingtonBcshs HBAN 10.36 -0.08	MarathonPetrol MPC 143.50 -2.66	PaycomSoftware PAYC 167.52 -0.32	SOQUIMICH <b>SQM</b> 48.20 -0.30 SoFiTech <b>SOFI</b> 7.31 -0.11	TradeDesk <b>TTD</b> 78.84 1.14	Wescolntl WCC 136 WestPharmSvcs WST 345
Allines AEM 46 92 -1 25 BaxterInti BAX 34.05 -0.16 Ciena CIEN 43.16 0.12	Erielndemnity ERIE 279.21 -2.66 EssentialUtil WTRG 34.55 -0.49	HuntingIngalls HII         228.52         -3.72           HyattHotels H         105.26         -1.46	Markel MKL 1332.22 -5.13 MarketAxess MKTX 223.01 6.48	Paylocity PCTY 151.36 2.38 PayPal PYPL 55.08 0.45	Sony SONY 87.54 -0.22 Southern SO 68.60 -0.12	Tradeweb <b>TW</b> 92.62 0.62 TraneTech <b>TT</b> 221.84 2.17	WesternDigital WDC 43
ucts         APD 259.93         5.47         BeiGene         BGNE 200.21         2.51         CincinnatiFini CINF         99.84         -0.75	EssexProp <b>ESS</b> 210.88 1.49 EsteeLauder <b>EL</b> 116.60 1.07	ICICI Bank IBN 22.53 -0.20 IdexxLab IDXX 427.73 5.26	Marriott MAR 192.58 -1.92 Marsh&McLen MMC 196.71 2.08	Pearson <b>PSO</b> 11.95 0.06 PembinaPipeline <b>PBA</b> 31.77 -0.12	SoCopper SCC0 70.33 -0.96 SouthwestAir LUV 23.99 0.43	TransDigm <b>TDG</b> 895.21 2.39 TransUnion <b>TRU</b> 51.60 0.06	WesternMidstrm WES 27 Westlake WLK 119
Tech AKAM110.56 1.70 Berkley WRB 67.90 -0.40 CiscoSystems CSC0 53.00 -0.13	Etsy ETSY 63.99 -0.85 Everest EG 381.27 -2.72	ING Groep ING 13.04 0.02 IQVIA IQV 199.76 -0.32	MartinMarietta MLM 451.86 7.54 MarvellTech MRVL 51.58 0.40	PenskeAuto <b>PAG</b> 151.89 -0.22 Pentair <b>PNR</b> 61.39 0.04	SouthwesternEner SWN 6.62 -0.12 Splunk SPLK 146.71 -0.46	Travelers <b>TRV</b> 168.56 -1.43 Trex <b>TREX</b> 61.49 0.33	WestRock WRK 37 Weyerhaeuser WY 30
ons ACI 21.39 -0.51 BerkHathwy A BRK.A 5266601379.99 Citizens Fin CFG 25.71 -0.10	Evergy EVRG 49.58 -0.75 EversourceEner ES 55.69 -0.66	ITT ITT 100.69 0.33 IcahnEnterprises IEP 19.39 -0.65	Masco MAS 56.42 1.23 Mastercard MA 389.70 0.83	Penumbra PEN 190.54 -5.99 PepsiCo PEP 167.39 0.21	Spotify SPOT 169.97 4.47 StanleyBlackDck SWK 85.65 -0.08	Trimble TRMB 42.02 -0.43 Trip.com TCOM 33.53 0.03	WheatonPrecMet WPM 42 Williams WMB 35
ALC 73.57 -0.10 aRIEst ARE 99.94 0.34 I BestBuy BBY 63.94 -1.63 CleanHarbors CLH 155.69 0.94	ExactSciences EXAS 62.84 -2.46 Exelixis EXEL 20.74 -0.37	Icon ICLR 257.99 1.16 IDEX IEX 192.33 0.75	MatadorRscs MTDR 55.44 -2.26 MatchGroup MTCH 29.84 -0.15	PerformanceFood <b>PFGC</b> 59.97 -0.50 PermianRscs <b>PR</b> 13.19 -0.45	Stantec STN 63.01 0.80	TruistFinl Twilio <b>TFC</b> 30.40 -0.12 <b>TWL0</b> 55.81 0.40	Williams-Sonoma WSM 149 WillisTowers WTW 234
BABA 84.80 -0.61 Bio-Techne TECH 58.67 -0.95 Cleveland-Cliffs CLF 16.71 -0.3 Bio-RadLab A BIO 305.14 2.32 Clorox CLX 131.93 -0.55	Exelon Exc 39.58 -0.16 Expedia EXPE 116.56 -1.49	IllinoisToolWks ITW 229.01 -0.88 Illumina ILMN 110.70 -3.80	Mattel MAT 19.03 -0.14 McCormickVtg MKCV 64.50 -1.86	PetroleoBrasil PBR 14.96 -0.47 PetroleoBrasilA PBR.A 13.86 -0.46	Starbucks <b>SBUX</b> 104.30 0.62 StateStreet <b>STT</b> 66.56 0.02	TylerTech <b>TYL</b> 415.69 4.07 TysonFoods <b>TSN</b> 46.34 -0.38	WillScotMobile WSC 35 Wipro WIT 4
ALLE 102.07         0.66         I Biogen         Bill 231.69-13.92         Cloudflare         NET         64.58         -1.41           nergy LNT         49.61         -0.39         BioMarinPharm BMRN         85.51         0.02         Coca-Cola         KO         57.09         -0.09	ExpeditorsIntl EXPD 113.21 2.81	ImperialOil IMO 54.77 -1.21	McCormick MKC 65.30 0.53 McDonald's MCD 267.49 -1.18	Pfizer <b>PFE</b> 30.82 -0.43 PhilipMorris <b>PM</b> 90.20 -1.08	SteelDynamics STLD 109.17 -1.08 Stellantis STLA 19.47 0.10	UBS Group UBS 24.78 -0.14 UDR UDR 32.74 0.62	WoodsideEnergy WDS 21 Woodward WWD 130
ALL 129.28 -0.38 BioNTech BNTX 99.62 -2.75 CocaColaCon COKE 673.78 -0.14 Birkenstock BIRK 42.21 -0.01 Coca-ColaEuro CCEP 60.77 -0.63	ExtraSpaceSt EXR 118.53 11.33 ExxonMobil XOM 102.93 -1.28	Incyte INCY 54.06 -0.66 Informatica INFA 23.18 0.08	McKesson MCK 460.67 2.63	Phillips66 <b>PSX</b> 111.81 -2.05 PinnacleWest <b>PNW</b> 70.95 -1.26	Steris         STE         206.32-11.91           Stevanato         STVN         27.74         1.23	UFP Inds UFPI 101.82 -1.01	WooriFinl WF 28 Workday WDAY 222
Pharm ALNY 169.40 -0.80 BlackRock BLK 654.95 6.36 Cognex CGNX 36.55 -0.14	F5 FFIV 155.84 -0.27 FMC FMC 52.42 -0.95	Infosys <b>INFY</b> 16.67 -0.12 IngersollRand <b>IR</b> 66.05 0.07	Medpace MEDP 275.37 0.87 Medtronic MDT 71.71 -0.77	Pinterest PINS 31.37 0.42	StifelFinancial SF 59.20 -0.81 STMicroelec STM 40.98 0.18	U-Haul N UHAL/B 49.79 0.34 U-Haul UHAL 53.20 0.27	WyndhamHtls WH 75
et A GOOGL 131.84 0.87 Block SQ 52.27 1.22 CoinbaseGibi COIN 88.32 -0.79	FTI Consulting <b>FCN</b> 216.22 -0.18 FactSet <b>FDS</b> 445.73 -3.14	Ingredion INGR 100.02 -1.81 Insulet PODD 154.97 -6.90	MercadoLibre MELI 1367.34-15.38 Merck MRK 104.40 0.40	PioneerNatRscs <b>PXD</b> 231.69 -3.28 PlainsAllAmPipe <b>PAA</b> 15.25 -0.30	Stryker SYK 274.78 -0.22 SumitomoMits SMFG 9.05 -0.66	US Foods USFD 41.08 -0.57 UWM UWMC 5.80 0.72	WynnResorts WYNN 92 XP XP 21
n.com AMZN 142.08 -0.63 Boeing BA 191.83 0.42 Concast A CMCSA 41.52 -0.52		Intel INTC 37.92 -0.85 InteractiveBrkrs IBKR 80.31 -1.30	MetaData AIU 1.04 -0.02 MetaPlatforms META 319.78 0.96	PlainsGP PAGP 15.76 -0.26 Pool POOL 335.49 1.25	SunComms SUI 117.05 -0.21 SunLifeFinancial SLF 46.92 -0.23	Luber UBER 49.50 -0.42 Ubiquiti UI 107.79 -1.98	XPO XPO 81 XcelEnergy XEL 59
AMCR 9.07 0.02 BoozAllen BAH 124.79 1.64 SABESP SBS 12.39 -0.08	FedEx FDX 245.37 1.17		MetLife MET 59.35 -0.18 Mettler-Toledo MTD 1038.28 -4.00	Primerica <b>PRI</b> 203.62 3.50 PrincipalFinl <b>PFG</b> 69.06 -0.38	SuncorEnergy SU 31.40 -0.66 Sunco SUN 52.86 -0.76	UiPath <b>PATH</b> 17.15 -0.11 UltaBeauty <b>ULTA</b> 392.78 -2.80	XPeng XPEV 16 Xylem XYL 96
Image: style	Ferry 647 0 11	IBM IBM 148.03 -0.80 IntlFlavors IFF 71.02 -0.57	MicrochipTech <b>MCHP</b> 75.36 0.05 MicronTech <b>MU</b> 72.28 -0.52	ProcoreTech <b>PCOR</b> 53.14 -0.07 Procter&Gamble <b>PG</b> 150.01 -0.58	SuperMicroComp SMCI 260.27 5.89 Suzano SUZ 10.87 0.24	Unilever <b>UL</b> 47.81 0.01 UnionPacific <b>UNP</b> 212.00 0.59	YPF YPF 10 Yum!Brands YUM 125
irlines AAL 12.01 0.26 BristolMyers BMY 52.42 0.13 ConocoPhillips COP 114.45 -0.86	FidNatlFinl FNF 43.40 1.43	IntlPaper IP 33.56 -0.29 Interpublic IPG 28.98 -0.11	Microsoft MSFT 363.20 2.67 MicroStrategy MSTR 474.50 0.95	Progressive <b>PGR</b> 158.61 Prologis <b>PLD</b> 105.13 0.90	SynchronyFinl SYF 29.32 -0.03	UnitedAirlines UAL 38.04 1.01 UnitedMicro UMC 7.47 -0.15	YumChina YUMC 43 ZTO Express ZTO 24
AEP         78.15         -0.70         BritishAmTob BTI         30.98         -0.01         ConEd         ED         88.68         -0.88           xpress AXP         153.01         0.03         BrixmorProp BRX         21.35         0.27         ConstBrands A STZ         241.50         -1.00	FifthThirdBncp FITB 25.49 -0.67	Intuit INTU 522.38 8.47 IntuitiveSurgical ISRG 277.93 -0.76	MidAmApt MAA 120.95 1.36 MitsubishiUFJ MUFG 7.93 -0.46	PrudentialFinl <b>PRU</b> 90.69 -0.02 Prudential <b>PUK</b> 21.90 -0.27	Sysco SVV 67.03 -0.53	UPS B UPS 141.95 0.10 UnitedRentals URI 436.56 -3.80	ZebraTech ZBRA 206 Zillow C Z 37
Ann AFG 109.20 -2.03 Broadcom AVGO 911.13 13.31 ConstellationEner CEG 121.18 1.3: seKent AMH 34.86 0.19 BroadridgeFinl BR 177.94 1.04 Consort	FirstHorizon <b>FHN</b> 11.34 -0.15 FirstSolar <b>FSLR</b> 137.83 -6.50	InvitatHomes INVH 31.49 0.25 IonisPharm IONS 47.09 -0.62	MizuhoFin MFG 3.17 -0.19	PublicServiceEnt <b>PEG</b> 61.69 -0.61 PublicStorage <b>PSA</b> 250.69 2.71		US Bancorp USB 34.51 -0.30 US Steel X 34.14 -0.04	Zillow A ZG 36 ZimmerBiomet ZBH 104
AIG         6.2.58         -0.52         BrookfieldAsset         BAM         30.75         -0.01         Copart         CPR 46.62         0.0'           verREIT         AMT         18.442         -1.03         Brookfield         BN         32.18         0.18         Core&Main         CNM         31.08         0.12	FirstEnergy FE 35.69 -0.41	IronMountain IRM 59.53 0.36	Mobileye MBLY 36.66 -0.31 Moderna MRNA 71.34 -2.32	PulteGroup <b>PHM</b> 81.69 -0.34 PureStorage <b>PSTG</b> 35.34 0.04	TC Energy <b>TRP</b> 36.13 0.22 TD Synnex <b>SNX</b> 93.84 -0.85	UnitedTherap UTHR 225.73 -4.71 UnitedHealth UNH 536.73 -1.10	Zoetis <b>ZTS</b> 170 ZoomVideo <b>ZM</b> 61
erWorks AWK 126.14 -0.72 BrookfieldInfr BIP 25.89 0.30 CorebridgeFin CRBG 20.18 -0.18	FirstService <b>FSV</b> 144.33 0.68 Fiserv <b>FI</b> 120.13 0.92	ItauUnibanco ITUB 5.90 -0.03	MolinaHealthcare MOH 349.39 -0.07 MolsonCoorsB TAP 58.99 -0.12	Qiagen QGEN 38.77 -0.45	TE Connectivity TEL 125.04	UnitySoftware U 26.06 -0.74	Zscaler <b>ZS</b> 173
brise AMP 332.34 -0.61 Brown&Brown BRO 71.61 0.47 Corteva CTVA 48.62 -0.60	FiveBelow <b>FIVE</b> 176.88 -1.27 FleetCorTech <b>FLT</b> 235.54 2.11	J K L JD.com JD 26.45 -0.37	monday.com <u>MNDY</u> 140.99 -1.01 Mondelez <b>MDLZ</b> 69.02 0.53	Qorvo QRV0 87.94 -0.18 Qualcomm QCOM 120.06 -0.66			
AMGN 273.26 2.15 Brown-Forman B BF.B 58.72 -0.37 CoStar CSGP 77.24 -0.70	Flex <b>FLEX</b> 25.83 0.13 Floor&Decor <b>FND</b> 80.39 0.93	JPMorganChase JPM 144.72 0.71	MongoDB MDB 370.04 1.00 MonolithicPower MPWR 492.94 0.38	Qualys <b>QLYS</b> 167.43 -4.75 QuantaServices <b>PWR</b> 169.76 4.68	<b>Dividend</b> Char		
Devices ADI 168.91 0.80 Builders First BLDR 124.66 -1.40 Coterra Energy CTRA 26.88 -0.51	FormentoEconMex FMX 118.00 -2.88 FordMotor F 10.05 -0.12	Jabil JBL 126.59 0.29 JackHenry JKHY149.94 6.51	MonsterBev MNST 55.66 -0.32 Moody's MCO 338.73 2.86	QuestDiag DGX 133.47 0.59	Dividend Char	iges	
ev BUD 59.32 0.26 BurlingtonStrs BURL 130.62 -0.53 Coupang CPNG 15.38 -1.69		JacobsSolns J 132.62 -0.76 JamesHardie JHX 30.66 4.14	MorganStanley <b>MS</b> 75.97 0.46 Morningstar <b>MORN</b> 262.77 0.07	R S RB Global RBA 66.38 -0.37		Amou	
Cap NLY 17.39 0.04 Sources AR 26.75 -0.99 CBRE Group CBRE 73.93 -0.39 CrowdStrike CRWD 193.83 1.4	Fortive <b>FTV</b> 65.40 0.44 FortuneBrands <b>FBIN</b> 61.49 0.61	JazzPharm JAZZ 128.24 -5.43 JefferiesFinl JEF 34.30 -0.28	Mosaic MOS 32.77 0.84	RELX RELX 35.70 0.14	company	Symbol Yld% New/C	ld Frq
ADN 327.54 1.20 CCC Intelligent CCCS 11.69 0.03 CrownCastle CCI 96.68 0.12 up APG 26.92 0.06 CDW CDW 209.28 1.28 CrownHoldings CCK 81 21 0.02	FoxA FOXA 30.53 -0.41	J&J JNJ 150.35 -0.55 JohnsonControls JCI 50.62 -0.30	MotorolaSol MSI 309.19 4.21 MurphyOil MUR 42.74 -0.98	RTX RTX 83.20 0.53	Artosian Posourcos CLA	ARTNA 2.8 .2897/.28	34 <b>Q</b> Nov24
o APPF 201.86 3.83 CGI A GIB 99.27 -2.53 Cuerprise CMI 217.49 -2.11	Franco-Nevada FNV 120.34 -2.22	JonesLang JLL 143.77 -1.20 JuniperNetworks JNPR 26.83 -0.11	MurphyUSA MUSA 365.32 -5.15 NICE NICE 169.75 0.19	RalphLauren RL 116.47 3.61 RangeResources RRC 33.09 -0.93	DR Horton	DHI 1.0 .30/.25	<b>Q</b> Nov28
AAPL 182.89 1.07 CH Robinson CHRW 81.40 -1.37 terials AMAT 144.23 2.49 CME Group CME 212.55 0.19 (cyberArkSoftware CYBR 183.37 0.72)	FreeportMcM FCX 33.61 -0.45	KB Financial <b>KB</b> 39.75 -0.33 KBR <b>KBR</b> 51.62 0.22	NIO NIO 7.92 0.03 NNN REIT NNN 38.97 0.57	RaymondJames RJF RealtyIncome O 99.38 -0.48 51.20 0.50	Emerson Electric Evergy	EMR 2.5 .525/.52 EVRG 5.2 .6425/.61	
APP         40.12         -0.77         CMS Energy CMS         55.40         0.14           oup         ATR         125.12         0.57         CNA Fin         CNA 39.20         -0.36         D E F	FullTruck YMM 6.98 -0.01	KKR KKR 62.41 0.07 KLA KLAC 511.16 8.04	NOV NOV 18.74 -0.27 NRG Energy NRG 45.68 0.26	RegalRexnord RRX 106.14 4.20 RegencyCtrs REG 60.66 0.53	TPG TVO Partners	TPG 4.5 .48/.22 TXO 10.9 .52/.48	
APTV 73.96 -1.76 CNH Indi k ARMK 27.91 -0.11 CRH CHHI 10.25 0.11 DTE Energy DTE 98.54 0.03	Futu FUTU 59.10 -1.51	Kanzhun <b>BZ</b> 15.16 -0.14 KarunaTherap <b>KRTX</b> 173.98 -5.54	NVR NVR 5901.82-100.62 NXP Semicon NXPI 183.35 -2.45	RegenPharm REGN 822./9 -8.00 Regions Finl <b>PE</b> 15.25 -0.11	Zions Bancorp Pfd. G	ZIONO 9.9 .6194/.61	
Aittal MT 22.72 -0.24 CSX CSX 30.37 0.02 Danaher DHR 196.82 -1.43		Kellanova K 51.99 1.09	Nasdaq         NDAQ         51.74         0.55           NationalGrid         NGG         60.70         -0.79	ReinsGrp RGA 155.99 0.94	Reduced		
ADM 72.03 -0.08 I CadenceDesign CDNS 256.40 2.67 DarlingIngred DAR 43.00 -0.73	GFLEnvironmental GFL 28.76 -0.24	Kenvue <b>KVUE</b> 19.16 -0.44 KeurigDrPepper <b>KDP</b> 31.05 0.05	National of a construction of the construct	RelianceSteel RS 265.00 -0.41 RenaissanceRe RNR 205.82 -1.54 Poptokillait, PTO 27.13 -0.22		ZIONP 7.8 .3843/.387	93 <b>Q</b> Dec15
ARES 105.80         0.97         CAE         CAE         21.20         0.25         Datadog         DD0G         99.99         -2.27           ARGX 495.94         -1.36         CaesarsEnt         CZR         44.08         0.44         DaVita         DVA 84.18         4.77           CaesarsEnt         CZR         44.08         0.44         DaVita         DVA 84.18         4.77	I Gallagher AJG 245.57 1.57	KeyCorp KEY 11.28 -0.02 KeysightTech KEYS 124.79 -0.23	NetEase NTES 112.12 0.30	Rentokilinit RTO 27.13 -0.23 Repligen RGEN 147.88 -3.07	Foreign	ASC EQ 14	0 Dect
works ANET 209.60 -3.00 CamdenProperty CPT 87.88 1.24 I DeckersOutdoor DECK 627.22 -1.97 ARM 54.40 -0.87 Cameco CCJ 40.45 -0.71 Decre DE 369.37 0.12	Garmin GRMN 116.08 1.38	KimberlyClark KMB 120.66 0.25 KimcoRealty KIM 18.23 0.02	Netflix         NFLX 436.65         2.04           Neurocrine         NBIX 115.39         -1.29           Neurocrine         Control of the second s	RepublicSvcs RSG 155.61 0.70 ResMed RMD 148.78 -1.00	Ardmore Snipping Banco Bradesco Ord ADR	asc 5.8 .16 bbdo 4.9 .00354	
ARW 118.55         -0.45         CampbellSoup CPB         40.27         -0.16         DellTechC         DELL         72.48         0.83           ech         AZPN 167.66         -8.40         CIBC         CM         37.44         -0.12         DeltaAir         DAL         34.17         0.73	GenDigital GEN 19.32 0.39	KinderMorgan KMI 16.34 -0.21 KinrossGold KGC 5.23 -0.13	NewOrientalEduc EDU 68.03 0.65 NY CmntyBcp NYCB 9.49 -0.13	Revvity RVIY 85.21 -0.17		BBD 5.3 .0039 DHT 9.8 .19	M Jan12 Q Nov28
nt AIZ 159.53 0.36 CanNtIRIwy CNI 110.24 0.25 DescartesSystems DSGX 75.76 0.80 meca AZN 63.53 -0.08 CanadianNatRscs CNQ 62.39 -1.39 DeutscheBank DB 11.28 0.03	Generac <b>GNRC</b> 103.78 -0.01 GeneralDynamics <b>GD</b> 242.02 -0.71	KinsaleCapital KNSL 352.88 5.72 Klaviyo KVYO 27.54 -4.97	NYTimes A <u>NYT</u> 44.12 2.51 Newmont NEM 34.78 -1.88	RexfordIndlRealty REXR 45.67 0.63 RioTinto RIO 64.59 -0.11	Gerdau ADR	GGB 0.5 .09617	Q Dec20
IN TEAM 174.48 -4.45 CdnPacKC CP 73.79 0.30 DevonEnergy DVN 44.18 -1.1: hergy ATO 109.27 -0.59 CapitalOne COF 105.08 0.07 DexCom DXCM 92.76 -2.43	GeneralElec GE 113.85 2.05	Knight-Swift KNX 50.11 -0.44 Philips PHG 19.96 -0.10	NewsCorp B NWS 22.30 0.07 NewsCorp A NWSA 21.41 -0.02	Rivian <b>RIVN</b> 17.00 -0.42 RobertHalf <b>RHI</b> 75.65 1.09	Patria Investments	ORAN 4.9 .32048 PAX 7.2 .199	SA Dec2 Q Dec08
ADSX 206.93         1.62         I cardinalHealth CAH 102.27         0.73         Diageo         DEO 159.71         1.22           ALV         96.92         -0.39         Carlisle         CSL 262.60         -2.26         DiamondbkEner FANG 155.97         -2.83	GeneralMotors GM 27.56 -0.85	KoreaElecPwr KEP 6.70 0.15 KraftHeinz KHC 33.17 0.08	NextEraEnergy NEE 57.50 -0.96 Nike NKE 109.39 0.03	Robinhood         HOOD         8.37         -1.40           Roblox         RBLX 39.22         4.15			
ALV         96.92         0.39         Carlisle         CSL         262.60         -2.26         Diamondb/Ener FANG 155.97         -2.83           ADP 225.48         3.23         Carlyle         CG         30.08         0.71         Dick's         DKS 112.59         -1.33           me         AZO 2652.85         2.40         CarMax         KMX 64.08         -0.25         Digital/Realty DLR         128.45         0.43	Gentex GNTX 29.79 0.05 GenuineParts GPC 134.46 -1.08	Kroger         KR         43.87         -1.24           LKQ         LKQ         44.16         -0.83	NiSource NI 24.98 -0.08 Noble NE 46.84 -0.88	RocketCos. RKT 8.41 0.25	Hecla Mining	HL 0.4 .0025	Dec07
Day AVB 168.99 1.60 Carnival CCL 12.79 0.23 DiscoverFinSvcs DFS 84.34 -0.52	Gerdau <b>GGB</b> 4.62 -0.07	LPL Financial LPLA 223.14 2.05	Nokia NOK 3.48 0.05	Rogerscomm B RCI 40.11 -0.20	International Seaways Permianville Royalty Tr	INSW 1.0 1.13 PVL 18.9 .07725	Dec27 Nov22
id         AGR         30.56         -0.49         Carnival         CUK         11.50         0.21         Disney         DIS         84.50         -0.09           r         AVTR         18.32         -0.07         Carnival         CUK         10.50         D.50         DocuSign         DOCU         41.30         0.01           r         AVTR         18.32         -0.07         CarnivarierGlobal CARR         50.95         0.50         DocuSign         DOCU         41.13         0.01           r         AVTR         18.32         -0.07         CarnivarierGlobal CARR         50.95         0.50         DocuSign         DOCU         41.13         0.01           r         AVTR         18.32         -0.07         CarnivarierGlobal CARR         50.95         0.50         DocuSign         DOCU         41.13         0.01           r         AVTR         18.32         -0.07         Carnivarier Global CARR         50.90         0.20         DocuSign         DOCU         41.13         0.01	GitLab GTLB 44.74 0.19	L3HarrisTech LHX 181.49 -1.40 LabCorp.ofAmerica LH 205.84 -1.13	Nomura         NMR 3.92         -0.21           Nordson         NDSN 221.62         1.13           Nordson         NSC 104.01         0.41	RoivantSciences ROIV 8.98 -0.11 Roku ROKU 82.84 -0.59	Viper Energy Partners Un	VNOM 3.7 .30	Nov24
ennison AVY 178.63 1.38 Carvana CVNA 33.99 -0.18 DolbyLab DLB 85.85 -0.13 Idget CAR 189.32 -2.70 CaseysGenStores CASY 274.65 0.29 DollarGeneral DG 119.46 -1.5	GlobalFoundries GFS 53.02 -1.25		NorfolkSouthern NSC 194.81 0.41 NorthernTrust NTRS 69.35 -0.17			Sources: Fa	ctSet; Dow Jones Mar annual: <b>S2:1: stock sp</b>
Coating AXTA         29.40         0.36         Caterpillar         CAT         234.82         -0.10         DollarTree         DLTR         114.77         -1.56           terprise         AXON         22958         13.21         Celanese         CE         117.99         1.42         DominionEner         D         45.94         0.30		LambWeston LW 94.37 0.95 LasVegasSands LVS 48.13 -0.17	Novartis <b>NVS</b> 94.38 0.56	i RossStores <b>ROST</b> 122.79 -0.37 RoyalBkCanada <b>RY</b> 84.08 -0.04	ratio; SO: spin-off.	,	
w Highs and Lows			52-Wk % /m Hi/Lo Chg Stock ////////////////////////////////////	52-Wk % Sym Hi/Lo Chg Stock LQR 0.08 -26.0 ProFrac	52-Wk % Sym Hi/Lo Chg ACDC 8.18 -0.1 SINtxTe		52-V ock Sym Hi/

## **New Highs and Lows**

-	Stock Sym Hi/Lo Chg St	ock Sym Hi/Lo Chg Stock	Sym Hi/Lo Chg Stock Sym Hi/Lo	Chg Stock Sym Hi/Lo Chg Stock Sym Hi/Lo Chg
The following explanations apply to the New York Stock Exchange, NYSE Arca, NYSE American	BestBuy BBY 63.85 -2.5 Est BeyondAir XAIR 1.93 -4.5 Est	ortsEnt GMBL 0.05 -4.9 LQR House ablishLabs ESTA 16.96 -23.2 LSB Inds	LQR 0.08 -26.0 ProFrac ACDC 8.18 LXU 7.72 -0.4 PropertyGuru PGRU 3.23	
and Nasdag Stock Market stocks that hit a new 52-week intraday high or low in the latest	Biogen BIB 229.10 -5.7 Ete		LGO 2.10 -4.4 ProtaraTherap TARA 1.15	
session. <b>% CHG</b> -Daily percentage change from the previous trading session.	Biolase BIOL 1.45 -6.6 Eve			-14.7 Southland SLND 5.40 -4.2 UnitedMaritime USEA 2.05 -1.4
	BioraTherap BIOR 1.55 -6.0 Exp		LCID 3.87 -8.1 QuantumFin QFTA 8.35	-8.5 SpartanNash SPTN 20.51 -10.1 UrbanOneA UONE 3.47 -35.6
Wednesday, November 8, 2023	BitBrother BETS 0.03 -19.7 Exp BogotaFinl BSBK 7.05 -0.8 Fox	ro XPRO 14.41 -2.4 LuxUrbanHtlsPf oTech FOXO 0.36 -21.9 MagicSoftware		-12.8 SpiritAirlines SAVE 10.12 -7.2 UrbanOne D UONEK 3.40 -38.9 -8.7 SplashBeverage SBEV 0.46 -4.1 Velo3DWt VLD.WS 0.07 -19.6
52-Wk % 52-Wk % 52-Wk				-8.7 SplashBeverage SBEV 0.46 -4.1 Velo3DWt VLD.WS 0.07 -19.6 -19.5 StaarSurgical STAA 33.38 -3.5 Veritone VERI 2.05 -24.5
Stock Sym Hi/Lo Chg Stock Sym Hi/Lo Chg Stock Sym Hi/Lo			MBUU 42.58 -0.3 Regis RGS 0.47	-3.3 Starbox STBX 0.33 -24.8 Vertical AeroWt EVTLWS 0.03 -13.7
	BrightMindsBio DRUG 1.23 -0.7 Fin	anceofAm FOA 0.68 -28.3 MannKind	MNKD 3.62 -3.9 Replimune REPL 10.75	6.6 SteelPartners SPLP 37.60 -1.6 View VIEW 2.15 -21.0
HollysysAuto HOLI 22.34 1.2 YunhongGreenCTI YHGJ 2.90		tGuarBcshs FGBI 9.52 -0.7 MaravaiLifeSci	MRVI 4.60 -31.7 RingEnergy REI 1.38	-4.1 SterlingCheck STEP 10.00 -2.1 VishayPrecision VPG 28.44 0.3
Highs IDEAYA Bio IDYA 31.03 5.7 JakksPacific JAKK 27.83 2.3 Lows		tSeacoastBncp FSEA 6.50 -2.4 MarinSoftware		-28.6         StrataSkinSci         SSKN         10.00         -2.1         VistaGold         VGZ         0.31         -7.3           21         StrataSkinSci         SSKN         1.00         1.00         VivosTherap         VVOS         3.06         -5.5
Abercrombie&Fitch ANF 68.42 0.2 JakksPacific JAKK 27.83 2.3 LOWS	CambiumNtwks CMBM 4.05 -5.1 Fisi CanoHealth CANO 8.82 -15.3 Fle		MRAI         0.33         -3.8         SacksParenteGolf         SPGC         0.70           MAXN         5.53         -8.0         Safe&GreenDevt         SGD         0.47	-2.1 SturmRuger RGR 43.09 -1.6 Violeon VICN 0.75 -0.1
Adobe ADBE 595.67 KernelA KRNL 10.70 ACELYRIN SLRN 8.20	8.7 Canoo GOEV 0.23 -9.1 For		SaledoleenDevt Sub	-10.4 SunCountryAir SNCY 12.47 -3.2 VTVTborap VTVT 0.38 0.9
AeroVironment AVAV 127.96 1.5 Kingstone KINS 2.46 13.3 ADC Therap ADCT 0.59		ghtCarAmer RAIL 2.27 -7.2 Medifast	July Sugnice South 5.20	0.5 Curshreezes SNCP 0.32 16.2 Wallbox WBX 1.24 -2.9
AkamaiTech AKAM 111.80 1.6 Kyndryl KD 17.95 13.9 AMN Healthcare AMN 60.36	3.9 CasaSystems CASA 0.37 -27.3 Fus		MTR 12.58 -5.9 scPharm SCPH 4.99	0.4 Curta Onthe Onthe A 70 20.4 WaveDancer WAVD 1.16 -5.8
AlphaStarAcqn ALSAU 12.40 1.9 Lennoxinti LII 396.59 0.7 AMTD Digital HKD 3.84	2.5 Chevron CVX 142.25 -1.4 Fut		om MCOM 0.03 -9.3 Seer SEER 1.54	Villeeleirkeit Villek U.2/ "4./
AssuredGuaranty AGO 67.25 2.4 LifewayFoods LWAY 13.70 0.9 A-MarkPrecMet AMRK 23.14 AvePoint AVPT 7.80 -0.5 LightsWoodgr LNW 90.00 0.1 ATA Creativity AACG 0.83	6.8 Clarus CLAR 5.11 -11.7 Ga		ntl MGIH 0.95 -5.8 SenesTech SNES 0.26	
Lighteevvoluer Livvv 00.00 0.1	CleanEartinkt CLINK 0.00 -11.5 Ger		5 MOBQ 0.40 -12.5 SenmiaoTech AIHS 0.23	
AxonEnterprise AXON 231.71 6.1 LogitechIntl LOGI 81.17 0.3 Aaron's AAN 6.99 BGC BGC 6.26 0.5 ManhattanAssoc MANH 214.02 0.1 AbleViewGlobal ABLV 1.75	3.8 CodereOnlineWt <b>CDROW</b> 0.05 -14.0 Get 5.4 ConcertPic		MOBVU 4.99 -37.4 SeqLL SQL 8.99	-9.1 TigoEnergy TYGO 2.09 -4.0 Yoshitsu TKLF 0.43 -34.2
BancoBilbaoViz BBVA 8.39 1.5 MicroStrategy MSTR 478.60 0.2 AdaptHealth AHCO 6.37	Cogentibio Cogi 7.21 -15.5 Gia	tfelter GLT 1.42 -3.3 MobivAcqn bavend GVH 2.51 -35.5 MoneyHeroWt	MOBV 4.48 - 48.7 MNYWW 0.06 - 12.9 Servotronics SVT 8.80 Share Toch STSS 0.40	-0.8 Tingo TIO 0.63 -4.9 ZimIntShipping ZIM 7.23 -2.5
	8.7 CollectiveAudience CAUD 2.23 -30.3 Glo		Jor ra Shaipstech 3133 0.40	Euppev Ent 0117 /1/
BellevueLifeSci BLAC 10.75 0.3 Myomo MYO 1.99 7.4 Aditxt ADTX 4.86	<sup>5.8</sup> CommVehicle <b>CVGI</b> 5.48 -2.6 Gra		A/h MTDVIN 0.00 05 2 Shoais lech SHLS 13.93	-10.0 TravereTherap TVTX 6.31 -11.8 ZentalisPharm ZNTL 9.56 -2.0
BellRing BRBR 46.04 -0.4 NYTimes A NYT 45.33 6.0 AdvanSix ASIX 24.05	1.0 CompassTherap CMPX 1.64 -2.3 Gree		MOTE A01 E 0 SHOCKWAVEIVIED SWAV 100.95	
Birkenstock BIRK 42.96 NewtekOneNts2028 NEWTI 25.15 -0.1 AeriesTech AERT 2.00	8.9 ComputerPrograms CPSI 13.05 -2.2 Hal	ofFameWt HOFVW 0.01 -45.4 MyMD Pharm	MYMD 0.33 -8.3 SigmaLithium SGML 22.95	-7.0 TriSalusLifeSci TLSI 3.66 -1.7 ZyVersaTherap ZVSA 0.07 0.4
CONXWt CONXW 0.41 5.6 OReillyAuto ORLY 980.65 -0.1 AirProducts APD 251.63	2.1 ConnexaSports CNXA 0.60 -3.9 Hai		NTCT 20.50 -2.2	
CadenceDesign CDNS 257.48 1.1 OlemaPharm OLMA 17.79 3.1 AirTransportSvcs ATSG 14.03 CardinalHealth CAH 103.50 -0.7 D5Findustries PFIN 12.93 0.2 Airgain AIRG 2.96		borCustomWt HCDIZ 0.00 -15.8 Newmont	NEM 34.53 -5.1	
CardinalHealth CAH 103.50 -0.7 P&FIndustries PFIN 12.93 -0.2 Airgain AIRG 2.96 CarlyleCreditPfdA CCIA 25.20 0.3 PCConnection CNXN 60.42 -0.6 Alithya ALYA 1.26	3.6         CoreCard         CCRD         15.14         -2.1         Hei           4.5         CorEnergyInfr         CORR         0.53         -5.7         Hei		EGOX 0.55 -0.9 KIND 1.47 -17.0 IPO Scorecard	
Cintas CTAS 528.96 0.2 PointBiopharma PNT 13.25 0.2 AllegiantTravel ALGT 60.72	4.5 CorEnergyInfr <b>CORR</b> 0.53 -5.7 Hep 0.7 CorsairGaming <b>CRSR</b> 11.45 -5.0 Hill		NINE 2.33 -5.5 Performance of IPC	s, most-recent listed first
ColiseumAcqn MITA 11.80 0.1 PennyMacNts28 PMTU 24.85 0.7 Allego ALLG 1.40	4.0 CustomTruck <b>CTOS</b> 4.42 -18.2 ICU		Wt NIOBW 0.40 -13.7	
ConsldWater CWC0 32.87 0.2 Pinterest PINS 31.62 1.4 AllianceBernstein AB 27.51	0.3 CyclacelPharmPfd CYCCP 5.25 -10.8 i-80		NCNCW 0.01 -41.1	% Chg From % Chg From
ConstellationI A CSTA 11.68 RoperTech ROP 513.22 0.8 AltamiraTherap CYTO 0.12	8.5 Cyngn CYN 0.21 5.8 Ide		NCNC 0.28 1.8 Company SYMBOL	Ved's Offer 1st-day Company SYMBOL Wed's Offer 1st-day
CornerGrowth2 A TRON 11.92 RossStores ROST 123.65 -0.3 AmericanRebel AREB 0.33	4.0 CytekBiosci CTKB 3.80 12.4 Imu		NRT 6.59 1.3 IPO date/Offer price c	ose (\$) price close IPO date/Offer price close (\$) price close
CyberArkSoftware CYBR 186.28 0.4 SCE III Pfd SCEpH 24.70 0.6 Amplitech AMPG 1.66		pendenceContr ICD 2.33 0.4 Novocure	NVCR 12.00 -6.3	
DeckersOutdoor DECK 634.00 -0.3 SafetyShot SHOT 1.80 12.9 AnaptysBio ANAB 15.43 DraftKings DKNG 36.37 0.3 ServiceNow NOW 626.19 1.9 AnghamiWt ANGHW 0.01	6.2 DareBioscience DARE 0.33 0.9 Ind	onesiaEnergy INDO 3.11 -5.3 NuCana	NCNA 0.42 -3.1 Globavend Holdings	2.58 -35.5 reAlpha Tech 6.25 -37.5 -98.5
		edPharm INM 0.39 2.6 Nuwellis	NUWE 0.60 -4.7 GVH Nov. 8/\$4.00	<b>AIRE</b> Oct. 23/\$10.00
ESAB ESAB 75.97 0.1 SkywardSpecins SKWD 31.10 1.5 AnnovisBio ANVS 5.42 EnerTransferPfdl ETpl 10.00 5.7 SohoHouse SHCO 8.48 AntelopeEnterprise AEHL 1.72		xon INPX 0.07 -8.1 ONE Gas bireMedical INSP 129.90 -19.7 ONE GroupHos	<b>OGS</b> 59.01 -2.5 <b>STKS</b> 3.94 -1.5 Lexeo Therapeutics	10.64 –3.3 5.9 Northann Corp. 4.84 –3.2 5.2
		graResources ITRG 0.70 OceanBiomedical		
F&GAnnuities FG 37.92 14.3 TGVentureAcanWt TGVCW 0.09 174.9 Arcimoto FUV 0.57	4.1 Durect <b>DRRX</b> 0.51 -79.6 Inte		Wt OCEAW 0.05 -10.0 OFLX 64.71 -3.5	<b>NCL</b> Oct. 19/\$5.00
Fairlsaac FICO 954.23 0.2 TIM TIMB 17.72 3.3 ArrayTech ARRY 13.75	7.6 Dynatronics DYNT 0.47 -4.6 Inv	estar ISTR 9.07 -10.4 Oncocyte	OCX 2.08 -10.7 Pineapple Financial	1.44 -64.0 -36.0 Webuy Global Ltd. 4.99 24.8 -6.6
Ferrari RACE 340.31 1.2 TelefonicaBras VIV 10.11 2.6 AtlantaBravesC BATRK 34.05	1.8 ESGL ESGL 0.45 -9.0 iRo		ONMD 3.95 -31.8 DADI Nov 1/\$4.00	<b>WBUY</b> Oct. 19/\$4.00
	2.8 ESSTechWt GWH.WS 0.08 -24.0 iSu		LPRO 4.89 -10.4	
Gartner IT 401.42 0.8 Trailblazerl A TBMC 10.40 Autohome ATHM 25.84 Globalindi GIC 36.02 1.5 TransTech TT 222.53 1.0 AvenueTherap ATXI 0.22		nesRiver JRVR 12.68 -7.0 Organon		6.90 72.5 56.8 Birkenstock Holding 42.21 -8.2 5.0
GlobalIndl GIC 36.02 1.5 TraneTech TT 222.53 1.0 AvenueTherap ATXI 0.22 Globavend GVH 5.50 -35.5 Uber UBER 50.30 -0.8 AvidBioservices CDMO 5.42		over JNVR 0.71 1.3 OrlaMining rsMustangWt JWSM.WS 0.02 5.5 PHINIA	ORLA 2.97 -2.6 PHIN 24.10 -5.4 ATGL Oct. 31/\$4.00	<b>BIRK</b> Oct. 11/\$46.00
		vellGlobal JWEL 1.53 -7.5 PetVivo	PETV 1.14 -9.2 Mach Natural Resources LP	17.95 -5.5 -2.1 Global Mofy Metaverse 10.41 108.2 104.1
				1/.// -/./ -2.1 GIODALIVIOLY MELAVELSE 10.41 100.2 104.1
GreenidgeGenNt GREEL 8.35 -7.2 UnvlSecInstr UUU 5.20 3.8 BRP Group BRP 18.34	2.1 EmpirePetrol <b>EP</b> 6.28 -7.8 Kw	esstMicroSvs KWE 1.04 -4.3 PhioPharm	PHIO 1.11 -6.6 BAND Oct 25/\$10.00	
HCI Group HCI 79.39 21.5 VTEX VTEX 6.78 9.0 Babcock&Wilcox BW 2.16		vopharmTherap KPTI 0.73 -6.1 PineappleFinl	PAPL 1.32 -6.5	<b>GMM</b> Oct. 10/\$5.00
HCI Group         HCI         79.39         21.5         VTEX         VTEX         6.78         9.0         Babcock&Wilcox         BW         2.16           HeritageInsurance         HRTG         7.76         -1.6         Winmark         WINA         438.98         1.4         Bakkt         BKKT         0.64	0.9 EnvirotechVeh EVTV 1.12 -15.0 Kar	vopharmTherap KPTI 0.73 -6.1 PineappleFinl nedy-Wilson KW 11.18 -6.4 Playtika		GMM Oct. 10/\$5.00 Sources: Dow Jones Market Data: FactSet

Too 250 mutual-funds listings for Macdarg publications of Forwards and your personal your personal and your personal and your persona	Mutua	l Funds			Data provi	rided by LIF	PPER (		Fund	NAV	Net Chg S				et YTD hg %Ret		nd		Net Y Chg % R		und NAV		YTD % Ret	Fund	Net NAV Chg	YTD % Ret F	und	Net YTD NAV Chg %Ret	
ebc-scattering         Expension         August         August         Expension         August         August         Expension         August         August </td <td>T 250</td> <td>tural formala liations</td> <td>for Nordon and</td> <td>- Nabaal abawa</td> <td></td> <td>+0.25 I</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>23.74 +0.03 -0.5</td>	T 250	tural formala liations	for Nordon and	- Nabaal abawa															+0.25 I									23.74 +0.03 -0.5	
apply. Recalculated by Linear, using updated and a Decembulant costs. Apply. Linear, using updated and updated a																													
Percent priority of charge may use state call is drage may.         Series band is percent priority is called and is normality is called and is normalis and is called and is normality is called and is norm																													
December 2         December 2 <thdecember 2<="" th=""> <thdecember 2<="" th="">         December2</thdecember></thdecember>												15.7						0.92	+0.05 1				9.2						
price         SetUT:reladix         Sature         Materopitian West         Sotubal Funds         Situation												8 1						3 70					6 57						
Line best of traded with event were value based of period marked of period.         Sincipation for traded were value based of period were value based of period.         Sincipation for traded were value based of period. <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>7.12</td><td>J.UJ 1.J</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0 0.0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>82.70 +0.06 7.4</td></th<>														7.12	J.UJ 1.J							0 0.0						82.70 +0.06 7.4	
Disclete         Na         Na        Na        Na <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>data under r</td><td>review. <b>NN</b>-</td><td>Fund not</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>8.63 +</td><td>0.03 1.4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Δ</td><td>NΔ</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>67.33 -0.28 -2.3</td></th<>					data under r	review. <b>NN</b> -	Fund not							8.63 +	0.03 1.4							Δ	NΔ					67.33 -0.28 -2.3	
Wednesday, November 8, 2023         Table Net YTD         <	tracked. NS-H	Fund dian't exist	at start of perio	d.																		•	81.0			2./		67.19 -0.38 0.1	
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## **BUSINESS & FINANCE**

## **Fed Probes Morgan Stanley Over Its Laundering Controls**

At issue is how bank's wealthmanagement unit vets foreigners

### By ANNAMARIA ANDRIOTIS

Morgan Stanley's wealthmanagement arm is being scrutinized by the Federal Reserve, which is looking into whether the bank has sufficient controls in place to prevent rich foreign customers from laundering money.

The Fed has been probing how Morgan Stanley vets foreigners and the origins of their money before taking them on as customers, according to people familiar with the matter. What started out as a routine review a few years ago escalated after regulators found the bank's due diligence on clients and anti-money-laundering efforts lacking.

The Fed has privately repri-

manded the bank for not making all the changes it has required, and the head of Morgan Stanley's wealth-manbusiness, Andy agement Saperstein, has been meeting with the Fed to address how he and his team are going to clean up the problems it has found.

Rich foreigners are a relatively small but important source of new inflows for Morgan Stanley's wealth-management business, which oversees a total of about \$5 trillion in assets for clients. During the past roughly five years, Morgan Stanley ramped up recruiting of financial advisers who specialize in catering to offshore clients, many in Latin America.

While most rich Americans have a financial adviser or wealth-management firm, many in Latin America don't or at least don't have one that is U.S.-based.

In 2020, the Fed found that

15%

the bank lacked risk-management controls for vetting foreign wealth-management clients, the people said. It gave a list to Morgan Stanley of the problems that needed to be fixed. When the regulator returned in 2021, many items on that list remained unfixed. The same occurred when the Fed returned last year.

That is when Saperstein got more involved. In 2022, he went to the Fed and presented a plan on how the bank would fix the problems once and for all. He and his team have about 18 months to go before the plan he presented is complete.

Wealth management is a critical source of revenue for Morgan Stanley—it has grown to account for close to 50% of overall revenue-that helps offset droughts in deal making and trading.

This expansion was spear-headed by Chief Executive James Gorman, who on the bank's earnings call in April expressed an interest in getting more client assets in the U.S., Asia and "some in LatAm." (Morgan Stanley recently said firm veteran Ted Pick would become its new CEO.)

Morgan Stanley remains under a separate multiagency investigation for its handling of funds tied to an alleged Venemoney-laundering zuelan scheme. The Justice Department, Securities and Exchange Commission and other federal agencies have been probing whether Morgan Stanley allowed a Venezuelan businessman to help a former oil minister in the country launder money through the bank, The Wall Street Journal reported in 2021. They are looking into why Morgan Stanley managed roughly \$100 million in investments for the Venezuelan businessman when his account displayed red flags for potential money-laundering activities.

ated loopholes for the bank

parents. Most notably, Finma

said the bank parents could

count the value of their arms

in places such as the U.S., U.K.

and Asia as capital, based on

their earnings and potential

future dividends. In 2017, it

gave the banks until 2028 to

begin to phase that treatment

the Basel rules implemented

after the crisis, which said shareholdings in overseas

The decision went against



THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

Citi will pay \$1.4 million to consumers and \$24.5 million in fines.

## **Citigroup** Fined For Bias Against **Armenian** People

### BY DAVID BENOIT AND WILL FEUER

\* \* \* \*

Citigroup was fined more than \$25 million for discriminating against Armenian Americans and blocking them from getting credit cards.

The bank's employees gave heightened scrutiny and rejected applicants with last names ending in -ian or -yan, with a special emphasis on Glendale, Calif., which is known as "Little Armenia," the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau said Wednesday.

Some employees were told not to discuss the practice in email and referred to applicants as "Armenian bad guys" or the "Southern California Armenian Mafia," the CFPB said. The discrimination took place between 2015 and 2021.

Citigroup has been under an intense regulatory order to fix its risk-managing systems and customer-data oversight, an expensive and time-consuming project that Chief Executive Jane Fraser has said is her No. 1 priority. It is supposed to give the bank and regulators a clearer view of Citi's customers and employees, and avoid these types of issues.

Citigroup said Wednesday that the employees involved in the discrimination were attempting to respond to "a well-documented Armenian fraud ring operating in certain parts of California." But the employees went beyond protocols and took "impermissible actions." The bank said it took "appropriate action" against the employees, without being more specific. "While we prioritize protecting our bank and our customers from fraud, it is unacceptable to base credit decisions on national origin," a bank statement said. "We sincerely apologize to any applicant who was evaluated unfairly by the small number of employees who circumvented our fraud detection protocols."

gimme some reasons I can use. or do I need to not worry about it?," the employee wrote.

They settled on "declined due to possible credit abuse." "Citi stereotyped Armenians

as prone to crime and fraud," CFPB Director Rohit Chopra said. "In reality, Citi illegally fabricated documents to cover up its discrimination."

Banks are required to know their customers and avoid aiding any fraud. Citi's fraud department had heightened concerns as a result of a series of financial crimes perpetrated by Armenian-Americans in Southern California. For instance, in 2011, the Federal Bureau of Investigation obtained indictments of 70 people in a racketeering conspiracy involving the Armenian Power gang.

A bank cannot discriminate based on nationality or name. It and must rely on more sophisticated fraud alerts and a web of information when deciding on applications. Those systems, which are largely unseen by consumers, are part of what Citi is rebuilding under the regulatory order.

The order, handed down in 2020, has roots in Citigroup's creation through a series of deals in the 1990s that cobbled together the first financial supermarket. The bank has struggled for years to fully integrate the dozens of systems and back-office codes that each company ran on, and regulators believed that left the bank vulnerable to errors.

In 2020, a Citigroup banker accidentally sent a \$900 million payment to a group of bondholders of Revlon, sparking a legal fight and raising questions about Citi's processes.

## Swiss Bank Crash Shows Policy Gaps

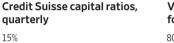
Continued from page B1 crucial role," said Andreas Ita, a managing partner at consulting firm Orbit36, which helps banks with capital management. If you need to sell parts of your business the way Credit Suisse did, he said, and "you get less than what was assumed, it causes a hole in capital.

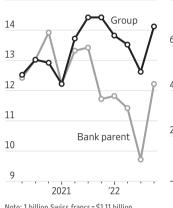
Switzerland has begun an examination of its too big to fail banking legislation and its role in what went wrong with Credit Suisse to make sure the country's remaining globally competitive bank, UBS. doesn't encounter the same fate.

"The whole TBTF regulation is under revision," a Swiss finance department spokeswoman said.

Switzerland's central bank said in June that it would have been better if the subsidiary stakes had been excluded from capital, avoiding the negative effects from a changing strategy.

An expert group reporting to Switzerland's finance department said the treatment of the stakes, and other concessions from the financial regulator, contributed to the loss in confidence. "Justified suspicions were circulating that the bank was less well capitalized than the aggregate figures indicated," it said in a September report. The Swiss experience is likely to feed into the debate about bank capital—and how much is necessary. The issue gained fresh currency in the U.S. when Silicon Valley Bank collapsed in March, a week before Credit Suisse.





Note: 1 billion Swiss francs=\$1.11 billion

run or whether bank runs would ever start if depositors and investors felt the capital was sufficient to back up banks' assets.

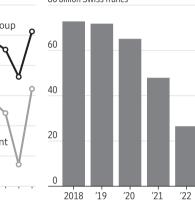
The last big bank capital changes took place after the 2008-09 financial crisis. New regulations came into force over the past decade that increased capital requirements and tightened standards on what can be included.

Named after the Swiss citv where regulators from all the economies world's major meet, the Basel rules added additional requirements for the world's 30 biggest banks, including Credit Suisse.

Banking sits at the core of Swiss identity, which revolves around discretion, precision and care with money. A nation of nine million people, it has a banking system five times the size of its economy, since its banks serve wealthy customers far from its borders.

## Value of Credit Suisse's foreign subsidiaries

80 billion Swiss francs



Banks like to hold more than required. Credit Suisse Group AG, the bank's holding company, had a capital ratio of close to 14% in recent years, meaning it held \$14 of capital for every \$100 of assets adjusted for risk, considered high by international standards.

Switzerland's capital requirements didn't just apply to the top holding company of Credit Suisse but also to its

bank parent corporate moniker, Suisse AG. That corporate en-

'The regulation played a crucial Credit role' in collapse tity held shareof Credit Suisse,

subsidiaries shouldn't count toward capital. Doing so allowed banks to game capital rules using what regulators call "double leverage," or Source: the company funding capital in a subsidiary with debt. It allows banks to appear more robust than they

out.

actually are. Switzerland felt its situation was unique. Unlike U.S. banks, its banks were much larger overseas than they were at home. Barring them from counting these stakes in overseas holdings would have left the bank parents with

company, known by its

Debates have raged about whether there is any amount of capital that would be enough to withstand a bank

The country's governing council crafts the country's banking rules, which are implemented by the central bank and the chief financial regulator, known as Finma.

Because of banking's importance to the economy and the risks of blowback, the country required its big international banks—Credit Suisse and UBS-to hold around 2 percentage points more than the Basel rules demanded. among other measures.

holdings in the bank's substantial operations overseas and its local Swiss

bank.

Its capital ratio eroded over the years to below 10% before the time of the bank's forced marriage with UBS in March, because of the declining value of those shareholdings

That low capital level unnerved investors and hamstrung the bank from restructuring. It had its roots in a decision Switzerland made years earlier.

Even as Swiss regulators forced Credit Suisse and UBS to hold more capital, they cre-

analyst says.

ations.

had conformed to normal practice, Credit

meager or even negative eq-

uity backing their other oper-

ulators

below

Suisse

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discretion in

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Switzerland

have

the

would

have been forced to raise tens of billions in new capital from investors.

Additionally, Switzerland's financial regulator granted Credit Suisse another layer of relief worth around \$15 billion, equivalent to 3 percentage points to its capital ratio. Known as a "regulatory filter" because it filtered out the effect of an accounting-rule change, Credit Suisse was allowed to value its subsidiaries as a portfolio of companies rather than individually.

-Jonathan Weil contributed to this article.

The bank will pay \$1.4 million to harmed consumers and \$24.5 million in fines.

In 2016, one employee messaged another asking for a reminder on the excuses to use when declining a card because of a -yan last name. "It's been a while since I declined for possible credit abuse/YAN-

The regulatory pressure is the top focus for Citi executives and Fraser, who has been trying to improve profitability and performance at the bank since she took the helm in early 2021. Until regulators are pleased, Citi has to spend heavily on the work and is restricted from acquisitions that could help her expand in more profitable areas.

The Armenian-American discrimination occurred in Citigroup's retail-services arm, which handles co-branded credit cards for partnerships like Costco and Home Depot.

## Iger Plans Studio Revamp

### Continued from page B1

such as Europe and Asia, excluding India, where it is able to charge higher subscription prices-in the most recent quarter, about twice what Wall Street analysts polled by Fact-Set predicted. Disney+ added 500,000 domestic subscribers.

The company highlighted the popularity on Disney+ of recent movies including "Elemental," the Marvel superhero film "Guardians of the Galaxy Vol. 3" and the recent live-action remake of "The Little Mermaid."

"One thing that we have recently really come to appreciate is the performance of our big title films," Iger said. The strength of its films on streaming means Disnev can spend less on TV series, which is a differentiator for the company, Iger said.

seeking \$7.5 billion in cost cuts, up from the \$5.5 billion it targeted at the beginning of this year. Disney reported that its

streaming business is making progress in narrowing its losses.

The business, which also includes Hulu and ESPN+, lost \$387 million in the most recent quarter, down from \$1.47

billion a year earlier. The company reiterated that it believes streaming will break even by September next year.

Disnev has begun reporting more-detailed results from its ESPN sports

network as it seeks strategic partners to invest in the flagship sports network's future.

ESPN's operating income for fiscal 2023 fell 1.7% to \$2.8 billion from 2022, while revenue rose 2% to \$16.4 billion. Disney owns 80% of ESPN through a joint venture with The entertainment giant is Hearst, and Iger has said the

company is working to transform the network into a fully direct-to-consumer platform, with live sports and other sports content streamed to consumers outside the cable bundle.

Excluding ESPN, Disney's traditional TV networks saw revenue fall 9.1% for the quarter to \$2.62 billion. Operating income from the networks was flat at \$805

million. Other bright

spots included

Disney's experi-

ences segment,

which includes

parks,

adven-

travel

\$2B Additional cost cuts at Walt Disney announced by the company

guide business and merchandise licensing.

rose 31% from a year earlier, to \$1.76 billion.

Disney has raised prices at its theme parks and announced major investments in its cruise-ship business in the hopes of capitalizing on rising demand for in-person entertainment experiences.

## WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY NEW YORK TIMES **Future Deals** Hinted, Stock Sinks Digital Growth Warner Bros. Discovery

Chief Executive David Zaslav said the company is now in a position to spend more on potential acquisitions after paying off billions of dollars of debt.

"We could be really opportunistic over the next 12 to 24 months," Zaslav said on a call with analysts to discuss the company's quarterly results. The company said its streaming business swung to a profit but lost subscribers.

Its shares closed down 19% Wednesday.

Warner Bros. Discovery said it repaid \$2.4 billion of debt in the latest quarter. bringing its gross debt to \$45.3 billion.

Zaslav said the company is deleveraging at a time when rivals are leveraging up-and consolidation is likely. "There are a lot of excess players in the market," he said.

–Isabella Simonetti

## **BUSINESS WATCH**

## Shares Rise on

The New York Times said it expanded its digital-subscriber base by 210,000 to 9.41 million in the third quarter and generated more revenue from each of them than it did a year ago.

The company also reported growing advertising revenue, after it warned earlier this year that its advertising business faced cyclical challenges.

New York Times shares rose 6% Wednesday.

The company has been pushing a bundle of apps including its core news, games and cooking offerings, as well as sports publication The Athletic.

Overall, revenue increased 9.3% to \$598.3 million. Net profit jumped 46% to \$53.6 million. Revenue per digital user grew 4.6% to \$9.28, as subscribers graduated from promotional to higher prices. —Alexandra Bruell

### **KELLANOVA**

## **Higher Prices Take** A Toll on Revenues

Higher prices dented sales volumes for Kellanova, the new snacking business formed from the breakup of Kellogg earlier this year.

The maker of Pringles and Pop-Tarts said net sales dipped in the third quarter compared with the year-ago period, reflecting an 11% increase in prices and a shifting mix of goods sold. Its sales volumes fell 7%

Many big food companies have been grappling with declining sales volumes as consumers resist higher prices.

Kellanova's stock rose 2% Wednesday. Kellanova and WK Kellogg, now home to Kellogg's former North America cereal business, began trading as independent companies in October.

Sales were \$3.9 billion, down 0.2%. Adjusted profit of \$1.03 per share outpaced analysts expectations.

-Jesse Newman



## **MARKETS**

## S&P, Nasdaq Build Upon Win Streaks

Index performance on Wednesday

## Well-received Treasury auction boosts bond prices; biotech shares fall

### BY ERIC WALLERSTEIN

Stocks ended higher, building on a long run of gains.

The S&P 500 added 0.1%, notching an eighth-straight session in the green. The Nasdaq Composite added 0.1%, its ninth consecutive rise, marking its longest winning streak in two years. The Dow Jones Industrial Average shed 0.1%, or 40 points.

Demand **WEDNESDAY'S** for Treasurys passed MARKETS another test erected by Wall Street, giving

traders little reason to pull back from the stock market. A \$40 billion auction of 10-

year Treasurys was better-received by investors than many expected just weeks ago.

The benchmark yield, which falls when bond prices rise, has lately declined from above 5% in late October to 4.522% Wednesday, down from on

4.570% a day earlier.

The bond market had jostled stocks in recent months before a rally kicked off last week, when the Treasury Department injected a sense of relief into markets with lessaggressive borrowing plans than many expected.

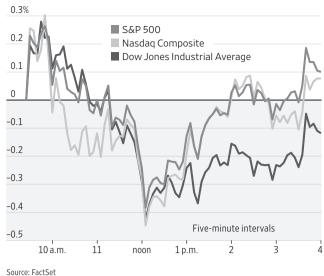
Fresh third-quarter earnings reports, meanwhile, sent some shares upward on Wednesday, while others sank.

"Bond yields are the tail that wags the dog," said Matthew Tuttle, chief executive of Tuttle Capital Management. "If the 10-year Treasury yield was still above 5%, I think you'd see an entirely different landscape with these earnings.'

Lower yields have helped some speculative stocks surge. Tuttle pointed to shares of gaming platform Roblox. which soared 12%, their best day since February. The company increased revenue and slowed its pace of spending.

Biotech shares were among Wednesday's worst performers. Biogen shares fell 5.7%, with investors awaiting progress on the rollout of its Alzheimer's drug Leqembi.

**STREETWISE** | By James Mackintosh



Gilead Sciences shed 3.4%, despite beating analyst expectations late Tuesday, as a onetime tax benefit aided its quarterly performance. Moderna slid 3.1%.

Media and entertainment stocks moved in both directions. Nintendo's U.S.-listed shares jumped 3.4% after the Japanese videogame maker said it planned to follow the

blockbuster "Super Mario Bros." movie with a film based on its "Legend of Zelda" franchise and upgraded its fullyear financial forecasts.

Meanwhile, Warner Bros. **Discovery** fell 19%, suffering its worst one-day performance in over a year.

The company said its streaming business lost subscribers and an advertising

First Fed rate rise

downturn weighed on its cable networks.

Shares of both recently-split Kellogg's businesses rose after reporting better-than-expected earnings. WK Kellogg, which assumed the North American cereals businesses, advanced 2.3%. Kellanova, which owns the snack and international cereal lines, gained 2.1%.

Robinhood, one of the faces of the meme-stock boom, slumped 14% after reporting weaker-than-expected revenue. The brokerage firm shed over half of its crypto-trading revenue and active users fell significantly, leading shares to their largest one-day percentage drop in a year.

Tech giant **Microsoft** added 0.7%, to a record \$363.20.

Some investors are wary of the recent rally. Jeff Klingelhofer, co-head of investments at Thornburg Investment Management, said he sees better bets in European stocks that pay solid dividends. The U.S. stock market as a whole, he said, remains expensive while risks including rising unemployment, increasing defaults and elevated interest rates, remain.

fixed investment

First Fed rate rise

20

Crude oil prices continued a three-week-long slide after new data signaled a waning global appetite for petroleum. West Texas Intermediate crude oil futures fell 2.6% to \$75.33 a barrel on Wednesday.

Overseas, the Stoxx Europe 600 rose 0.3%. At midday Thursday, Japan's Nikkei 225 was up 0.9%, while mainland China's CSI 300 was up 0.1%. S&P 500 futures fell 0.1%.

### **AUCTION RESULTS**

Here are the results of Wednesday's Treasury auctions. All bids are awarded at a single price at th market-clearing yield. Rates are determined by the difference between that price and the face value.

17-WEEK BILLS	
Applications Accepted bids " noncompetitively	\$171,713,127,100 \$56,393,887,400 \$886,460,500
" foreign noncompetitively Auction price (rate)	\$533,000,000 98.253014
Coupon equivalent Bids at clearing yield accepted Cusip number	(5.285%) 5.469% 95.61% 912797JH1
The bills, dated Nov. 14, 2023, mature 2024.	e on March 12,
10-VEAD NOTES	

10-YEAR NOTES	
Applications	\$98,870,017,600
Accepted bids	\$40,761,196,600
" noncompetitively	\$268,783,300
" foreign noncompetitively	\$0
Auction price (rate)	99.848482
	(4.519%)
Interest rate	4.500%
Bids at clearing yield accepted	35.97%
Cusip number	91282CJJ1
The notes, dated Nov. 15, 2023, matu 2033.	ure on Nov. 15,

Fed Doesn't Merit Credit for Inflation Fall **Real personal consumption Private residential** 

oes the Federal Reserve deserve credit for the decline in inflation? The economic evidence is clear: No. not a lot.

On the face of it, inflation plummeted after the Fed, flatfooted at first, finally caught up by imposing a rapid series of rate increases. Dig into what actually happened, and there is no obvious link between the Fed action and the slowdown in inflation.

Instead, inflation fell mostly because of things the Fed has no control over, as normality returned after the pandemic. The best we can say about the Fed is that it stopped things from getting even worse.

Consider how the Fed's tools work. The central bank controls interest rates, which affect demand: Higher rates should encourage saving and deter borrowing, reducing consumption and raising the bar for investment.

In turn, that should slow demand, slow the jobs market and the economy and rethey are becoming more willing to lend again.

Consumption: 0/5 Household consumption has risen strongly since the Fed began raising rates in March last vear.

Investment: 0/5 Privatesector nonresidential investment grew in real terms every quarter during the Fed hikes until the most recent onewith factory investment scoring record growth, thanks to government subsidies.

Housing: 4/5 The house market has ground to a halt as mortgage rates soared, leading to the lowest number of mortgages issued to buy a home since 1995. Construction is down sharply as a building boom was interrupted—apartments excepted—but prices have held up.

Jobs: 1/5 Jobs are a bit less plentiful than they were, but at 1.5 job openings for every person unemployed, the labor market remains tighter than at any time before 2021. Unemployment remains below the 4% the Fed regards as full employment, and the slightly easier recruitment conditions are mainly because the workforce expanded. The economy: 0/5 Gross domestic product just grew at the fastest pace since the Fed started to tighten and has been growing faster than the central bank's estimate of the sustainable rate since the summer of last year. Rate rises haven't cut into economic growth, so far. Higher rates have hit some of the weakest borrowers, with delinquencies on credit cards and consumer loans rising

### Rates up, inflation down

Top of federal-funds target range Core consumer-price index, change from a year earlier



expenditures<sup>+</sup>





through into inflation gauges—has been helped by a multidecade high in apartment construction.

he simple story, then, is that inflation came down by itself, so no credit to the Fed. But there is a more complex story, too. If the Fed had done nothing, inflation would surely have been higher. "Counterfactuals are very difficult," said Sushil Wadhwani, a former rate-setter at the Bank of England.

But it seems clear that if the Fed hadn't raised rates, the dollar would be weaker (meaning higher import prices and a stronger manufacturing sector), housing would be doing better and consumption would be even higher.

There is another way the Fed helped. But this is all about the success it had keeping inflation low in previous decades, not about its recent rate rises.

"Credit must go to the credibility of the Fed," which kept inflation expectations anchored at close to 2%, said

Olivier Blanchard, a former

International Monetary Fund

chief economist who is now

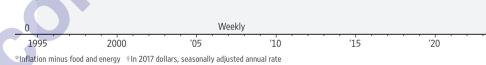
at the Peterson Institute for

International Economics.

duce price pressures. Here's the scorecard:

Saving: 0/5 The personal saving rate of 3.4% in September was the same as March last year, when the Fed began to raise rates. Higher rates haven't persuaded people to deposit their money at the bank instead of the mall.

Borrowing: 2/5 Total credit in the economy-excluding the financial sector to avoid double counting-is up but is rising at a slower rate. Unfortunately for the Fed, the latest survey of bank senior loan officers suggests



sources: Refinitiv (rates, inflation); Commerce Department via St. Louis Fed (expenditures, fixed investment); Mortgage Bankers Association via Refinitiv (index)

and more low-rated companies that borrowed at floating rates in trouble.

But in general, borrowers are coping fine with higher rates, in part because so many people aren't paying them. Most mortgages are locked in for 30 years at low rates, and big companies locked in their bond borrowing for longer

than ever before during the low-rate period.

conomists say improved supply—of goods and workers—has been the primary contributor to lower inflation. The Fed has zero effect on supply chains, willingness to work or immigration

"I would attribute most of

### Olive-oil prices in key growing countries\*

€10 a kilogram Italv Spain Greece

year on inflation to supply side improvements," said Daleep Singh, chief global economist at PGIM Fixed Income and previously deputy director of the National Economic Council for President Biden. Even in housing, he points out that the fall in rentswhich is slowly feeding

"With less anchoring, we the progress we've seen this

would be facing higher and harder-to-defeat inflation.' The big danger for the economy is that, just because rates haven't caused inflation to drop, it doesn't mean they won't still have a big effect. It might just come with a bigger lag than usual. The hit to demand might be still to come-after much of the in-

flation fight is already over.

## **Spanish Drought Spurs Jump in Olive-Oil Prices**

### BY YUSUF KHAN

Just off Central Park, chefs at one of New York's hottest Italian restaurants are pondering how to handle surging prices for a vital ingredient: olive oil.

Marea and other restaurants are feeling the pinch as a drought in Spain, by far the world's biggest producer, up pushes

**COMMODITIES** global prices.

With Americans pouring increasing quantities of olive oil onto their salads and into their frying pans, households are likely to notice rising costs over time, too.

Olive oil joins other staple foodstuffs—such as cocoa, sugar and robusta coffee beans—that have rocketed in price after extreme weather has damaged harvests.

Marea uses olive oil in almost every dish, getting through about 30 gallons a

week, said chef Lauren DeSteno. Its signature gnocchetti pairs pasta with shrimp and tomato sauce, and is generously finished with olive oil.

'Our everyday olive oil just went up by about 35% from what we were paying," said DeSteno, the corporate executive chef for Altamarea Group. Marea's parent company. "That is a huge increase."

Marea would consider raising prices for certain menu items before thinking about changing recipes, she said.

The problem stems from the other side of the Atlantic, where Spain has suffered its second consecutive year of drought. Spain grows about half the world's olives and generates a similar proportion of global olive oil.

In a typical year, Spain produces about 1.4 million metric tons of olive oil, or enough to fill about 3 billion half-liter bottles. But water shortages

roughly halved last year's crop and as this year's harvest gets under way, farmers expect similar trouble.

"If vou do not have water it's impossible to harvest anything," said Núria Alzamora, who runs a family-owned grove, Agroalbium SL, in the northeastern region of Catalonia. "If we have another summer like this year, like last year, we cannot afford this."

After high summer temperstunted growth. atures Alzamora said she expects to collect roughly half her normal harvest. Overall, Catalonia's crop is likely to be 60% to 90% lower than usual, the Unió de Pagesos farming union says, with some locations likely to experience almost total losses.

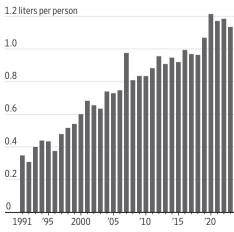
Prices have hit record highs recently in Spain, according to Mintec, a data provider. They rose to €8.50, or about \$9.10, a kilogram in September, the



## Annual U.S. olive-oil consumption

Sources: Mintec (prices); WSJ calculations based on consumption data from the International

Olive Council, and population figures from the World Bank and U.S. Census Bureau (consumption)



Weekly data, through Nov. 3\* Note: €1=\$1.07

highest in data stretching back to October 2013. And while Greece and Italv haven't suffered the same bad weather, prices for Greek and Italian oils are also soaring, as the shortage feeds demand for other varieties.

Americans are likely to consume about 381,000 tons of olive oil this year, data from the International Olive Council shows. That works out at just over a liter a person. In 1991, consumption stood at 88,000 tons, or about the annual equivalent of a soda can's worth for each American.

Some chefs have switched to alternatives, like blending grapeseed oil with olive oil for frying and sautéing.

"Grapeseed oil works because it's neutral, has a high smoke point and for now it's a less-expensive product," said Michael DeLone, owner and chef at New Jersey-based Italian restaurant Nunzio.

Growers are also scrambling to adapt.

Cultivating olives at higher altitudes is one option, while improving irrigation and watering systems is another, said Ramon Sentmarti, managing director of Prodeca, an agency that promotes Catalan produce.

Rosa María Pérez owns a small grove just north of Barcelona, Catalonia's state capital, which produces a particular olive variety known as Vera del Vallès. She could graft her trees with other, more drought-resistant varieties but worries that will change the oil's taste. "If this happens, the tree changes genetically and it will not be the Vera del Vallès," she said.

## HEARD ON STREET

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS & COMMENTARY

## Warner Gets Real About Ad Meltdown

Bolstered by its 'Barbie' box-office hit, media giant says advertising recovery is still needed to achieve leverage targets next year

Even "Barbie" can only glam up her maker so much these days.

Warner Bros. Discovery got a boost from the year's biggest boxoffice hit during the third quarter. Its studio revenue grew 4% year over year, its first such gain in more than a year. But that was offset by continued weakness in advertising, which fell 12% year over year to just under \$1.8 billion-a record low for the combined company's reported results that go back to the beginning of 2021. Warner also lost about 1.4 million domestic subscribers to its streaming services that included the recently rebranded Max; analysts had been expecting a drop of only about 200,000 subscribers.

During the company's conference call Wednesday morning, Warner executives blamed the subscriber drop mostly on an "extraordinarily light content slate" for the period. But concern about the state of the ad market weighed even more heavily. Chief Financial Officer Gunnar Wiedenfels said on the call that the company is unlikely to hit its target leverage range—a measure of debt to assets—by the end of next year "without a meaningful recovery of the TV ad market."

That comment helped take Warner's share price down more than 19% in Wednesday trading, compared with a decline of less than



The videogame business has had a couple of hits, including 'Hogwarts Legacy' from the Harry Potter universe.

2% in premarket trading ahead of the call. Leverage is a key metric for a company that started its life with more than \$53 billion in gross debt last year after it took over the storied Warner media business from AT&T. The new company's sharp focus on cost reductions and free each

on cost reductions and free cash flow have since whittled that down to about \$45.3 billion. Warner reported more than \$2 billion in free cash flow for the third quarter—11% higher than Wall Street's estimates—though that number was

helped by the company not having to shell out money for productions that have been shut by Hollywood's labor strikes.

But Warner is now feeling the need to invest in growth areas. The company singled out its videogame business in the call. It has enjoyed a couple hits of late, including "Hogwarts Legacy" from the Harry Potter universe. Chief Executive David Zaslav said on Wednesday's call that the company could even get "opportunistic" in M&A deals over the next year or two. "There is a lot of excess players in the market," he said.

That could pull the rug out from under the debt-reduction thesis that has been a key underpinning of the financial models for many on Wall Street who favor Warner Discovery. Two-thirds of analysts covering the company rate the stock as a buy, compared with only 26% for rival Paramount. In a note to clients after the Warner call Wednesday morning, Guggenheim Securities analyst Michael Morris said, "We believe that what has been considered the core of the equity investment thesis-consistent leverage reduction despite secular headwinds-comes into question."

Barbie can only cover so many bills.

—Dan Gallagher

## Robinhood No Longer Looks Like a Steal

**Robinhood Markets** may be building the brokerage of the future—and maybe it always will be.

Shares of the online brokerage fell 14% Wednesday after its thirdquarter earnings report late Tuesday. One big factor: The revenue momentum from higher interest rates is petering out.

As the company has sought to transition from the hypergrowth machine it was during the "YOLO" trading boom of the pandemic, one of its biggest assets has been its cash pile, on which it started to earn a lot more interest last year. That helped its share price get back from below \$7 at one point in 2022 to more than \$13 earlier this year.

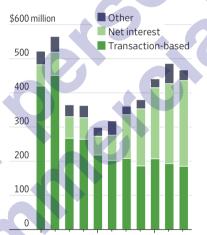
But with the Federal Reserve hitting the pause button, that uplight has started to fade. Overall net revenue fell quarter-over-quarter for the first time since the end of 2021, as the jump in net interest revenue shrank. The company told analysts on Tuesday that it expected fourth-quarter net interest revenue to be roughly \$20 million lower than the third-quarter level. Part of that is just the natural progression of things during a rate-hike cycle. Now that the Fed has paused, it is harder to keep topping the same result unless you are getting in boatloads more cash. It is even partly a good sign, because a big jump in net buying

by customers in equities, crypto and options helped bring down cash balances.

But the end result was a quarter that missed analyst revenue projections, according to Visible Alpha. Transaction-based revenue from users' trading, at \$185 million in the quarter, was its lowest since the company went public.

Robinhood continues to draw significant net deposits, yet the pace is slowing. The quarterly net deposit jump was \$4.8 billion in the fourth quarter of last year and has dropped each quarter since, falling to \$4 billion in the third quarter of this year.

That isn't because Robinhood has pulled in its enticing offers. It is now paying a 4.9% annual percentage yield on uninvested cash to its Gold subscription tier users. Robinhood has even added another benefit for the tier, matching 3% of an eligible contribution to its relatively new retirement accounts and a 1% match for everyone else. This strategy is yielding certain results. Within its user base, Robinhood is seeing more people move up to paying \$5 a month to get access to its Gold suite. Gold added about 100,000 new subscribers in the third quarter, roughly double the growth pace of recent quarters, the company said. Robinhood Markets net revenues by segment, quarterly



activity on them. But with trading activity still relatively slow, monetization will be harder to come by. Average revenue per user dropped to \$80 in the third quarter, from \$84 in the second. It was more than \$100 back in 2021.

Robinhood is trying to build in the direction of a giant like **Charles Schwab**. Retirement is a way to get a much, much bigger part of users' wallets. But the just over \$1 billion it has gathered in those accounts as of the third quarter is out of what it describes

as a \$12 trillion opportunity pool. On the optimistic side, this gives Robinhood nothing but room ahead of it, especially now that it has shown the ability to turn an actual profit with its current business. Via acquisition it has gotten into the credit-card game, which is a way to add additional net interest revenue. And it is building out its securitieslending platform, which added \$44 million in revenue in the quarter, including the interest earned on related cash collateral. Even that is subject to market pressures, though, as rates commanded for stock loans have dropped. But in the absence of tailwinds like fast-rising interest rates or a buoyant retail-trading market, Robinhood will have to pick a lot more from its users' pockets. -Telis Demos

## A 'Zelda' Movie Could Mint Money for Nintendo

**Nintendo**'s Super Mario brothers smashed, jumped and climbed their way into box-office fame. Now the Italian-American plumbers' colleague Link is looking to make his mark. For investors, that is great news: It shows Nintendo is taking its cue from the likes of Sony, which has managed a string of successful game-screen cross-

Source: the company

Robinhood told analysts on Tuesday it wants the majority of its users to be Gold payers.

So far, though, Robinhood hasn't changed its overall place in the brokerage firmament. Its accounts still tend to be small. With 23.3 million net cumulative funded accounts, and with about \$87 billion in assets under custody, that is an average of under \$4,000 per account.

Smaller accounts can be profitable if people are doing a ton of overs like "The Last of Us."

Shares of the Japanese game giant jumped 6% on Wednesday the most in nearly three years—after the company said it is making a live-action film based on its iconic videogame franchise "The Legend of Zelda."

The production lineup is starstudded. Producers include Nintendo's Shigeru Miyamoto, the legendary game designer behind titles like "Super Mario" and "The Legend of Zelda," and Avi Arad, the film producer who previously headed Marvel Studios and made the Oscar-winning animation "Spider-Man: Into the Spider-Verse." Wes Ball, who directed the "Maze Runner" trilogy, will direct. And the movie unit of game giant Sony will invest and distribute the film.

Most important, the game franchise has a large and growing stable of fans. Nintendo sold nearly 20 million copies of "The Legend of Zelda: Tears of the Kingdom" after its May launch through September, making it the fastest-selling title in the series so far. Driven by strong game sales, Nintendo raised its profit forecast for the year ending next March by 24% on Tuesday.

Nintendo is also still basking in the success of "The Super Mario Bros. Movie," which recorded a global box office of \$1.4 billion.

Nintendo's new strategy isn't just about bringing the iconic plumbers—and now, Link, the intrepid hero of the Zelda games—to the big screen. Sales of some "Super Mario" games, even certain older titles, got a bump from the movie, too. The strong game sales show the staying power of Nintendo's game franchises—particularly important with its Switch console in its twilight years. A new console will likely come next year.

"The Legend of Zelda" movie probably won't come for some time. But the fact that Nintendo seems more willing to make use of its strong intellectual-property lineup outside its core gaming business is a very good sign for investors—to say nothing of fans. —Jacky Wong

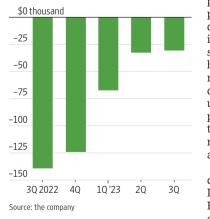
## Why Rivian Can't Be the Next Tesla

**Rivian** is on a better road than **Lucid**, but none of America's electric-vehicle startups looks much like being the next **Tesla**.

Rivian is finding its cruising speed-slower but more controllable than the breakneck expansion envisaged in its initial public offering two years ago. The company, which is focused on electrifying pickup trucks, three-row sport-utility vehicles and delivery vans, raised its production forecast for 2023 to 54,000 on Tuesday, when it reported third-quarter results after the market close. This was the second consecutive quarter that it has raised this closely watched number after drastically cutting expectations just months after its IPO. The stock, up about 7% in premarket trading on Wednesday, subsequently fell, closing down 2.4%.

Boosting production matters because it allows Rivian to fill the expensive capacity it has built at its plant in Illinois and negotiate better deals with suppliers, reducing the loss it takes on every vehicle it delivers. This loss was still steep at \$30,648 in the third quarter—only 6% better than in the second quarter. The company expects to break even at the gross level, which excludes company

## Rivian's gross losses per vehicle delivered, quarterly



overheads, by the end of next year.

Of course, manufacturers can only raise production profitably if they can sell the vehicles to consumers at the prices they budgeted. This is the conundrum facing a lot of early stage EV manufacturers, including **General Motors** and **Ford** in Detroit, as demand for the technology slackens somewhat and Tesla cuts its prices. Others need to match the pioneer's scale, but expanding into a price war just expands losses.

But Rivian doesn't seem to be affected by the wider industry demand worries—at least not yet. Ironically, its struggles to increase production last year are probably protecting it by drawing out its order backlog. Consumers who locked in early orders have an incentive to stick with them because inflation has since pushed up prices. The real test of demand for Rivians will come when it exhausts these early, underpriced sales. Since its losses per vehicle are partly a result of that underpricing, the crunch point might be in roughly a year's time, as it breaks even.

A look at other U.S. EV startups casts Rivian in a flattering light. Lucid Motor, the only other U.S. EV startup with a market value exceeding \$10 billion, also reported third-quarter results Tuesday afternoon. It cut its production outlook "to prudently align with deliveries"—an admission of flagging demand for its top-end sedans—and made an eye-watering gross loss per vehicle of \$227,802. Its shares fell 8.1% on Wednesday.

Investors piled into EV startups in 2021 in the hope of getting an early ride on the next Tesla. Comparisons with that company, though, only serve to highlight how long and hard the road to a more sustainable business model could be, even for the best of the flock.

Rivian's R1T pickup truck and R1S SUV can be likened to Tesla's premium Model S and X vehicles, which it was producing in similar quantities in 2014. Tesla lost money back then but, unlike today's EV startups, it made a gross profit on each vehicle it sold. Rivian is held back partly by the segment it chose to focus on: Heavy, boxy pickup trucks are harder to electrify profitably than aerodynamic sedans, as even Tesla seems to be finding with its Cybertruck.

Rivian's higher-volume Model 3 and Y equivalents will come with its next-generation R2 vehicles. The company expects to start building its R2 factory in Georgia next year ahead of production starting in 2026. This will give the brand broader appeal, but it will also take it into the crowded compact SUV segment and direct competition with Tesla, which for years had the U.S. market more or less to itself.

As this year's EV price war has demonstrated, there can be no such thing as the next Tesla precisely because the pioneer is already there. But if there could be, it would be a leaner company than any of today's cash-bleeding U.S. startups.

–Stephen Wilmot



## I've Worked With Generative AI for Nearly A Year. Here's What I've Learned.

Spending this year with my robot colleagues has changed the way I work. But it took some trial and error getting there.

BY ALEXANDRA SAMUEL

**T'S NOVEMBER**, and I'm ready to declare 2023 the biggest leap forward in my 30-year career. That's because working with generative AI has profoundly changed the way I work, what I work on and, increasingly, how I think. Here is what I have learned in my 11 months of experimentation and exploration of tools like ChatGPT, Scite and Claude—and the lessons that may help other people make the most of these new technologies, too.

1. Ask for a quick prototype

Before dressmakers sew a silk dress, they make a "muslin": a version of the dress *Please turn to page R2* 

## Should Students Use ChatGPT for School? More Teachers Say Yes

Many teachers have decided it's best to figure out where AI can fit in, rather than ignore it

## **BY JAMES R. HAGERTY**

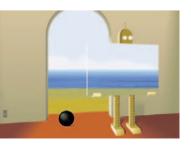
**EVIN LISLE,** who has been teaching high-school chemistry at Marist School in Atlanta for 23 years, now has an assistant on call 24/7 to help his students. His new assistant sometimes spouts misinformation, but is good at explaining concepts and suggesting possibilities that students may have overlooked.

Lisle's assistant is better known as ChatGPT—the most prominent of a new breed of artificial-intelligence chatbots. Nearly a year after the launch of ChatGPT, teachers

and professors across the U.S. are realizing they can't ban or ignore a tool that many of their students are eagerly using. For many, ChatGPT is changing how they teach and evaluate their students. Yes, they're worried about students using ChatGPT to cheat or cut corners. But that is tempered by hopes that it can help them learn faster. And many teachers say that students should be encouraged to use bots because em-Please turn to page R4

## Inside

AI BOOSTS RECYCLING Fast, Al-driven sorters are on the rise. **R4** 



### READERS ARE DIVIDED

If a painting, song, novel or movie that you love was generated by an AI, would you want to know? Would it change your reaction if you knew the creator was a machine? WSJ readers respond. **R6** 



Does Al pose an existential risk to humanity? Or is that kind of concern overblown? Two sides

square off. R7

THE END?



Scan this code to learn what we know and what we don't yet know—about how AI "thinks."



## JOURNAL REPORT | ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

## What I've Learned About Using Al

*Continued from page R1* made from inexpensive fabric, so they can troubleshoot before using the good stuff. That's how I write with AI: Before I invest in drafting an article or report that may or may not work, I get ChatGPT to do a quick version. It helps me see whether the idea or structure I have in mind is going to work, and then I can adjust and do my own (better) version.

This ability to do a rapid prototype can help you figure out which projects or approaches are worth pursuing. You can use AI to create a quick chart, or draft an argument or mock up a presentation. People have long said, "You'll never know unless you try," but until now, trying something took time and effort. Now you can get a quick, instant preview before deciding to commit.

When I get decent results from an AI prototype, I treat it as validation of my idea, not a final product. I still need to invest time in reading through the articles myself, writing a real draft or designing a slide deck the way I want. But I have a lot more time to invest in doing a good job, now that I'm not wasting time on ideas that are never going to work out.

## 2. Rethink your limits

AI can redefine your professional and personal limitations—if you're willing to try something you think you can't do. A year ago, I would have told you I have all sorts of limitations. I can't write software. I can't create my own data-analysis tools from scratch. I have terrible spatial perception.

Then I started asking AI for help in all of these areas. I needed a software tool that could clean up some financial files, so I asked ChatGPT to write the software for me. I needed to analyze a data set larger than what Excel could comfortably handle, so I got the AI to help me write an analysis program like the ones that hardcore data scientists use. I had to reorganize my workspace, so I described it to ChatGPT in words and it came up with the kind of space-utilization plan I could never have imagined on my own.

After nearly a year of these experiments, I'm trying to banish "I can't" from my lexicon. Instead, I say, "I haven't...yet."

### 3. Resist distraction

Because AI makes it so easy to try new things and acquire new skills, it's easy to take on too many projects, or fall down rabbit holes.

So I apply a rule I developed as a knitter: You have to finish one project before you start a new one. I bend that rule a little, maybe limiting myself to having two or three projects going at one time. But that's it. Otherwise, I'd be starting everything and finishing nothing.

### 4. Get help, not homework

When I first started using generative AI, I imagined the magic robot would somehow be able to do my homework for me: Write the thank-you note, draft the project plan, or create the computer program.

But you get the best results from AI when you treat it as a

tutor, rather than expecting it to do your homework for you. When I asked an AI to edit the draft of an article, it took out all the quirky bits, some of which I loved. Now I ask for a list of suggested changes, which I can accept or ignore. When I asked the AI to write a computer program to convert an invoice to a spreadsheet, I couldn't get the program to run. When I told it that it was a programming teacher, it explained how the draft program was supposed to work, so that I was able to spot the errors, fix the program and get it to work properly.

### 5. Think in sequences

The rise of AI has given birth to a new term: "prompt engineering." People talk about prompts—the cues you give an AI—as if getting great results is a matter of asking the right question.

But the most powerful results emerge from a series of interac-

specific feedback based on that first set: "Options 1, 3 and 6 are too dull; 4 and 5 are good but too much jargon; 7 and 9 are the best because they're short and have some personality; 8 is good but is an inappropriate double entendre. Give me 10 more like 7 and 9, steer clear of jargon." By offering very specific feedback on an extended set of options, I can get to a great result much more quickly.

### 6. Pretend it's sentient

It's crucial to understand that AIs that generate text may *look* like they're thinking, but they're just word-predicting machines.

Now that you absolutely understand that these AIs aren't sentient, living beings, here's the best thing you can do: Forget it.

I have had much better and more-productive experiences with AI since entering into the spirit of "let's pretend," and deciding to treat them (for the most part) like they really are giving them feedback with the same exuberance I use with colleagues. I know the AI doesn't really care (I'm not that far gone!), but I can tell you that I have a lot more fun working with it, and I get better results because pretending that I'm riffing with a human keeps me in a state of creative flow, and makes my long days of solo writing feel a lot less lonely.

And I'm sure my actual human colleagues appreciate the fact that I'm back to using "please" and "thank you" in my text messages to them, too.

## 7. Fact-check everything

Even though we're constantly told that AIs are prone to "hallucination"—tech speak for "that robot brain is making stuff up" it is incredibly easy to fall for the falsehoods.

I learned this one the hard way. I used AI to help me write an article about a movie I had seen many times; instead of

## Because AI makes it so easy to try new things and acquire new skills, it's easy to take on too many projects, or fall down rabbit holes.

tions, not a single Q&A. So it's helpful to think in sequences, working from the assumption that you'll need some back-andforth before you get a useful answer or output.

For example, if I ask an AI to draft a subject line for my newsletter based on the draft text, it will give me one option, and it can take many rounds of feedback to get what I want. Instead, if I ask an AI to give me 10 draft subject lines, I can give it very people. When I first interacted with AIs, and treated them like spreadsheets or computer programs, I barked out orders and didn't have a whole lot of fun. I'd get to the end of the day feeling kind of wrung out, restless and lonely from spending my whole day at the computer.

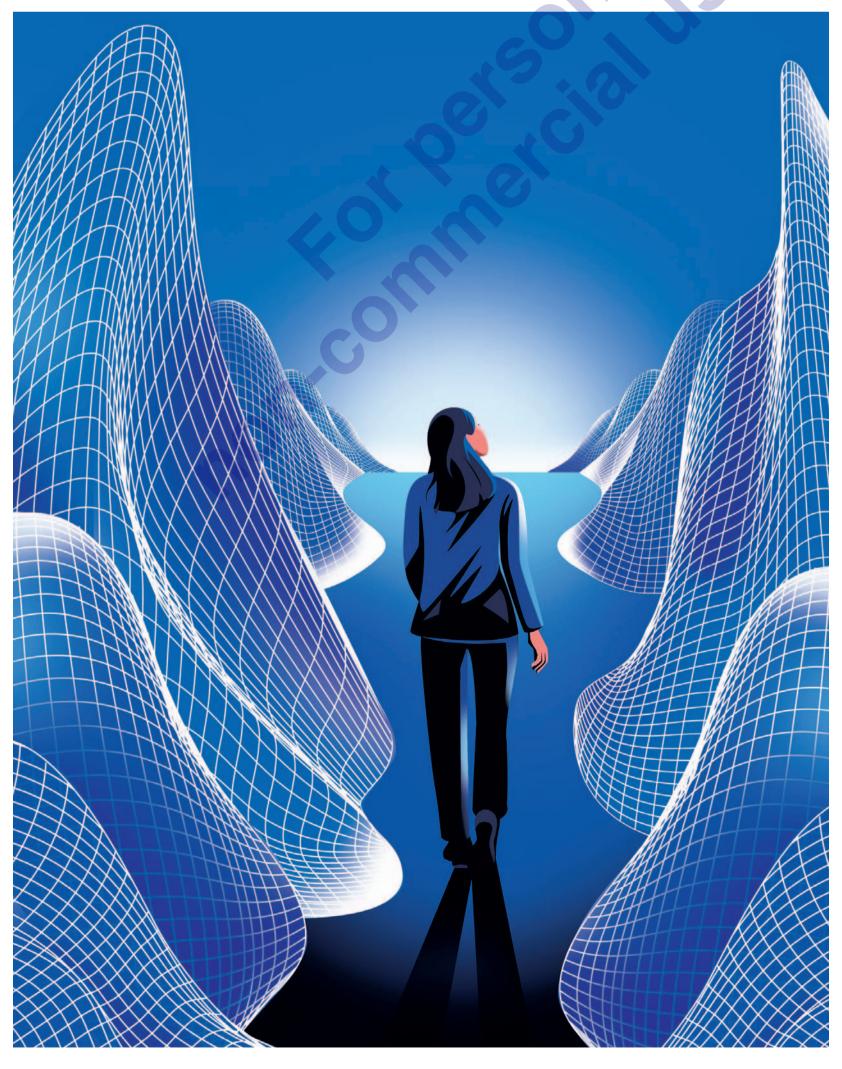
Then I decided to give myself over to the illusion. I started treating the AIs like actual people, joking around, saying "please" and "thank you," and spending two hours rewatching it, I got ChatGPT to make a list of the scenes that were relevant to my story.

I was so blown away by the speedy results that I sent them to my husband as an example of how I was cleverly saving time with AI. He pointed out that a whole bunch of the scenes were made up—in fact, obviously made up.

Now I check everything. If it's something factual, I do a Google

search and eyeball the source material with my own eyes; or I use an AI tool that provides source citations, and follow the links through to the sources.

If it's something more conceptual—like the right way to interpret a statistical table—I'll feed the same question to two different AIs, and then give each one the answer provided by the other. By asking the AIs to explain where their answers have diverged, I either prompt a self-correction (it isn't unusual for the AI to admit it got an answer wrong, once it's challenged) or a clarification that lets me make my own determination of the right approach to answering the question.



### 8. Enjoy your superpowers

One thing I've learned from four decades as an early adopter is how quickly I go from enchanted to blasé. I still remember the first time I used a mouse, the first time I used an online database to do a text search. and the first time I stunned someone by looking up a fact on a smartphone. Now these are all routine parts of my working life, and I rarely stop to appreciate all the things I can do that would have made my grandmother's jaw drop.

But for another minute or so, I can make my own jaw drop-every time I use AI to find the perfect analogy in seconds, or to summarize reams of data in minutes, or to fix a business problem by writing my own computer program in a matter of hours. As much as I roll my eyes at the AI hype, there's only one way to describe how using AI makes me feel: like I've grown superpowers.

So enjoy that feeling, as long as you can make it last.

Alexandra Samuel is a technology researcher and co-author of "Remote, Inc.: How to Thrive at Work... Wherever You Are." She can be reached at reports@wsj.com. watsonx<sup>™</sup> uses your trusted data

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## Can Al Rescue Recycling?

Recyclers struggle with a shortage of workers and rising costs. Robots and optical sorters may be able to help make the business more economically viable.

## **BY DIETER HOLGER**



recycling uneco-They are hoping artificial intelligence can help turn things

around and boost recycling Recycling of municipal solid waste declined from nearly 35% in 2015 to around 32% in 2018, according to the latest figures

from the Environmental Protection Agency How can AI help? By doing the sorting work in recycling facilities that a dwindling number of people want to do—and doing it better. AI-driven robots pick up recyclable trash at around 80 pieces a minute; people can sort around 50 to 80 pieces a minute. Optical sorters, a more established technology that's growing more efficient thanks to improved AI, are much faster, sort

ing up to 1,000 pieces a minute. Both options are being deploved by the country's biggest recyclers, and many smaller ones, in a bid to increase the amount of material they can viably retrieve from the waste stream.

## Filling the labor gap

It all starts with the labor issue. Sorting sites are often only 80% staffed and sometimes as little as 20%, says Cody Marshall, chief system optimization officer at the Recycling Partnership, a nonprofit supported by beverage, food and other companies that works with recyclers to improve their operations. Staffing shortages mean they can't operate at full capacity. "AI can fill these gaps," he says.

It is helping to do that at the Boulder County Recycling Center, one of Colorado's biggest recyclers. The facility brought robots into its sorting plant three years ago. It has two robots with arms and suction cups sorting

plastic bottles, milk cartons and other recyclable trash on a conveyor belt. The robots are doing grueling jobs that few people want, says Suzanne Jones, executive director of Eco-Cycle, the nonprofit operator of the facility. What's more, "they don't need breaks. They don't go on vacation. They can work double shifts," Jones says.

And in the long run, sorting machines are cheaper than human labor, says J.D. Lindeberg, president of consulting firm Resource Recycling Systems. Recyclers typically recoup their investment in robotic systems in two years, he says. There are continuing costs for maintenance and upgrades, but robots still sort more for less.

Suzanne Jones, top right, is the executive director of Eco-Cycle, operator of the Boulder County Recycling Center, right and below, where robots were brought in to do sorting work alongside people three vears ago.



Some recyclers are avoiding the upfront costs. Matanya Horowitz, chief executive of AMP Robotics, the biggest maker of recycling robots in the U.S., says many of the company's robots are leased to customers, with fees that are 20% to 50% less than the hourly wages the recyclers are paying people.

## Two forms of machines

As noted, AI-supported sorting machinery usually comes in two basic forms: robotic arms, whose popularity has surged in recent years, and optical sorting machines. Around 32% of the sorting centers in the U.S. are now using robotics, up from less than 5% in 2019, according to Resource Recycling Systems, Robots' AI optical systems can

scrutinize shapes, sizes and even brands through deep learning, a form of pattern recognition, to detect what is recyclable, such as plastic, paper, glass and metal.

Optical sorting machines are in most of the large facilities that together handle more than half of recyclables in the U.S., according to Resource Recycling Systems. They use sensors and lights to rapidly find what is recyclable on a conveyor belt of mixed materials. When recyclable materials are identified, the machines fire a burst of compressed air at them to sort them into bins.

Robots can be added to existing facilities, working on the same conveyor belts as humans, but optical sorters, which take in trash on their own con-





## **Teachers Turn to ChatGPT**

Continued from page R1 ployers will expect them to have learned that skill.

"We don't perceive it as a threat to be blocked but as a tool to be leveraged," says Kevin Mullally, principal of Marist, a Roman Catholic institution serving grades seven through 12.

## 'Are we allowed to

do this?' When Lisle first encountered ChatGPT, which is produced by OpenAl, in late 2022, "I was just astounded by what it was able to do," he says. For the first six months or so, he experimented with the bot but didn't incorporate it into his chemistry classes. He noticed that upgraded versions

were far better than the original. When classes resumed for the current semester, he encouraged students to open up a ChatGPT account if they hadn't already. "One student said, 'Wait a second! Are we allowed to do this?' " Lisle recalls. "That student felt like it might be cheating. I said absolutely not, as long as you have my permission to use it for whatever we're doing. I'm explicit about when they should use it and when they shouldn't."

Students can use ChatGPT to help with homework but aren't allowed to consult it during tests. Because of the risk students might rely too heavily on ChatGPT outside the classroom,

Lisle is putting less emphasis on homework in determining students' grades, and more weight on tests and in-school activities. Early in the semester, his students designed experiments, without ChatGPT, to investigate why eating spicy food makes people sweat. Several students proposed to measure at intervals the body temperatures of people eating salsa to find out if they were heating up.

Lisle asked the students to feed their experiment plans into ChatGPT and seek feedback. Among other things, the bot suggested measuring temperatures of a control group of people who weren't eating salsa to see whether other factors might be involved in changing body temperatures. It also suggested a way to prevent differences in water intake from distorting the data. ChatGPT "had great sugges-

tions for the kids," Lisle says—and the students were able to recognize that not all of them were helpful. When Lisle's students have questions, he says, they tend to ask him but also check what ChatGPT has to say.

## Unreliable source

Some educators are far more cautious about the technology. Jesse J. Holland, associate director of the School of Media and Public Affairs at George Washington University, tells students in his advanced news-reporting courses not to use artificial intelligence for writing assignments. "You don't know where it's getting its information, and you don't know how reliable that information is," he says.

David Joyner, who oversees an online master's degree program in computer science at the Georgia Institute of Technology, compares

using AI to seeking help from classmates. He says it is fine to ask a fellow student to explain a concept or describe how a problem can be solved, but asking someone else to do your homework would be cheating. The same applies to working with

bots, Joyner says. That said, many educators say it would be hard to prove that students used ChatGPT for schoolwork outside the classroom Turnitin, an Oakland, Calif.-based company, provides software designed to detect plagiarism and Al-generated writing, but some universities have rejected that option because of the risk that students will be falsely suspected of cheating. "From our experience, there is a 1% chance that we classify a document as having AIwritten content when it

doesn't," a Turnitin spokesperson says. One approach to combat misuse of the technology is to raise the bar for students, now that they have such a powerful tutor and research aide. "Good is no longer good enough," says Christian Terwiesch, a management professor at the University of Pennsylvania's Wharton School. "It has to be awesome." In evaluating students' work, he says, "my expectations

are up." Teachers also want students to understand the technology's limits. James Hendler, who teaches artificial intelligence at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, tells students to ask ChatGPT to write a two-page essay

about a topic they already know well. Then the students are asked to correct mistakes made by the bot and find references to verify the statements they believe are true

At Washington University in St. Louis, finance professor Mark Leary requires students to evaluate responses ChatGPT gives when asked to solve typical business problems. In one example, a firm had to decide whether to pay for a \$1 million blast furnace early to get a \$50,000 discount. Chat-GPT framed the problem correctly but then mixed up the timing of the firm's cash flows and incorrectly concluded that paying early

sible-sounding answers that turn out to be totally wrong, Leary and



learning sciences and technologies, struggled with writing in English when he arrived in the U.S. last year. He regularly asks ChatGPT to revise his writing and often specifies the type of audience he is addressing. Zambrano says that studying the revisions made by ChatGPT has helped him improve his spoken and written English even when he isn't using the bot. He still wants a human to provide the final editing for his papers.

Pingkun Yan, who teaches a class in analysis of biological images at Rensselaer, used to devote four or five lectures to teaching students how to write Python computer code. Now that students can get much of that knowledge from ChatGPT, he aims to wrap up the Python training in three lectures and move more quickly into analyzing images.

## AI meets C.V.

With or without their teachers' support, students are finding creative ways to use ChatGPT. When Cassandra Harris was

completing her application for editor of the Globe student newspaper at Point Park University in Pittsburgh earlier this year, she felt too exhausted to write a cover letter. So she fed information about her qualifications into ChatGPT. The artificial-intelligence tool wrote her cover letter. Harris deemed the letter "pretty good" but edited it to make the language a bit more personal and human before sending her application to the Office of Student Affairs.

She got the job. Harris later told one of her journalism professors, Andrew Conte, who was on the editor-selection committee. He was

was a good idea.

Because bots can present plau-

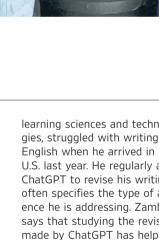
many other teachers make students responsible for checking the accuracy of any AI-derived content in their papers.

## **Boosting the basics**

In some cases, teachers hope that students will use bots to bolster basic skills that would eat up a lot of time. For instance, teachers of math or science typically dislike providing remedial education in basic writing, so, as an alternative, students can ask bots to read their first drafts and suggest improvements. That would leave more time to explore higher-level

ideas. That is what Andres Zambrano does, with approval from his academic adviser at the University of Pennsylvania. Zambrano, a native

of Colombia working on a Ph.D. in  $\exists$ 



shocked: "I felt like I had been duped a little bit." Still, Conte thinks Harris had demonstrated her writing talent in other ways. In his newsgathering and reporting class. Conte tells students

that ChatGPT shouldn't be used as a substitute for their reporting and fact-checking. When an outside speaker was

scheduled to address the class, he asked ChatGPT to produce a profile of the guest. It was full of errors and so proved to be a lesson for students who might be tempted by shortcuts

Students are learning the limits of bots on their own. Thomas Tyndall, a screenwriting major at Point Park University, queried ChatGPT when he was writing a short movie with a scene depicting children pretending to be cowboys. "I asked for things cowboys would say before they shoot each other," he says.

He was disappointed to find the answers predictable and unhelpful. They included a movie cliché: "This town ain't big enough for the both of us."

For now, teachers are searching for the right balance between taking advantage of ChatGPT's virtues and avoiding overreliance. Shannon Juhan, an English teacher at Marist, supports the idea of using bots for brainstorming or help with grammar and clarity. She still wants students to develop their own styles of writing, however. She also wants them to reject some of the writing advice they get from bots: "I tell them you still can be smarter than the computer."

James R. Hagerty, a former staff reporter for The Wall Street Journal, is a writer in Pittsburgh. He can be reached at reports@wsj.com.

veyor belts, require additional space and typically are added in rebuilds or new construction of recycling centers, says Lindeberg of Resource Recycling Systems.

## **Big bets**

Waste Management, the biggest waste manager in the U.S., is betting on AI as part of its goal to boost its recovery of recyclable materials 60% by 2030. Last year, it started investing what will ultimately amount to more than \$1 billion in recycling infrastructure including 40 recycling centers through 2026, with a big portion going to automation and AI.

An automated WM plant today might have four to six people sorting along with the machines, compared with up to 50 employees at a nonautomated facility, says Tara Hemmer, the company's sustainability chief. As one indicator of the effect

of AI machines on WM's opera-

tions, the company says that in recycling centers built around optical sorters, it has captured nearly 40% more polypropylene, commonly found in yogurt cups and butter containers.

WM's automation drive is focused on optical sorters, but robotic arms are also making a difference in the sorting of polypropylene. The Recycling Partnership says it has seen a 259% increase in materials captured after robotics were installed at sites sorting polypropylene

**Republic Services**, the U.S.'s second-biggest waste-and-recycling company, is investing in robots as part of its goal to recycle 40% more key materials by 2030, including cardboard, metal, paper and plastics.

The company plans to have robotics at around 20% of its 74 sorting centers by the end of next year, up from around 10% today, says Pete Keller, vice president of recycling and sustainability. Cutting labor costs can be the main reason to buy robots, depending on the location, but other factors such as how much material is recovered and its quality can play a bigger role, he says.

## New challenges

Still, AI brings its own challenges. Robots require upfront spending and equipment that needs frequent maintenance and upgrades, Eco-Cycle's Jones says. The cost for a single robot typically ranges from about \$150,000 to \$300,000, Lindeberg says. Building or upgrading a recycling center around optical sorters is even more expensive than robots and can require downtime, which some recyclers can't afford. Optical sorting systems cost \$1 million to \$2 million each, Lindeberg says.

Minneapolis-based nonprofit Eureka Recycling opted to lease two robots in 2021 to sort bottles and cans instead of optical sorters because it couldn't afford the downtime installing the optical sorters would require, says Kate Davenport, co-president of Eureka.

She says the robots are covering their costs with the value of materials they recover and have improved over time, but humans are still valuable in recycling facilities because there are still things they can do better. For one, a person can swiftly pull together a flood of plastic bottles coming down a conveyor belt, but robots have to use suction cups to individually pick up each bottle. "We see robots as one tool in the toolbox," she says.

There are also continuing costs for maintenance and repairs. But despite the fact that the recycler's robots can break down for a total of up to two weeks a year, Davenport says, they are still paying off.

Horowitz, the AMP Robotics CEO, says upgrades and maintenance should grow less frequent in the coming years as the robots are fine-tuned. The learning curve is similar to that for robots in other industries, such as car manufacturing, he says.

Meanwhile, Lindeberg sees even broader potential benefits from AI-driven sorters, partly from the machines' ability to record data on the material flowing through recycling centers. For instance, that data is increasingly helping some states learn about the brands in their waste streams, information they can use to create or expand socalled extended producer responsibility programs, which charge companies small fees on their products to fund recycling. Packaging designers can also use the data to help ensure that systems can recognize new materi-

als entering the waste stream. And AI can improve machines' sorting capabilities over time through machine learning, he says. "AI technology's impact on recycling economics has only just begun.

Dieter Holger is a writer in Santa Cruz, Calif. He can be reached at reports@wsj.com.

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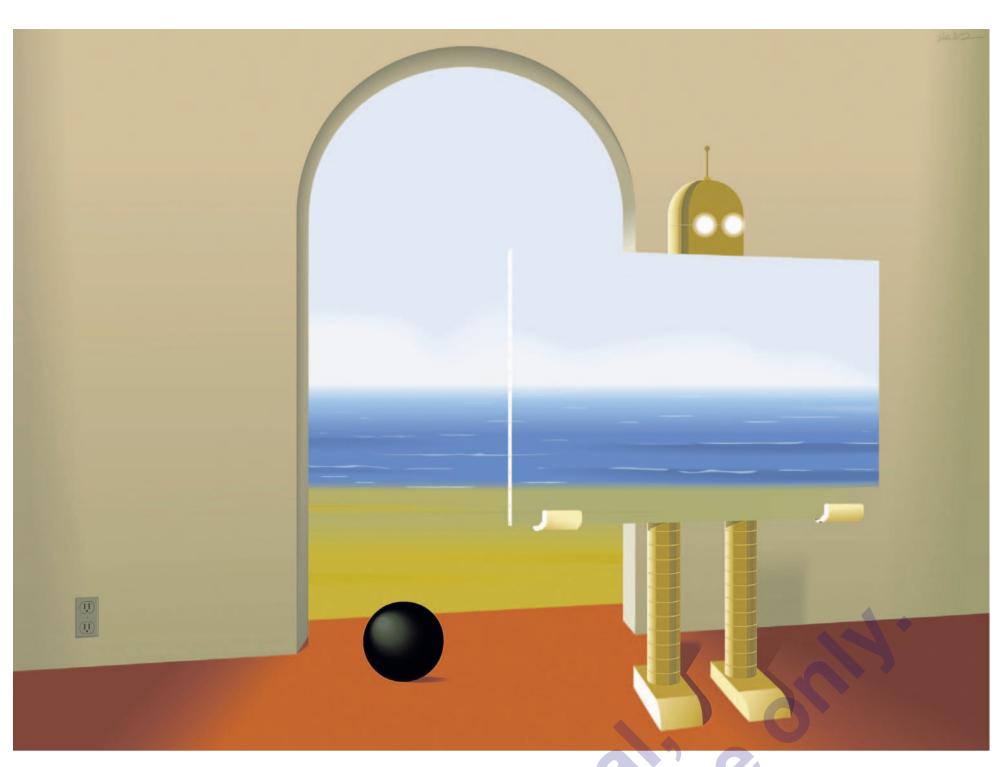
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## JOURNAL REPORT | ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE



## Does It Matter to You if Al Makes a Work Of Art You Love? WSJ Readers Are Divided

New tools amplify the efforts of artists and amateurs. Should this change how we feel about art?

BY DEMETRIA GALLEGOS

OME ARTISTS, musicians and authors have dedicated themselves to years of grueling training. Some are intuitive, self-taught but with a vision they strive to express. And some simply enter keywords into a query field and click "Generate." Artificial intelligence has been used to write scripts, compose music, and create art for years, but lately, it has gotten much better, and user-friendly applications have helped more people experiment with it. The output is increasingly indistinguishable from works created by a human. So how should we feel about such AI-assisted works?

tion or original thought. AI-assisted art is as good as the computer scientists who built it, who may never have created anything artistic in their lives. That's a different part of the brain, I'm afraid. It can't be taught or bought or borrowed or faked. I say this as someone who attended art school, and yet would be hard-pressed to explain or re-create the creative process in any meaningful way that could be duplicated, even by another human. It is a gift. The works that AI would produce are unable to touch the human heart or spirit. It would then become immediately obsolete, serving no purpose to better mankind or reflect human existence or offer anything for viewers to enjoy and connect with. It would all have a thread of sameness, I would imagine. The work would only be for the dead enjoyment of other machines. I don't believe an artificial intelligence can be created to respond emotionally, and reflect upon, the human condition in the world around them. -Laurie Brown-Cross. Wayne, Pa.

grated, usage of it may vary greatly. Someone may use it, for example, to mix a single color on 2% of their work, while someone else uses it to create 90% of the work. So competitions should reflect the level of AI usage in their judgment categories.

-Wendelin Comen, Raleigh, N.C.

## **Separate the Al work** I think art competitions should

ing to express or accomplish with that artwork.

**—Nicola Pohl,** Bloomington, Ind.

## A simple test

If the art moves me, then it doesn't matter who created it or how it was created. Lots of people are moved by a sunset without believing in God.

-Clint Eubanks, Houston

time. AI-generated art doesn't come about spontaneously. It's the result of an art strategist guiding the AI to craft the product. They should both be recognized.

Will it take away from already-struggling artists? Undoubtedly. We may lose great artists that never had a chance. It will also give others that don't have the skills to produce art or possibly new artists an on-ramp into the art world by enabling them to learn and produce at the same time. Will it help some existing artists become more prolific and improve their art? I'm sure it will. There will be many casualties though.

As part of a series of articles looking at ethical questions raised by AI, we posed this question to WSJ readers:

If a painting, song, novel or movie that you love was generated by an AI, would you want to know? Would it change your reaction if you knew the creator was a machine? Should an AIgenerated piece of art be allowed to enter an art competition?

Here are some of their answers.

### We deserve to know

We listen to music from an electronic guitar differently than from a wooden one. We value handmade furniture more than machine-made. We prefer natural pearls to cultured ones because of the imperfections.

Analogously, we should know whether a piece of art was handmade or AI-made, and failure to acknowledge it is as fraudulent as passing a reprint of a painting off as the original.

-Daniel Brand, Kailu, Hawaii

## lt isn't art

Artificial intelligence can't create true art. You can't create talent, vision, a unique style, a unique anything with AI. AI has no emo-

### Al has no soul

I have long argued that the creator of a piece of fiction or poetry is the soul behind the work. While many argue that it is unnecessary to know much about the writer in order to approach the writing, I would disagree.

A current example is Barbara Kingsolver, who shared the Pulitzer Prize in literature for her book "Demon Copperhead." Research could easily have produced the opioid-saturated world of the back hills of Appalachia, but only someone who really loves and knows the area as Kingsolver does could have given authentic voice to her young narrator.

**–Kathryn Hasselblad Pascale,** Green Bay, Wis.

## How much did AI help?

Especially in the near future, as AI becomes even more inte-

have an entirely separate category for AI-generated art. I think it would change my reaction to know the creator was a machine. But my reaction might not be negative, just different. Therefore, I would want to know if it was AI-generated, so I could have an authentic reaction.

> **—Dawn Taggblom,** DeLand, Fla.

### Be transparent

Disclosure is key. Since AI art is trained on human-created pieces it would not surprise me if I would like something that it generates. Much like autocomplete helps with sentence options when typing, this would be similar for media. With the appropriate disclosures, AI art should be allowed in competitions.

**—Jeff Schloemer,** Menlo Park, Calif.

## Unfair competition

No AI creation should be entered into any human competition! The purpose of those is to recognize, encourage and reward human effort. Allowing AI entries introduces obvious unfairness to the contest, as some will have access whilst others will not.

-Jim Sky, Bellevue, Neb.

### It's only a tool

AI is just another tool, just as a sign on a museum exhibit specifies the medium, such as oil paint on wood.

As long as the AI used is specifically cited (e.g. ChatGPT) and such use is allowed in the specific competition, AI-generated art is fine. I do want to know what is generated by AI versus directly by a human. That knowledge changes how I think and feel about what humans are try-

### It's about intent

If I value art as an expression or craft, then I'd want to know if AI was involved in its creation. If what I'm looking at is purely decorative, then I'm ambivalent. *—Dave Christy*, *San Luis Obispo, Calif.* 

### Human work will stand out

I would like to know if an artwork is generated by AI. I think AI origins will become valuable to know and will help us appreciate even more the works coming from humans. In this future environment, both AI and humans can thrive in creating arts.

Human work will certainly stand out, especially if it is good. I have seen some work done by AI and was not very impressed. Perhaps that's due to the tendency of machines to generate products that are polished and packaged well, versus human work, which is more nuanced and at times rough or erroneous, which may offer some margin of creativity, relatability and imagination.

*—Min Cho,* Brea, Calif.

### A creator's view

I have one piece of art in my home office built on AI. It is pretty cool. After I used it myself to create art for a while, I noticed that it has a certain style of its own. I now feel as though I can recognize a piece that has been derived from AI.

**—Bruce A. LaFleur,** Palm Coast, Fla.

## A mixed blessing for artists

I believe there are many nuances to this that will come out over -Mark Aubuchon, Houston

## In praise of AI

Yes, I want to know if AI is involved in creating art. But strictly to be able to praise the leap in technology. To be awed by it. There is currently a lot of manufactured stigma designed to discredit AI to protect the status quo in the publishing and entertainment industries. Studies point to biased attitudes regarding AI-generated works because people view them as too easy to create. But those arguments fall flat when forced to consider the amount of technological prowess that went into creating an AI product that can manufacture great works.

**–Elisa Rae Shupe,** Las Vegas

### Beware AI learning from AI

I value art as an expression of the human experience as well as for my emotional response. In these early days, AI is learning from us all and as such represents our collective best.

But as AI learns from AI, the results may diverge in unexpected ways. There is a risk of art as an emotional trigger of great intensity. The rules required to prevent emotional manipulation need to be established now, as if AI were a hostile entity.

> *—Leslie Bailey,* Santa Rosa, Calif.

Demetria Gallegos is an editor for The Wall Street Journal in New York. Email her at demetria.gallegos@wsj.com.

## JOURNAL REPORT | ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

## **Does Al Pose an Existential Risk to Humanity?** Two Sides Square Off





**BY DAN HENDRYCKS** 

BY ARVIND NARAYANAN AND SAYASH KAPOOR

People have been worrying about computers taking over the world since they used tape reels and punchcards. But for at least some people, the threat now seems much more plausible. • As artificial intelligence advances into new—and sometimes scary—capabilities, there is a growing movement to sound the alarm about the technology. Pessimists argue that Al's creations could lead to catastrophe. • In the other camp are scientists who say such concerns are overblown, and that we should be focusing primarily on how AI is being implemented right now and how it could cause harm in our daily lives, such as tools that help produce potent misinformation. • For insight into the issue, The Wall Street Journal asked experts on each side of the divide to lay out their best argument. Dan Hendrycks, director of the Center for AI Safety, argues that AI is an existential threat that demands urgent action. Arvind Narayanan, a professor of computer science at Princeton University, and Sayash Kapoor, a doctoral candidate at the university, argue the doomsayers are exaggerating the risks, and that humanity has a significant edge over AI.

Al is capable of mass destruction

YES

**he pace** of AI development is accelerating, and so are the associated risks. We already have AI that can create realistic fake images of politicians to influence As a statement issued by 28 of

elections. As a statement issued by 28 of the world's leading economies at the recent U.K. AI Safety Summit put it, AI has the "potential for serious, even catastrophic, harm." In one scenario, AIs could allow noncan result in unpredictable behavior. This opens up the possibility for "rogue AI systems" that we exercise little control over. The unpredictable nature of advanced systems is well-documented in many highprofile incidents involving chatbots. Some

have proven prone to providing unhinged, inappropriate or threatening responses after extended conversations with users, such as encouraging them to leave their spouses. Meanwhile, AI developers are racing to integrate AI systems not only in our personal lives, but also in decision-making by corporations, governments and militaries. There is a significant risk they will acquire unintended goals and engage in harmful

behaviors to pursue these. Optimists often make the argument that teams of Als and humans will always outperform Als acting alone. There may be an interim period in which this is true, but this will not always be the case.

Machines, for example, surpassed the top human chess players decades ago. For a brief period after, there were "cyborg teams" of humans and Als that were able to outperform machines alone. Today, however, humans only get in the way when pitted against modern systems alone. As Als Als will be our most potent creation, a testament to human intelligence but not necessarily wisdom. Nuclear weapons, a product of intelligence, nearly caused catastrophe due to the absence of wisdom. Al development's recklessness and lack of global oversight show that this disparity remains. As Carl Sagan warned, "If we continue to accumulate only power and not wisdom, we will surely destroy ourselves."

Dan Hendrycks is director of the Center for Al Safety. He can be reached at reports@wsj.com.



**ovies** and books have enthralled us with the notion of a rogue AI—a creation that turns on its creator. So, when an AI expert tells us

killer robots are almost here, and it is an us-versus-it situation, we are inclined to believe.

But fears of Al's huge risk rest on a tower of fallacies. One is the idea of rogue Al itself, which is based on flawed concepts from science fiction that don't match how Al is actually being built. A second is incorrectly reframing existing civilizational risks, such as nuclear warfare, cyberattacks or bioweapons, solely as Al risks. And focusing on how future technology can cause harm ignores how the technology can help. We already have the tools and know-how to address Al's risks calmly and collectively.

## The myth of rogue AI

Let's start with the idea of rogue AI. Even an AI with a banal purpose, the argument goes, may accidentally turn rogue. Consider the thought experiment about a socalled paper-clip maximizer: an AI whose goal is to make as many paper clips as possible. The worry is that it will realize that acquiring influence in the world and control over resources will help it achieve that goal. Once it is all-powerful, it might commandeer all of the world's resources. including those needed for humanity's survival, for paper-clip production. Such arguments rest on a simplistic definition of intelligence. They presuppose a machine with unparalleled capabilities, yet completely devoid of common sense. An analogy is a chess-playing bot: It can crush the human world champion but lacks any judgment outside this domain. Yet, to operate autonomously and usefully in the real world requires good judgment and the ability to question goals and subgoals. An AI without common sense, for instance, wouldn't last five minutes without doing something destructive. A human might ask it to get a lightbulb from the store "as quickly as possible," and it would do that by ignoring traffic, norms and laws—and promptly get itself shut down.

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In other words, a refusal to interpret commands literally is a prerequisite for even basic real-world functionality. And the AI would have to operate in the real world for a long time before it acquired anywhere near the level of capability that the paper-clip thought experiment presupposes. It can't be trained on text from the internet and then let loose. That would be like expecting to read a book about biking and then be able to ride a bike.

Apocalyptic AI scenarios also ignore one big fact. AI makes *us* ever more powerful, too. Superhuman chess AI is only possible because chess is an artificial environment where we deprive the human of access to AI or any other technology. The real world isn't like that.

There is no reason to think that AI acting alone—or in defiance of its creators will in the future be more capable than people acting with the help of AI.

## Attackers and defenders

But what about malicious actors who get access to AI, and leverage its power? There are endless ways to misuse AI, so let's dive into one of them: cyberattacks. Could AI in the future be used to hack national-security infrastructure and, say, launch nuclear missiles?

We don't need to speculate. For well over a decade, AI has been superior to humans, even experts, at detecting many types of security vulnerabilities. Automated bug-finding tools give hackers a massive advantage compared with manually examining software code.

And the world hasn't ended. The reason is that defenders have access to the same tools. Researchers and developers extensively test critical software for vulnerabilities before it is deployed. In fact, bug-finding tools are primarily developed not by hackers but by a multibillion-dollar information-security industry, and are funded by governments. Al for finding flaws has improved security, not worsened it.

The same goes for other malicious behavior that poses risks. AI has some uses in almost any area, including warfare and bioterrorism. This has enabled a sleight of hand by those preaching AI doom: They reframe other massive risks as AI risks.

For example, it is true that in the future, AI might help with some of the steps involved in developing pandemiccausing viruses in the lab. But it is *already* feasible to engineer pathogens that could cause pandemics in the lab, and terrorists could look up instructions to make those pathogens on the internet. The problem isn't really about AI, but about bioengineering viruses in the first place.

If anything, apocalyptic thinking will worsen risk by misguiding policy makers about what interventions are actually needed. Putting AI back in a bottle will do nothing about the real problem. As for the possibility of sheer accident? We will need to improve our early-warning systems and our ability to quickly shut down misbehaving AI. But the engineering community has already done this successfully with many other dangerous systems, and can do it with AI. As elsewhere, the defenders won't stand still.

experts to bioengineer pathogens as deadly as Ebola and more contagious than Covid.

As these systems develop further, the risks could escalate beyond our control.

We are not prepared for these risks. For every paper published on AI safety, there are 50 on increasing capabilities. Regulations are nearly nonexistent, let alone international coordination. Rather, developers are pressured to proliferate powerful systems while disregarding risks, which stem from many diverse sources.

## **Malicious actors**

Al is providing groups and individuals with unprecedented abilities. Take bioengineering. A few decades ago, only a handful of scientists had the expertise and technology to synthesize new pathogens. Today, online services allow individuals to have synthetic DNA sequences shipped to their doorstep. And, thanks to Al, people will soon be able to obtain the expertise they need to assemble those ingredients into weapons.

Consider this: MIT researchers recently asked undergraduates to test whether chatbots "could be prompted to assist nonexperts in causing a pandemic." Within one hour, the chatbots came up with four potential pandemic-causing pathogens. Currently, chatbots sometimes hallucinate or generate erroneous plans, but future versions will likely address these issues. Soon, Als could provide a guide to creating pathogens deadlier and more contagious than any Cold War-era germ-warfare program.

This deadly expertise is by no means limited to biological warfare. Als will increase the speed, potency and accessibility of cyberwarfare as well, allowing hackers to easily destroy critical infrastructure.

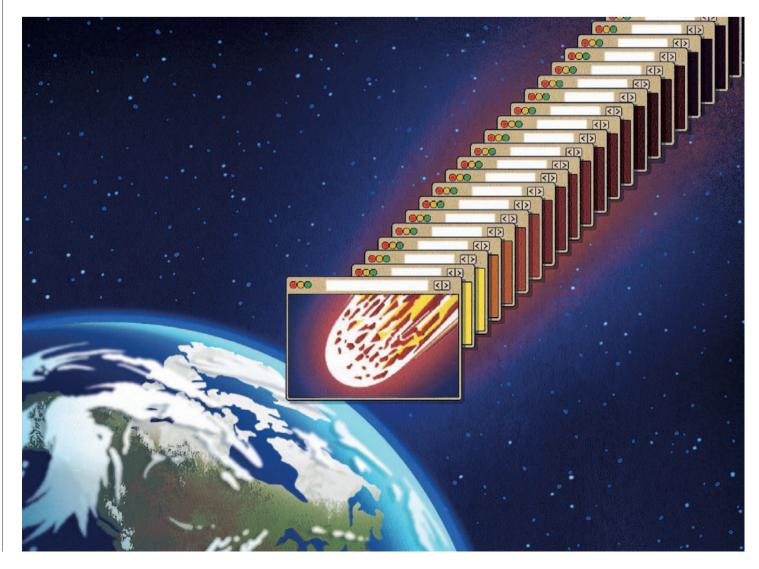
Some might argue that AI will improve pandemic resilience and cybersecurity. However, attackers have an advantage. AI defenders would need to protect against every possible vulnerability—while attackers only need to find and exploit one. And pathogens created by AIs could be so potent that defenses like vaccines would come too late to prevent a large loss of life.

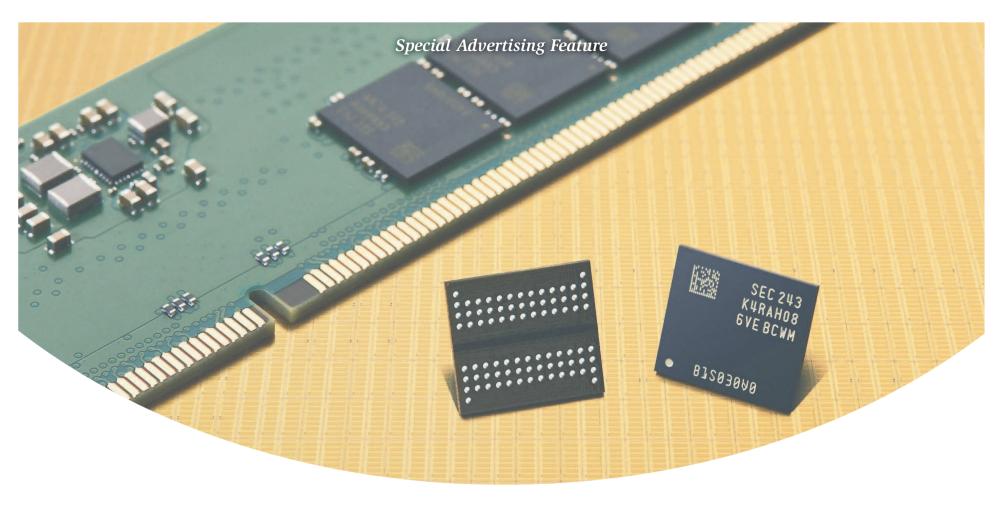
Fundamental technical challenges hinder our ability to predict or control advanced AI. Their reasoning is often indecipherable and become more and more intelligent, we will likely see something similar take place across all domains.

### Wisdom, not just intelligence

The dangers of the technology are widely recognized by industry experts. My nonprofit, the Center for AI Safety, recently released a statement: "Mitigating the risk of extinction from AI should be a global priority alongside other societal-scale risks such as pandemics and nuclear war." It was signed by hundreds of leading AI scientists.

Arvind Narayanan is a professor of computer science at Princeton University, and Sayash Kapoor is a doctoral candidate at the university. They can be reached at reports@wsj.com.





## Behind the Curtain: Innovation and Al

Gone are the days when AI was the preserve of science fiction. The technology is now at play in many aspects of daily life—from TVs to smartphones, home appliances to data storage. What's more, we're at a tipping point in the AI revolution, with recent innovations like ChatGPT capturing the public imagination as never before. Samsung has been an innovator in this space for decades and is committed to ensuring that future AI is safe, secure and user-centric.

As one of the world's leading consumer technology companies, Samsung is well positioned to keep people at the center of the Al conversation and is doing this in a number of ways—from developing intuitive Al interfaces like voice and vision recognition to creating Among-Device Al allowing seamless connection. Since much of this innovation is still taking place behind closed doors, here's a look behind the scenes of this most enigmatic of industries.

## From Big Data to Smart Data

The world now runs on data—it's estimated that annual data production has increased 60-fold since 2010, from 2 zettabytes to 120 zettabytes today. For context, one ZB is enough space to store 250 billion movie files. This exponential growth is taking place across all industries, as even the most hardware-reliant and innovationresistant sectors embrace the Fourth Revolution in technology. is the Compute Express Link (CXL). By using an entirely new memory interface, Samsung's CXL allows the expansion of memory bandwidth and capacity beyond conventional limits without requiring additional servers, leading to reduced cost.

Samsung is also a market leader in highbandwidth memory (HBM), which is a stack of DRAM connected vertically. Building on Samsung's expertise in commercializing the industry's first HBM2 for high-performance computing (HPC) in 2016, the company recently revealed its next-generation HBM3E DRAM named Shinebolt.

## Bigger Brainpower

Partnerships with specialist companies are another pillar of Samsung's approach, applying the same logic of seamless connection and knowledge exchange at an industry level. Nowhere is this more apparent than in the area of microchip manufacturing—the brains of the Al revolution.

One such partnership is with the AI innovator Groq, which specializes in creating processing systems for the most data-intensive of AI operations, such as machine learning (ML) and large language models (LLM). The partnership with Samsung's Foundry Design Service will enable improved throughput, latency, power consumption, hardware footprint and memory capacity in Groq's next-gen silicon. Park, President and Head of System LSI Business at Samsung Electronics. "We are paving the path toward a new era of proactive AI, leveraging our Samsung System LSI Humanoid platform, which seamlessly converges our capabilities across a broad spectrum of logic semiconductors, from powerful computational IPs and connectivity solutions to sensors emulating the five main human senses."

## The Future of Al Innovation

Samsung not only makes products that lead the market today, it is also driving research that will define the market of the future. The company's focus on research and development is best embodied in the Samsung Advanced Institute of Technology (SAIT), which focuses on how to apply AI to the semiconductor business.

"We believe Al-enhanced next-generation semiconductor technology will play a pivotal role in innovating semiconductor products and will drive its digital transformation," says Changkyu Choi, Executive Vice President and Head of Al Research Center at SAIT. "It will also revolutionize the way of working in the manufacturing and development of chips as well as business management."

This vision for the future of AI is being pursued on a number of levels, represented by the different

Big data doesn't necessarily equate to smart data, however, and the challenge now is how to store and process such vast quantities of information. Samsung has been a pioneer in the server storage and memory market since 1983, with a 500,000-fold increase in dynamic randomaccess memory (DRAM) capacity manufactured by the company during that time.

Earlier this year, Samsung unveiled the industry's highest-capacity 12-nanometer class 32-gigabit DDR5 DRAM, which will enable modules of up to 1 terabyte. A few months prior to this, Samsung also announced its 16-gigabit DDR5 DRAM which, compared with the previous generation of technology, reduces power consumption by up to 23% while enhancing wafer productivity by up to 20%—helping businesses address their sustainability targets while expanding productivity.

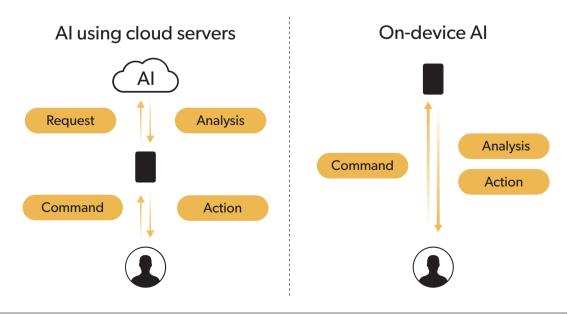
## Future-Proofing Al Memory

Samsung's work over the past 40 years has helped shape the memory and storage sector as we know it, and the company's focus continues to be on future-proofing the next generation of Al-empowered businesses. Perhaps counterintuitively for such a digitally innovative market, one of the major challenges that needs to be overcome here is physical infrastructure.

Conventional memory architecture has physical limits, created from "stacked" centralprocessing units, or CPUs. Connecting these stacks creates minuscule timelags, or latencies, which when multiplied can create major blockages in processing. The next generation of memory technology therefore seeks to seamlessly interconnect these units, and Samsung's pioneering solution to this challenge Also in the logic chip space, Samsung's System LSI Business is improving smartphone users' AI experience with the Exynos mobile processor—delivering the crucial on-device processing that removes latencies. Based on an innovative neural processing unit optimized for deep learning, it can process data similarly to the human neural network, leading to unprecedented improvements in tasks, from camera quality to voice services. Samsung's recently unveiled next-gen Exynos processor features a remarkable 14.7x boost in AI performance over its predecessor.

"Generative AI has quickly emerged as perhaps the most significant trend of the year, demanding more powerful foundational technologies to process data and bring AI to life," says Yong-In laboratories within SAIT, such as the AI Research Center (overall AI-focused research) in South Korea and SAIT AI Lab Montreal (pioneering next-generation AI algorithms) in Canada. SAIT's Global Research Outreach Program is an important academic research collaboration platform where U.S. universities and other world-class educational organizations have been invited annually since 2009 to propose novel research ideas and to work with SAIT R&D teams to foster technological innovation.

By taking a many-layered approach to Al innovation, Samsung aims to ensure that the future of Al is built on firm foundations. The company already applies Al to every aspect of its own digital transformation and will continue to expand its use. The cornerstone of Samsung's Al ethos is keeping innovation human-centric, building on its deep consumer expertise to ensure Al remains accessible, safe and secure for all.



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